







THE

EXPEDITION

OF

HUMPHRY CLINKER.

VOL. II.

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EXPEDITION

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HUMPHRY CLINKER.

By the AUTHOR of RODERICK RANDOM.

IN THREE VOLUMES. VOL. II.

Furcifer? ad te, inquam Hor.

THE THIRD EDITION.

LONDON,

Printed for T. LONGMAN, and G. ROBINSON, Paternofter Row.





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To DR. LEWIS.

DEAR LEWIS,

Y OUR fable of the monkey and the pig, is what the Italians call ben provata: but I fhall not repeat it to my apothecary, who is a proud Scotchman, very thin fkinned, and for aught I know, may have his degree in his pocket—A right Scotchman has always two ftrings to his bow, and is in utrumque paratus—Certain it is, I have not 'scaped a scouring; but, I believe, by means of that Vol. II.

feouring, I have 'feaped fomething worfe, perhaps a tedious fit of the gout or rheumatim; for my appetite began to flagg, and I had certain croakings in the bowels, which boded me no good—Nay, I am not yet quite free of these remembrances, which warn me to be gone from this

centre of infection-

What temptation can a man of my turn and temperament have, to live in a place where every corner teems with fresh objects of deteftation and difgust? What kind of tafte and organs must those people have, who really prefer the adulterate enjoyments of the town to the genuine pleasures of a country retreat? Most people, I know, are originally feduced by vanity, ambition, and childifh curiofity which cannot be gratified, but in the bufy baunts of men: but, in the courfe of this gratification, their very organs of fense are perverted, and they become habitually loft to every relish of what is genuine and excellent in its own nature.

Shall I flate the difference between my town grievances, and my country comports? at Brambleton-hall, I have el-bow-room within doors, and breathe a clear, claffic, falutary air——I enjoy refreshing

freshing sleep, which is never disturbed by horrid noise, nor interrupted, but in a morning by the sweet twitter of the martlet at my window—I drink the virgin lymph, pure and cryftaline as it gushes from the rock, or the sparkling beveridge home-brewed from malt of my own making; or I indulge with cyder, which my own orchard affords; or with claret of the best growth, imported for my own use, by a correspondent on whose integrity I can depend; my bread is fweet and nourishing, made from my own wheat, ground in my own mill, and baked in my own oven; my table is, in a great measure, furnished from my own ground; my five year old mutton, fed on the fragrant herbage of the mountains, that might vie with venison in juice and flavour; my delicious veal, fattened with nothing but the mother's milk, that fills the dish with gravy; my poultry from the barn-door, that never knew confinement, but when they were at rooft; my rabbits panting from the warren; my game fresh from the moors; my trout and falmon struggling from the stream; oysters from their native banks; and herrings, with other fea-fish, I can eat in four hours after they are taken-My fallede,

roots, and pot-herds, my own garden yields in plenty and perfection; the produce of the natural foil, prepared by moderate cultivation. The fame foil affords all the different fruits which England may call her own, fo that my defert is every day fresh-gathered from the tree; my dairy flows with nectarous tides of milk and cream, from whence we derive abundance of excellent butter, curds, and cheese; and the refuse fattens my pigs, that are destined for hams and bacon-I go to bed betimes, and rife with the fun -I make shift to pass the hours without weariness or regret, and am not destitute of amusements within doors, when the weather will not permit me to go abroad -I read, and chat, and play at billiards, cards or back-gammon-Without doors, I fuperintend my farm, and execute plans of improvement, the effects of which I enjoy with unspeakable delight-Nor do I take less pleasure in feeing my tenants thrive under my auspices, and the poor live comfortably by the employment which I provide You know I have one or two fenfible friends, to whom I can open all my heart; a bleffing which, perhaps, I might have fought in vain among the crouded scenes of life: there are a

ew

few others of more humble parts, whom I efteem for their integrity; and their converfation I find inoffensive, though not very entertaining. Finally, I live in the midft of honest men, and trusty dependants, who, I flatter myself, have a difinterested attachment to my person—You, yourself, my dear doctor, can vouch for the truth of these affertions.

Now mark the contrast at London-I am pent up in frowzy lodgings, where there is not room enough to swing a cat; and I breathe the steams of endless putrefaction; and these would, undoubtedly. produce a pestilence, if they were not qualified by the gross acid of sea-coal, which is itself a pernicious nuisance to lungs of any delicacy of texture: but even this boafted corrector cannot prevent those languid, fallow looks, that diftinguish the inhabitants of London from those ruddy swains that lead a country life-I go to bed after mid-night, jaded and reftless from the diffipations of the day-I fart every hour from my fleep, at the horrid noise of the watchmen bawling the hour through every ftreet, and thundering at every door; a fet of useless fellows, who serve no other

purpose but that of disturbing the repose of the inhabitants; and by five o'clock I flart out of bed, in consequence of the still more dreadful alarm made by the country carts, and noify ruflicks bellowing green pease under my window. If I would drink water, I must quaff the maukish contents of an open aqueduct. exposed to all manner of defilement; or fwallow that which comes from the river Thames, impregnated with all the filth of London and Westminster-Human excrement is the least offensive part of the concrete, which is composed of all the drugs, minerals, and poisons, used in mechanics and manufacture, enriched with the putrefying carcases of beafts and men; and mixed with the fcourings of all the wash-tubs, kennels, and common

fewers, within the bills of mortality.

This is the agreeable potation, extrolled by the Londoners, as the finest water in the universe—As to the intoxicating potion, fold for wine, it is a vile, unpalatable, and pernicious sophistication, balderdashed with cyder, corn-spirit, and the juice of sloes. In an action at law, laid against a carman for having staved a cask of port, it appeared from the evidence of the cooper, that there were not above

above five gallons of real wine in the whole pipe, which held above a hundred, and even that had been brewed and adulterated by the merchant at Oporto. The bread I eat in London, is a deleterious paste, mixed up with chalk, alum, and bone-ashes; infipid to the taste, and deflructive to the conftitution. The good people are not ignorant of this adulteration; but they prefer it to wholfome bread, because it is whiter than the meal of corn: thus they facrifice their tafte and their health, and the lives of their tender infants, to a most absurd gratification of a mif-judging-eye; and the miller, or the baker, is obliged to poison them and their families, in order to live by his profession. The same monstrous depravity appears in their veal, which is bleached by repeated bleedings, and other villainous arts, till there is not a drop of juice left in the body, and the poor animal is paralytic before it dies; fo void of all tafte, nourishment, and savour, that a man might dine as comfortably on a white fricasee of kid-skin gloves, or chip hats from Leghorn.

As they have discharged the natural colour from their bread, their butchersmeat and poultry, their cutlets, ragouts, B 4 fri-

fricafees, and fauces of all kinds; to they infift upon having the complexion of their pot herbs mended, even at the hazard of their lives. Perhaps, you will hardly believe they can be fo mad as to boil their greens with brass half-pence, in order to improve their colour; and yet nothing is more true-Indeed, without this improvement in the colour, they have no personal merit. They are produced in an artificial foil, and tafte of nothing but the dunghills, from whence they fpring. My cabbage, cauliflower, and 'sparagus in the country, are as much superior in flavour to those that are fold in Coventgarden, as my heath mutton is to that of St. James's market; which, in fact, is neither lamb nor mutton, but fomething betwixt the two, gorged in the rank fens of Lincoln and Effex, pale, coarfe, and frowzy-As for the pork, it is an abominable carnivorous animal, fed with horseflesh and distillers grains; and the poultry is all rotten, in consequence of a fever, occasioned by the infamous practice of fewing up the gut, that they may be the fooner fattened in coops, in confequence of this cruel retention.

Of the fish, I need say nothing in this hot weather, but that it comes sixty, se-

venty.

venty, fourfcore, and a hundred miles by land-carriage; a circumstance sufficient, without any comment, to turn a-Dutchman's stomach, even if his nose was not faluted in every alley with the fweet flavour of fresh mackarel, felling by retail-This is not the feafon for ovfters: nevertheless, it may not be amiss to mention, that the right Colchester are kept in flime-pits, occasionally overflowed by the fea; and that the green colour, fo much admired by the voluptuaries of this metropolis, is occasioned by the vitriolic fcum, which rifes on the furface of the stagnant and stinking water-Our rabbits are bred and fed in the poulterer's cellar, where they have neither air nor exercife, confequently they must be firm in flesh, and delicious in flavour; and there is no game to be had for love or

It must be owned that Covent-garden affords some good fruit; which, however, is always engrossed by a few individuals of overgrown fortune, at an exorbitant price; so that little else than the refuse of the market falls to the share of the community; and that is distributed by such filthy hands, as I cannot look at without loathing. It was but yesterday

money.

that I faw a dirty barrow-bunter in the ftreet, cleaning her dufty fruit with her own spittle; and, who knows but some fine lady of St. James's parish might admit into her delicate mouth those very cherries, which had been rolled and moistened between the filthy, and, perhaps, ulcerated chops of a St. Giles's huckster-I need not dwell upon the pallid, contaminated mash, which they call strawberries; foiled and toffed by greafy paws through twenty baskets crusted with dirt; and then presented with the worst milk, thickened with the worst flower, into a bad likeness of cream: but the milk itself should not pass unanalysed, the produce of faded cabbage-leaves and four draff, lowered with hot water, frothed with bruifed fnails, carried through the streets in open pails, exposed to foul rinfings, discharged from doors and windows, spittle, fnot, and tobacco-quids from foot paffengers, over-flowings from mud-carts, fpatterings from coach-wheels. dirt and trash chucked into it by roguish boys for the joke's-fake, the spewings of infants, who have flabbered in the tinmeasure, which is thrown back in that condition among the milk, for the benefit of the next customer; and, finally,

the vermin that drops from the rags of the nafty drab that vends this precious mixture, under the respectable denomi-

nation of milk-maid.

I shall conclude this catalogue of London dainties, with that table-beer, guiltless of hops and malt, vapid and naufeous: much fitter to facilitate the operation of a vomit, than to quench thirst and promote digestion; the tallowey rancid mass called butter, manufactured with candle-greafe and kitchen-fluff, and their fresh eggs, imported from France and Scotland-Now, all these enormities might be remedied with a very little attention to the article of police, or civil regulation; but the wife patriots of London have taken it into their heads, that all regulation is inconfistent with liberty; and that every man ought to live in his own way, without refraint-Nay, as there is not fense enough left among them to be discomposed by the nuisances I have mentioned, they may, for aught I care, wallow in the mire of their own pollution.

A companionable man will, undoubtedly, put up with many inconveniencies for the fake of enjoying agreeable fociety. A facetious friend of mine used to say, the wine could not be bad where the

company was agreeable; a maxim which, however, ought to be taken cum grano falis; but what is the fociety of London, that I should be tempted, for its fake, to mortify my fenfes, and compound with fuch uncleanness as my foul abhors? All the people I fee, are too much engroffed by schemes of interest or ambition, to have any rooom left for fentiment or friendship-Even in some of my old acquaintance, those schemes and pursuits have obliterated all traces of our former connexion-Conversation is reduced to party-disputes, and illiberal altereation-Social commerce, to formal vifits and card-playing-If you pick up a diverting original by accident, it may be dangerous to amuse yourself with his oddities-He is generally a tartar at bottom; a sharper, a fpy, or a lunatic. Every person you deal with endeavours to over-reach you in the way of bufiness; you are preyed upon by idle mendicants, who beg in the phrase of borrowing, and live upon the spoils of the stranger-Your tradesimen are without conscience, your friends without affection, and your dependants without fidelity .-

My letter would fwell into a treatife, were I to particularize every cause of offence that fills up the measure of my

aver-

aversion to this, and every other crouded city-Thank Heaven! I am not fo far fucked into the vortex, but that I can disengage myself without any great effort of philosophy-From this wild uproar of knavery, folly, and impertinence, I shall fly with double relish to the ferenity of retirement, the cordial effusions of unreferved friendship, the hospitality and protection of the rural gods; in a word, the jucunda oblivia vita, which Horace himfelf had not tafte enough to enjoy.

I have agreed for a good travellingcoach and four, at a guinea a-day, for three months certain; and next week we intend to begin our journey to the North, hoping still to be with you by the latter end of October-I shall continue to write from every flage where we make any confiderable halt, as often as any thing occurs, which I think can afford you the least amusement. In the mean time, I must beg you will superintend the occonomy of Barns, with respect to my hay and corn harvests; affored that my ground produces nothing but what you may freely call your own -- On any other terms I should be ashamed to subfcribe myfelf

your unvariable friend,

London, June 8. MATT. BRAMBLE.

To Sir WATKIN PHILLIPS, Bart. of Jesus college, Oxon.

DEAR PHILLIPS,

IN my last, I mentioned my having fpent an evening with a fociety of authors, who feemed to be jealous and afraid of one another. My uncle was not at all furprifed to hear me fay I was disappointed in their conversation. "A man may " be very entertaining and instructive " upon paper (faid he), and exceedingly " dull in common discourse. I have ob-" ferved, that those who shine most in 66 private company, are but fecondary " ftars in the confiellation of genius - A 66 fmall flock of ideas is more eafily ma-" naged and fooner difplayed, than a " great quantity crowded together. There " is very feldom any thing extraordinary " in the appearance and address of a good " writer; whereas a dull author generally " distinguishes himself by some oddity or " extravagance. For this reason, I fancy, cc that

" an affembly of Grubs must be very di-

" verting."

My curiofity being excited by this hint, I confulted my friend Dick Ivy, who undertook to gratify it the very next day, which was Sunday last .- He carried me to dine with S ____, whom you and I have long known by his writings .- He lives in the skirts of the town, and every Sunday his house is open to all unfortunate brothers of the quill, whom he treats with beef, pudding, and potatoes, port, punch, and Calvert's entire butt beer .- He has fixed upon the first day of the week for the exercise of his hospitality, because fome of his guests could not enjoy it on any other, for reasons that I need not explain. I was civilly received in a plain, yet decent habitation, which opened backwards into a very pleafant garden, kept in excellent order; and, indeed, I faw none of the outward figns of authorship, either in the house or the landlord, who is one of those few writers of the age that stand upon their own foundation, without patronage, and above dependence. If there was nothing characteristic in the entertainer, the company made ample amends for his want of fingularity. At

At two in the afternoon, I found myfelf one of ten mess-mates seated at table; and I question if the whole kingdom could produce fuch another affemblage of originals. Among their peculiarities, I do not mention those of dress, which may be purely accidental. What firuck me were oddities originally produced by affectation, and afterwards confirmed by habit. One of them wore spectacles at dinner, and another, his hat flapped; though (as Ivy told me) the first was noted for having a feaman's eye, when a bailiff was in the wind; and the other was never known to labour under any weakness or defect of vision, except about five years ago, when he was complimented with a couple of black eyes by a player, with whom he had quarrelled in his drink. A third wore a laced flocking, and made use of crutches, because, once in his life, he had been laid up with a broken leg, though no man could leap over a flick with more agility. A fourth had contracted fuch an antipathy to the country, that he infifted upon fitting with his back towards the window that looked into the garden, and when a dish of cauliflower was fet upon the table, he snuffed up volatile

latile falts to keep him from fainting; yet, this delicate person was the son of a cottager, born under a hedge, and had many years run wild among affes on a common. A fifth affected distraction-When spoke to, he always answered from the purpose-Sometimes he suddenly started up, and rapped out a dreadful oathfometimes he burft out a laughing-then he folded his arms, and fighed-and then

he hiffed like fifty ferpents.

At first, I really thought he was mad, and, as he fat near me, began to be under some apprehensions for my own fafety, when our landlord, perceiving me alarmed, affured me aloud that I had nothing to fear. "The gentleman (faid he) is " trying to act a part, for which he is by " no means qualified—if he had all the inclination in the world, it is not in his " power to be mad. His spirits are too " flat to be kindled into frenzy." "'Tis " no bad p-p-puff, how-ow-ever (observ-" ed a person in a tarnished laced coat): " aff-ffected m-madness w-will p-pass for " w-wit w-with nine-ninet-teen out of "t-twenty." "And affected stuttering " for humour; replied our landlord, tho, "God knows, there is no affinity betwixt "them." It feems, this wag, after having

ing made fome abortive attempts in plain fpeaking, had recourfe to this defect, by means of which he frequently extorted the laugh of the company, without the leaft expence of genius: and that imperfection, which he had at first counterfeited, was now become fo habitual, that

he could not lay it afide.

A certain winking genius, who wore yellow gloves at dinner, had, on his first introduction, taken fuch offence at Sbecause he looked and talked, and ate and drank like any other man, that he spoke contemptuously of his understanding ever after, and never would repeat his vifit, until he had exhibited the following proof of his caprice. Wat Wyvil, the poet, having made fome unfuccefsful advances towards an intimacy with S---, at last gave him to understand, by a third person, that he had written a poem in his praise, and a satire against his person; that if he would admit him to his house, the first should be immediately sent to press; but that if he perfisted in declining his friendship, he would publish the fatire without delay. S ___ replied, that he looked upon Wyvil's panygyric, as in effect, a species of infamy, and would refent it accordingly with a good cudgel;

cudgel; but if he published the fatire, he might deferve his compassion, and had nothing to fear from his revenge. Wyvil having considered the alternative, refolved to mortify S—by printing the panegyric, for which he received a found drubbing. Then he swore the peace against the aggressor, who, in order to avoid a prosecution at law, admitted him to his good graces. It was the fingularity in S—'s conduct on this occasion, that reconcied him to the yellow-gloved philosopher, who owned he had some genius, and from that period cultivated his acquaintance.

Curious to know upon what subjects the feveral talents of my fellow-guefts were employed, I applied to my communicative friend, Dick Ivy, who gave me to understand, that most of them were, or had been, understrappers, or journeymen, to more creditable authors, for whom they translated, collated, and compiled, in the bufiness of book-making; and that all of them had at different times, laboured in the fervice of our landlord, though they had now fet up for themfelves in various departments of literature. Not only their talents, but also their nations and dialects were fo various, that our

The most learned philosopher of the whole collection, who had been expelled the university for atheline, has made great progress in refutation of lord Bolingbroke's metaphysical works, which is said to be equally ingenious and orthodox; but, in the mean time, he has been prefented to the grand jury as a public nuifance, for having blasphemed in an ale-house on the Lord's day. The Scotch-

man

man gives lectures on the pronunciation of the English language, which he is now

publishing by subscription.

The Irishman is a political writer, and goes by the name of my Lord Potatoe. He wrote a pamphlet in vindication of a minister, hoping his zeal would be rewarded with fome place or penfion; but finding himself neglected in that quarter, he whispered about, that the pamphlet was written by the minister himself, and he published an answer to his own production. In this he addressed the author under the title of your lord/hip with fuch folemnity, that the public swallowed the deceit, and bought up the whole impreffion. The wife politicians of the metropolis declared they were both mafterly performances, and chuckled over the flimfy reveries of an ignorant garretteer, as the profound speculations of a veteran statesman, acquainted with all the secrets of the cabinet. The imposture was detected in the fequel, and our Hibernian pamphleteer retains no part of his affumed importance, but the bare title of my lord, and the upper part of the table at the potatoe-ordinary in Shoe-lane.

Opposite to me sat a Piedmontese, who had obliged the public with a humorous

fatire.

fatire, intituled, The Balance of the English Poets, a performance which evinced the great modefly and tafte of the author. and, in particular, his intimacy with the elegancies of the English language. The fage, who laboured under the apportofia. or borror of green fields, had just finished a treatife on practical agriculture, though, in fact, he had never feen corn growing in his life, and was fo ignorant of grain, that our entertainer, in the face of the whole company, made him own, that a plate of hominy was the best rice pudding he had ever eat.

The stutterer had almost finished his travels through Europe and part of Afia, without ever budging beyond the liberties of the King's Bench, except in term-time, with a tip-staff for his companion; and as for little Tim Cropdale, the most facetious member of the whole fociety, he had happily wound up the catastrophe of a virgin tragedy, from the exhibition of which he promised himself a large fund of profit and reputation. Tim had made shift to live many years by writing novels, at the rate of five pounds a volume; but that branch of bufiness is now engroffed by female authors, who publish merely for the propagation of virtue, with fo

much eafe, and spirit, and delicacy, and knowledge of the human heart, and all in the serene tranquility of high life, that the reader is not only inchanted by their genius, but reformed by their morality.

After dinner, we adjourned into the garden, where, I observed Mr. S____ gave a fhort separate audience to every individual in a finall remote filbert-walk, from whence most of them dropt off one after another, without farther ceremony; but they were replaced by fresh recruits of the fame clan, who came to make an afternoon's vifit; and, amongother's, a fpruce bookfeller, called Birkin, who rode his own gelding, and made his appearance in a pair of new jemmy boots, with maffy spurs of plate. It was not without reason, that this midwife of the Muses used exercise a-horseback, for he was too fat to walk a-foot, and he underwent fome farcasins from Tim Cropdale, on his unweildy fize and inaptitude for motion. Birkin, who took umbrage at this poor author's petulance in prefuming to joke upon a man fo much richer than himfelf, told him, he was not fo unweildy but that he could move the Marshalfea court for a writ, and even overtake him with it, if he did not very speedily

come and fettle accounts with him, refpecting the expence of publishing his last Ode to the King of Pruffia, of which he had fold but three, and one of them was to Whitefield the methodift. Tim affected to receive this intimation with good humour, faying, he expected in a post or two from Potidam, a poem of thanks from his Pruffian majesty, who knew very well how to pay poets in their own coin; but, in the mean time, he proposed, that Mr. Birkin and he should run three times round the garden for a bowl of punch, to be drank at Ashley's in the evening, and he would run boots against stockings. The bookfeller, who valued himfelf upon his mettle, was perfuaded to accept the challenge, and he forthwith refigned his boots to Cropdale, who, when he had put them on, was no bad representation of captain Piftol in the play.

Every thing being adjusted, they started together, with great impetuosity, and, in the second round, Birkin had clearly the advantage, larding the lean earth as be passed along. Cropdale had no mind to contest the victory farther; but, in a twinkling disappeared through the backdoor of the garden, which opened into a private lane, that had communication with

with the high road .- The fpectators immediately began to hollow, "Stole away!" and Birkin fet off in pursuit of him with great eagerness; but he had not advanced twenty yards in the lane, when a thorn running into his foot, fent him hopping back into the garden, roaring with pain, and fwearing with vexation. When he was delivered from this annovance by the Scotchman, who had been bred to furgery, he looked about him wildly, exclaiming, " Sure, the fellow won't be fuch a " rogue as to run clear away with my " boots !" Our landlord having reconnoitered the shoes he had left, which, indeed hardly deserved that name, " Prav. " (faid he) Mr. Birkin, wa'n't your boots " made of calf-skin?" " Calf-skin or " cow-skin (replied the other), I'll find a " flip of sheep-skin that will do his busi-" ness-I lost twenty pounds by his farce, " which you perfuaded me to buy- I am " out of pocket five pounds by his damn'd " ode; and now this pair of boots, bran " new, cost me thirty shillings, as per re-" ceipt .- But this affair of the boots is " felony-transportation .- I'll have the " dog indicted at the Old Bailey-I will, " Mr. S I will be reveng'd, even VOL. II. " though

"though I should lose my debt in confequence of his conviction."

Mr. S faid nothing at prefent, but accommodated him with a pair of shoes; then ordered his fervant to rub him down, and comfort him with a glass of rumpunch, which feemed, in a great meafu.e, to cool the rage of his indignation. "Afster all (faid our landlord), this is no " more than a bumbug in the way of wit, sthough it deserves a more respectable " epithet, when confidered as an effort of " invention. Tim, being (I suppose) out of credit with the cordwainer, fell upon "this ingenious expedient to supply the " want of shoes, knowing that Mr. Bir-46 kin, who loves humour, would him-" felf relish the joke upon a little recol-" lection. Cropdale literally lives by his wit, which he has exercised upon all his " friends in their turns. He once bor-" rowed my poney for five or fix days to " go to Salifbury, and fold him in Smith-" field at his return. This was a joke of " fuch a ferious nature, that, in the first " transports of my passion, I had some thoughts of profecuting him for horfe-" ftealing; and even when my refent-" ment had in some measure subsided, as

he industriously avoided me, I vowed, I " would take fatisfaction on his ribs, with se the first opportunity. One day, feeing " him at fome diftance in the street, coming of towards me, I began to prepare my cane " for action, and walked in the shadow of a " porter that he might not perceive me " foon enough to make his escape; but, " in the very inftant I had lifted up the " instrument of correction, I found Tim " Cropdale metamorphofed into a mifer-" able blind wretch feeling his way with a " long flick from post to post, and roll-"ing about two bald unlighted orbs in-" flead of eyes. I was exceedingly shocked at having fo narrowly escaped the con-" cern and difgrace that would have at-" tended fuch a misapplication of ven-" geance : but, next day, Tim prevailed " upon a friend of mine to come and fol-" licit my forgiveness, and offer his note, " payable in fix weeks, for the price of "the poney .- This gentleman gave me " to understand, that the blind man was " no other than Cropdale, who having " feen me advancing, and gueffing my intent, had immediately converted him-" felf into the object aforefaid .- I was fo "diverted at the ingenuity of the evafion, that I agreed to pardon his offence, reee fufinge

fufing his note, however, that I might ** keep a profecution for felony hanging " over his head, as a fecurity for his fu-"ture good behaviour-But Timothy " would by no means trust himself in my " hands till the note was accepted-then he made his appearance at my door as " a blind beggar, and imposed in such a " manner upon my man, who had been " his old acquintance and pot-compa-" nion, that the fellow threw the door in " his face, and even threatened to give " him the bastinado. Hearing a noise in the hall, I went thither, and imme-" diately recollecting the figure I had or paffed in the ffreet, accosted him by " his own name, to the unspeakable " aftonishment of the footman."

Birkin declared he loved a joke as well as another; but afked if any of the company could tell where Mr. Goodale lodged, that he might fend him a proposal about reflitution, before the boots should be made away with. "I would "willingly give him a pair of new shoes, (faid he) and half a guinea into the bargain, for the boots, which stred me "like a glove; and I shan't be able to get the fellow of them till the good weather for riding is over." The stur-

rering wit declared, that the only fecret which Cropdale ever kept, was the place of his lodgings; but he believed, that, during the heats of fummer, he commonly took his repose upon a bulk, or indulged himfelf, in fresco, with one of the kennel-nymphs, under the portico of St. Martin's church. "Pox on him; (cried " the bookfeller) he might as well have " taken my whip and fours-In that cafe, " he might have been tempted to fteal " another horfe, and then he would have " rid to the devil of courfe."

Afrer coffee, I took my leave of Mr. S-, with proper acknowledgments of his civility, and was extremely well pleased with the entertainment of the day, though not yet fatisfied, with respect to the nature of this connexion, betwixt a man of character in the literary world, and a parcel of authorlings, who, in all probability, would never be able to acquire any degree of reputation by their labours? On this head I interrogated my conductor; Dick Ivy, who answered me to this effect-" One would imagine S- had fome view " to his own interest, in giving countenance and affistance to those people, whom he "knows to be bad men, as well as bad

[&]quot; writers; but, if he has any fuch view;

" he will find himfelf disappointed; for " if he is so vain as to imagine he can " make them fubservient to his schemes of profit or ambition, they are cun-" ning enough to make him their proper-66 ty in the mean time. There is not one " of the company you have feen to-day (myself excepted) who does not owe "him particular obligations.-One of " them he bailed out of a fpunging-house, " and afterwards paid the debt-another " he translated into his family, and cloth-" ed, when he was turned out half-naked " from jail, in consequence of an act for " the relief of infolvent debtors-a third, or who was reduced to a woollen night-" cap, and lived upon sheeps trotters, up " three pair of stairs backward in But-" cher-row, he took into present pay and " free quarters, and enabled him to ap-" pear as a gentleman, without having "the fear of sheriff's officers before his " eyes. Those who are in distress he " fupplies with money when he has it, ss and with his credit, when he is out of " cash. When they want business, he " either finds employment for them in his " own fervice, or recommends them to " bookfellers to execute fome project he " has formed for their subfistence.

er are always welcome to his table (which, " though plain, is plentiful), and to his " good offices as far as they will go; and when they fee occasion, they make use of his name with the most petulant fa-" miliarity; nay, they do not even foruple to arrogate to themselves the merit of " fome of his performances, and have been 44 known to fell their own lucubrations as " the produce of his brain. The Scotch-" man you faw at dinner once personated " him at an alehouse in West-Smithfield, st and, in the character of S_, had s his head broke by a cow-keeper, for " having fpoke difrespectfully of the "Christian religion; but he took the " law of him in his own person, and the " affailant was fain to give him ten " pounds to withdraw his action."

I observed, that all this appearance of liberality on the side of Mr. S—— was cassily accounted for, on the suppostion that they flattered him in private, and engaged his adversaries in public; and yet I was attonished, when I recollected that I had often seen this writer virulently abused in papers, poems, and pamphlets, and not a pen was drawn in his defence—" But "you will be more attonished (said he) "when I assure you, those very guests C 4. "whom

whom you faw at his table to-day, were " the authors of great part of that abuse; " and he himfelf is well aware of their " particular favours, for they are all eager to detect and betray one an-"ther."-" But this is doing the devil's " work for nothing (cried I). What " should induce them to revile their bene-" factor without provocation?" " Envy " (answered Dick) is the general incite-" ment; but they are galled by an addi-"tional fcourge of provocation. S--" directs a literary journal, in which their " productions are necessarily brought to " trial; and though many of them have " been treated with fuch lenity and fa-" your as they little deferved, yet the "flightest confure such as, perhaps," " could not be avoided with any preten-" fions to candour and impartiality, has " rankled in the hearts of those authors " to fuch a degree, that they have taken " immediate vengeance on the critic in " annonymous libels, letters, and lam-" poons. Indeed all the writers of the " age, good, bad, and indifferent, from " the moment he affumed this office, " became his enemies, either profest-" ed or in petro, except those of his " friends who knew they had nothing to 66 fear

"fear from his strictures; and he must be a wifer man than me, who can tell what advantage or fatisfaction he derives from having brought such a nest of

" hornets about his ears."

I owned, that was a point which might deferve confideration; but still I expressed a defire to know his real motives for continuing his friendship to a fet of rascals equally ungrateful and infignificant. - He faid, he did not pretend to affign any reafonable motive; that, if the truth must be told, the man was, in point of conduct, a most incorrigible fool; that, though he pretended to have a knack at hitting off characters, he blundered frangely in the distribution of his favours, which were generally bestowed on the most undeferving of those who had recourse to his affistance; that, indeed, this preference was not fo much owing to a want of difcernment as to want of resolution, for he had not fortitude enough to reful the importunity even of the most worthless; and, as he did not know the value of money, there was very little merit in parting with it so easily; that his pride was gratified in feeing himself courted by such a number of literary dependants; that, probably, he delighted in hearing them expose and

C 5 tra

traduce one another; and, finally, from their information, he became acquainted with all the transactions of Grub-freet, which he had fome thoughts of compiling, for the entertainment of the public.

I could not help fuspecting, from Dick's discourse, that he had some particular grudge against S-, upon whose conduct he had put the worst construction it would bear; and, by dint of cross examination, I found he was not all fatisfied with the character which had been given in the review of his last performance, though it had been treated civilly, in consequence of the author's application to the critic. By all accounts S-- is not without weakness and caprice; but he is certainly good-humoured and civilized; nor do I find, that there is any thing over-bearing, cruel, or implacable, in his disposition.

I have dwelt fo long upon authors, that you will perhaps suspect I intend to enroll myself among the fraternity; but, if I were actually qualified for the profession, it is at best but a desperate resource against starving, as it affords no provision for old age and infirmity. Salmon, at the age of fourseore, is now in a garret, compiling matter, at a guinea a sheet for

a mo-

a modern historian, who, in point of age, might be his grand-child; and Pfalmonazar, after having drudged half a century in the literary mill, in all the fimplicity and abstinence of an Asiatic, subsits upon the charity of a few bookfellers, just sufficient to keep him from the parish—I think Guy, who was himself a bookfeller, ought to have appropriated one wing or ward of his hospital to the use of decayed authors; though, indeed, there is neither hospital, college, nor workhouse, within the bills of mortality, large enough to contain the poor of this society, composed, as it is, from the resule of every other profession.

I know not whether you will find any amusement in this account of an odd race of mortals, whose constitution had, I own, greatly interested the curiosity of

Yours,

London, June 10.

J. Melford.

To

To Miss LETITIA WILLIS, at Gloucester.

MY DEAR LETTY.

THERE is something on my spirits, which I fhould not venture to communicate by the post, but having the opportunity of Mrs. Brentwood's return, I feize it eagerly to difburthen my poor heart, which is opprefied with fear and vexation, -O Letty! what a miserable situation it is to be without a friend to whom one can apply for counsel and consolation in diffress! I hinted in my last, that one Mr. Barton had been very particular in his civilities: I can no longer mistake his meaning-he has formally professed himfelf my admirer; and, after a thousand affiduities, perceiving I made but a cold return to his addresses, he had recourse to the mediation of lady Griskin, who has acted the part of a very warm advocate in his behalf :- but, my dear Willis, her ladyship over acts her part-she not only expatiates on the ample fortune, the great

con-

connexions, and the unblemished character of Mr. Barton, but she takes the trouble to catechise me; and, two days ago, peremptorily told me, that a girl of my age could uot possibly resist so many considerations, if her heart was not pre-

engaged.

This infinuation threw me into fuch a flutter, that she could not but observe my disorder; and, presuming upon the discovery, infifted upon my making her the confidante of my passion. But, although I had not fuch command of myfelf as to conceal the emotion of my heart, I am not fuch a child as to disclose its fecrets to a perfon who would certainly use them to its prejudice. I told her, it was no wonder if I was out of countenance at her introducing a subject of conversation so unsuitable to my years and inexperience; that I believed Mr. Barton was a very worthy gentleman, and I was much obliged to him for his good opinion; but the affections were involuntary, and mine, in particular, had as yet made no concessions in his favour. She shook her head with an air of distrust that made me tremble; and observed, that if my affections were free, they would fubmit to the decision of prudence, especially when enforced by the authority of those who had a right to direct my conduct. This remark implied a defign to interest my uncle or my aunt, perhaps my brother, in behalf of Mr. Barton's paffion; and I am fadly afraid that my aunt is already gained over. Yesterday in the forenoon, he had been walking with us in the Park, and stopping in our return at a toy-shop, he presented her with a very fine snuffbox, and me with a gold etuis, which I refolutely refused, till she commanded me to accept it on pain of her displeafure: nevertheless, being still unsatisfied with respect to the propriety of receiving this toy, I fignified my doubts to my brother, who faid he would confult my uncle on the fubject, and feemed to think Mr. Barton had been rather premature in his prefents.

What will be the refult of this confultation, Heaven knows; but I am afraid it will produce an explanation with Mr. Barton, who will, no doubt, avow his paffion, and folicit their confent to a connexion which my foul abhors; for, my dearest Letty, it is not in my power to love Mr. Barton, even if my heart was untouched by any other tenderness. Not that there is any thing disagreeable about

his person, but there is a total want of that nameless charm which captivates and controuls the inchanted spirit—at least, he appears to me to have this defect; but if he had all the engaging qualifications which a man can posses, they would be excited in vain against that constancy, which, I statter myself, is the characteristic of my nature. No, my dear Willis, I may be involved in fresh troubles, and I believe I shall, from the importunities of this gentleman and the violence of my relations; but my heart is incapable of

change.

You know, I put no faith in dreams; and yet I have been much disturbed by one that vifited me last night .- I thought I was in a church, where a certain person, whom you know, was on the point of being married to my aunt; that the clergyman was Mr. Barton, and that poor forlorn I stood weeping in a corner, half naked, and without shoes or stockings .-Now, I know there is nothing fo childish as to be moved by those vain illusions; but, nevertheless, in spite of all my reafon, this hath made a strong impression upon my mind, which begins to be very gloomy. Indeed, I have another more Substantial cause of affliction-I have some

religious scruples, my dear friend, which lie heavy on my confcience.- I was perfuaded to go to the Tabernacle, where I heard a discourse that affected me deeply. -I have prayed fervently to be enlightened, but as yet I am not fenfible of these inward motions, those operations of grace, which are the figns of a regenerated spirit; and therefore I begin to be in terrible apprehensions about the state of my poor foul. Some of our family have had very uncommon accessions, particularly my aunt and Mrs. Jenkins, who fometimes fpeak as if they were really inspired; fo that I am not like to want for either exhortation or example, to purify my thoughts, and recall them from the vanities of this world, which indeed, I would willingly refign, if it was in my power; but to make this facrifice, I must be enabled by fuch affiftance from above as hath not yet been indulged to

Your unfortunate friend,

fune 10.

LYDIA MELFORD.

To

To Sir WATKIN PHILLIPS, of Jefus college, Oxon.

DEAR PHILLIPS,

THE moment I received your letter, I began to execute your commission-With the affistance of mine host at the Bull and Gate, I discovered the place to which your fugitive valet had retreated, and taxed him with his dishonesty-The fellow was in manifest confusion at fight of me, but he denied the charge with great confidence, till I told him, that if he would give up the watch, which was a family piece, he might keep the money and the cloaths, and go to the devil his own way, at his leifure; but if he rejected this propofal, I would deliver him forthwith to the constable, whom I had provided for that purpose, and he would carry him before the justice without farther delay. After some hesitation, he defired to speak with me in the next room, where he produced the watch with all its its appendages, and I have delivered it to our landlord, to be fent you by the first fafe conveyance So much for bufinefs.

I shall grow vain, upon your faying you find entertainment in my letters; barren, as they certainly are, of incident and importance, because your amusement must arise, not from the matter, but from the manner, which you know is all my own -Animated, therefore, by the approbation of a person, whose nice taste and consummate judgment I can no longer doubt, I will chearfully proceed with our memoirs-As it is determined we shall fet out next week for Yorkshire, I went to-day in the forenoon with my uncle tofee a carriage, belonging to a coachmaker in our neighbourhood-Turning down a narrow lane, behind Long-acre, we perceived a crowd of people standing at a door; which, it feems, opened intoa kind of a methodist meeting, and were informed, that a footman was then holding forth to the congregation within. Curious to fee this phoenomenon, we fqueezed into the place with much difficulty; and who should this preacher be, but the identical Humphry Clinker. He. had finished his sermon, and given out a pfalm,

pfalm, the first stave of which he fung with peculiar graces-But if we were aftonished to see Clinker in the pulpit, we were altogether confounded at finding all the females of our family among the audience-There was lady Griskin, Mrs. Tabitha Bramble, Mrs. Winifred Jenkins, my fifter Liddy, and Mr. Barton, and all of them joined in the pfalmody, with flrong marks of devotion.

I could hardly keep my gravity on this ludicrous occasion; but old square toes was differently affected-The first thing that struck him, was the presumption of his lacquey, whom he commanded to come down, with fuch an air of authority as Humphry did not think proper to difregard. He descended immediately, and all the people were in commotion. Barton looked exceedingly sheepith, lady Griskin flirted her fan, Mrs. Tabby groaned in fpirit, Liddy changed countenance, and Mrs. Jenkins fobbed as if her heart was breaking—My uncle, with a fneer, asked pardon of the ladies, for having interrupted their devotion, faying, he had particular bufiness with the preacher, whom he ordered to call a hackney coach. This being immediately brought up to the end of the lane, he handed

handed Liddy into it, and my aunt and I following him, we drove home, without taking any farther notice of the reft of the company, who slill remained in filent attonifument.

Mr. Bramble, perceiving Liddy in great trepidation, affumed a milder afpect, bidding her be under no concern, for he was not at all displeased at any thing she had done-"I have no objection (faid he) to " your being religiously inclined; but I co don't think my fervant is a proper "ghostly director, for a devotee of your " fex and character-if, in fact (as I "rather believe), your aunt is not the " fole conductress of this machine-" Mrs. Tabitha made no answer, but threw up the whites of her eyes, as if in the act of ejaculation-Poor Liddy faid she had no right to the title of a devotee; that she thought there was no harm in hearing a pious discourse, even if it came from a footman, especially as her aunt was prefent; but that if the had erred from ignorance, she hoped he would excuse it, as she could not bear the thoughts of living under his displeasure. The old gentleman, pressing her hand with a tender fmile, faid fhe was a good girl, and that he did not believe her capable of doing anv

any thing that could give him the least

umbrage or difgust.

When we arrived at our lodgings, he commanded Mr. Clinker to attend him up stairs, and spoke to him in these words-" Since you are called upon by " the spirit to preach and to teach, it is " high time to lay afide the livery of an "earthly master; and, for my part, I " am unworthy to have an apostle in my "fervice—" " I hope (faid Humphry) "I have not failed in my duty to your " honour-I should be a vile wretch if I " did, confidering the mifery from which " your charity and compassion relieved " me-but having an inward admonition " of the spirit ___ " " An admonition " of the devil-(cried the 'iquire, in a " paffion) What admonition, you block-"head?—What right has fuch a fellow as you to fet up for a reformer?" "Begging your honour's pardon, (re-" plied Clinker) may not the new light of God's grace thine upon the new light of God's grace thine upon the poor and the ignorant in their humility, as well as upon the wealthy, and the philosopher in all his pride of human learning?" What you imagine to be the new light of grace, (faid his matter). I take to be a description recommendation of the control o "fter) I take to be a deceitful vapour, " glim-

"glimmering through a crack in your upper flory—In a word, Mr. Clinker, "I will have no light in my family but what pays the kings taxes, unless it he the light of reason which worden."

" be the light of reason, which you don't " pretend to follow." " Ah, fir! (cried Humphry) the light of reason is no more in comparison to " the light I mean, than a farthing can-" dle to the fun at noon-" " Very true, 66 (faid uncle) the one will ferve to fhew " you your way, and the other to daz-" zle and confound your weak brain-" Heark-ye, Clinker, you are either an "hypocritical knave, or a wrong-head-ed enthusiast; and, in either case, un-" fit for my fervice-If you are a quack " in fanctity and devotion, you will " find it an easy matter to impose upon " filly women, and others of crazed un-" derstanding, who will contribute la-" vishly for your support-if you are " really seduced by the reveries of a di-" flurbed imagination, the fooner you " lose your senses entirely the better for " yourfelf and the community. In that "cafe, fome charitable person might provide you with a dark room and clean straw in Bedlam, where it would " not be in your power to infect others

with your fanaticism: whereas if you " have just reflection enough left to " maintain the character of a chosen ves-" fel in the meetings of the godly, you " and your hearers will be mifled by a "Will'i'the-wifp, from one error into se another, till you are plunged into re-" ligious frenzy; and then, perhaps, you " will hang yourfelf in defpair-" "Which the Lord of his infinite mercy " forbid! (exclaimed the affrighted Clin-" ker.) It is very possible I may be under " the temptation of the devil, who wants " to wreck me on the rocks of spiritual " pride-Your honour fays, I am either " a knave or a madman; now, as I'll " affure your honour I am no knave, " it follows that I must be mad; there-" fore, I befeech your honour, upon my "knees, to take my cafe into confidera-"tion, that means may be used for my " recovery."

The 'fquire could not help finiling at the poor fellow's fimplicity, and promifed to take care of him, provided he would mind the bufines of his place, without running after the new-light of methodism: but Mrs. Tabitha took offence at his humility, which the interpreted into poorness of spirit and world-

ly mindedness-She upbraided him with the want of courage to fuffer for confcience fake-She observed that if he should lose his place for bearing testimony to the truth, Providence would not fail to find him another, perhaps more advantageous; and, declaring that it could not be very agreeable to live in a family where an inquifition was established, retired to another room in great agitation.

My uncle followed her with a fignificant look, then, turning to the preacher, "You hear what my fifter fays-If you " cannot live with me upon fuch terms " as I have prescribed, the vineyard of " methodism lies before you, and she " feems very well disposed to reward " your labour-" " I would not will-"ingly give offence to any foul upon

" carth (answered Humphry); her lady-" fhip has been very good to me, ever "fince we came to London; and furely

" fhe has a heart turned for religious " exercises; and both she and lady Grif-

" kin fing pfalms and hymns like two " cherubims --- But, at the fame time,

"I'm bound to love and obey your ho-" nour-It becometh not fuch a poor

46 ignorant fellow as me, to hold difec pute

"pute with gentlemen of rank and learnd ming—As for the matter of knowledge, "I am no more than a beaft in comparison of your honour; therefore I fub-mit; and, with God's grace, I will follow you to the world's end, if you don't think me too far gone to be out-

" of confinement." His mafter promised to keep him for fome time longer on trial: then defired to know in what manner lady Grifkin and Mr. Barton came to join their religious fociety. He told him, that her ladyship was the person who first carried my aunt and fifter to the Tabernacle, whither he attended them, and had his devotion kindled by Mr. W---'s preaching: that he was confirmed in this new way by the preacher's fermons, which he had bought and fludied with great attention: that his difcourse and prayers had brought over Mrs. Jenkins and the house-maid to the fame way of thinking; but as for Mr. Barton, he had never feen him at fervice before this day, when he came in company with lady Grifkin-Humphry, moreover, owned that he had been encouraged to mount the roftrum by the example and fuccess of a weaver, who was much followed as a powerful mini-D fter : VOL. II.

At: that on his first trial, he found himfelf under such strong impulsions, as made him believe he was certainly moved by the spirit; and that he had affisted in lady Griskin's, and several private houses,

at exercises of devotion.

Mr. Bramble was no fooner informed that her ladyship had acted as the primum mobile of this confederacy, than he concluded the had only made ufe of Clinker as a tool, fubfervient to the execution of fome defign, to the true fecret of which he was an utter ftranger-He observed, that her ladyship's brain was a perfect mill for projects; and that the and Tabby had certainly engaged in some secret treaty, the nature of which he could not comprehend. I told him I thought it was no difficult matter to perceive the drift of Mrs. Tabitha, which was to enfnare the heart of Barton, and that in all likelihood my lady Grifkin acted as her auxiliary: that this supposition would account for their endeavours to convert him to methodism; an event which would occafion a connexion of fouls that might be eafily improved into a matrimonial union.

My uncle feemed to be much diverted by the thoughts of this fcheme's

fuc-

fucceeding, but I gave him to underfland, that Barton was pre-engaged: that he had the day before made a prefent of an etuis to Liddy, which her aunt had obliged her to receive, with a view, no doubt, to countenance her own accepting of a fnuff-box at the fame time: that my fifter having made me acquainted with this incident, I had defired an explanation of Mr. Barton, who declared his intentions were honourable, and exprefied his hope that I would have no objections to his alliance: that I had thanked him for the honour he intended our family; but told him, it would be neceffary to confult her uncle and aunt, who were her guardians; and their approbation being obtained, I could have no objection to his propofal; though I was perfuaded that no violence would be offered to my fifter's inclinations, in a transaction that fo nearly interested the happiness of her future life: that he had affured me, he should never think of availing himfelf of a guardian's authority, unless he could render his addresses agreeable to the young lady herfelf; and that he would immediately demand permission of Mr. and Miss Bramble, to make Liddy a tender of his hand and fortune. D 2

The

The 'fquire was not infensible to the advantages of fuch a match, and declared he would promote it with all his influence; but when I took notice that there feemed to be an aversion on the fide of Liddy, he faid he would found her on the fubject; and if her reluctance was fuch as would not be eafily overcome, he would civilly decline the propofal of Mr. Barton; for he thought that, in the choice of a hufband, a young woman ought not to facrifice the feelings of her heart for any confideration upon earth-"Liddy is not fo desperate (faid he) s as to worship fortune at such an expence." I take it for granted, this whole affair will end in fmoke; though there feems to be a fform brewing in the guarter of Mrs. Tabby, who fat with all the fullen dignity of filence at dinner, feemingly pregnant with complaint and As she hath certainly expostulation. marked Barton for her own prey, fhe cannot posfibly favour his fuit to Liddy; and therefore I expect fomething extraordinary will attend his declaring himfelf my fifter's admirer. This declaration will certainly be made in form, as foon as the lover can pick up refolution enough to fland the brunt of Mrs. Tabby's difappoint-

pointment; for he is, without doubt, aware of her defigns upon his person-The particulars of the denouement you fhall know in due feafon: mean while I am

always yours,

London, June 10. I. MELFORD.



To Dr. LEWIS.

DEAR LEWIS.

THE deceitful calm was of short duration. I am plunged again in a fea of vexation, and the complaints in my ftomach and bowels are returned; fo that I suppose I shall be disabled from profecuting the excursion I had planned -What the devil had I to do, to come a plague hunting with a leash of females in my train? Yesterday my precious fister (who by the bye, has been for some time a professed methodist) came into my apartment, attended by Mr. Barton, and defired

defired an audience with a very stately air-" Brother (faid she), this gentle-" man has fomething to propose, which " I flatter myfelf will be the more accept-"able, as it will rid you of a trouble-"fome companion." Then Mr. Barton proceeded to this effect—" I am, indeed, extremely abitious of being allied to " your family, Mr. Bramble, and I hope " you will fee no cause to interpose your " authority." " As for authorithy (faid "Tabby, interrupting him with fome " warmth), I know of none that he has a right to use on this occasion—If. I " pay him the compliment of making " him acquainted with the step I intend " to take, it is all he can expect in rea-" fon-This is as much as I believe he " would do by me, if he intended to " change his own fituation in life-In a " word, brother, I am fo fenfible of Mr. "Barton's extraordinary merit, that I " have been prevailed upon to alter my " resolution of living a fingle life, and "to put my happiness in his hands, by vesting him with a legal title to my " person and fortune, such as they are. "The bufiness at present, is to have the " writings drawn; and I shall be oblise ged

ged to you, if you will recommend a lawyer to me for that purpose—"

You may guess what an effect this overture had upon me; who, from the information of my nephew, expected that Barton was to make a formal declaration of his paffion for Liddy; I could not help gazing in filent aftonishment, alternately at Tabby, and her supposed admirer, which last hung his head in the most aukward confusion for a few minutes, and then retired on pretence of being fuddenly feized with a vertigo-Mrs. Tabitha affected much concern, and would have had him make use of a bed in the house; but he infifted on going home, that he might have recourfe to fome drops, which he kept for fuch emergencies, and his innamorata acquiefced-In the mean time I was exceedingly puzzled at this adventure (though I fuspected the truth), and did not know in what manner to demean myself towards Mrs. Tabitha, when Jery came in and told me, he had just feen Mr. Barton alight from his chariot at lady Grifkin's door-This incident feemed to threaten a visit from her ladyship, with which we were honoured accordingly, in less than half an hour-" I find (said she) "there has been a match of cross pur-" pofes D4

" poles among you, good folks; and I'm " come to fet you to rights—" So faying, she presented me with the following billet.

" Dear Sir,

"I no fooner recollected myfelf from " the extreme confusion I was thrown in-" to, by that unlucky mistake of your " fifter, than I thought it my duty to ss affure you, that my devoirs to Mrs. "Bramble never exceeded the bounds of ordinary civility; and that my heart is " unalterably fixed upon mifs Liddy " Melford, as I had the honour to declare to her brother when he question-" ed me upon that fubject-Lady Griskin " has been fo good as to charge herfelf, " not only with the delivery of this note, " but also with the task of undeceiving " Mrs. Bramble, for whom I have the " most profound respect and veneration, "though my affection being otherwise " engaged, is no longer in the power 66 of

« Sir,

" your very humble fervant,

" RALPH BARTON."

Having cast my eyes over this billet, I told her ladyship, that I would no longer retard the friendly office she had undertaken; and I and Jerry forthwith retired into another room. There we foon perceived the conversation grow very warm betwixt the two ladies; and, at length, could distinctly hear certain terms of altercation, which we could no longer delay interrupting, with any regard to decorum. When we entered the scene of contention, we found Liddy had joined the disputants, and stood trembling betwixt them, as if the had been afraid they would have proceeded to fomething more practical than words-Lady Grifkin's face was like the full moon in a storm of wind, glaring, fiery, and portentuous; while Tabby looked grim and ghaftly, with an aspect breathing discord and dismay .- Our appearance put a stop to their mutual revilings; but her ladyship turning to me, "Coufin (faid she), I can't " help faying I have met with a very un-" grateful return from this lady, for the " pains I have taken to ferve her fami-" ly-" " My family is much obliged " to your ladyship (cried Tabby, with a "kind of hysterical giggle); but we " have no right to the good offices of 66 fuch D 5

"fuch an honourable go-between." "But, for all that, good Mrs. Tabitha " Bramble (refumed the other), I shall " be content with the reflection, that " virtue is its own reward; and it shall " not be my fault, if you continue to " make yourfelf ridiculous-Mr. Bram-" ble, who has no little interest of his own to ferve, will, no doubt, contri-" bute all in his power to promote a " match betwixt Mr. Barton and his " niece, which will be equally honour-" able and advantageous; and, I dare " fay, mis Liddy herself will have no " objection to a measure so well calcu-" lated to make her happy in life___" " I beg your ladyship's pardon (exclaim-" ed Liddy, with great vivacity), I have " nothing but mifery to expect from fuch " a measure; and I hope my guardians " will have too much compassion, to bar-" ter my peace of mind for any confide-" ration of interest or fortune-" " Up-" on my word, mis Liddy! (faid she) " you have profited by the example of " your good aunt-I comprehend your " meaning, and will explain it when I " have a proper opportunity-In the " mean time, I shall take my leave-" Madam, your most obedient, and de-" voted

woted humble fervant," faid fhe, advancing clofe up to my fifter, and curtifying fo low, that I thought fhe intended to fquat herfelf down on the floor—This falutation Tabby returned with equal folemnity; and the exprefion of the two faces, while they continued in this attitude, would be no bad fubject for a pencil like that of the incomparable Hogarth, if any fuch fhould ever appear again, in these times of dulness and de-

generacy.

Jery accompanied her ladyship to herhouse, that he might have an opportunity to restore the etuis to Barton, and advise him to give up his suit, which was fo difagreeable to his fifter, against whom, however, he returned much irritated-Lady Griskin had affured him that Liddy's heart was pre-occupied; and immediately the idea of Wilson recurring to his imagination, his family pride took the alarm-He denounced vengeance against that adventurer, and was disposed to be very peremptory with his fifter; but I defired he would suppress his resentment, until I should have talked with her in private.

The poor girl, when I earneftly prefied her on this head, owned, with a flood

of tears, that Wilson had actually come to the Hot-Well at Briftol, and even introduced himfelf into our lodgings as a Jew pedlar; but that nothing had paffed betwixt them, farther than her begging him to withdraw immediately, if he had any regard for her peace of mind: that he had disappeared accordingly, after having attempted to prevail upon my fifter's maid, to deliver a letter; which, however, the refused to receive, though she had consented to carry a message, importing that he was a gentleman of a good family; and that, in a very little time, he would avow his paffion in that character-She confessed, that although he had not kept his word in this particular, he was not yet altogether indifferent to her affection; but folemnly promifed, fhe would never carry on any correspondence with him, or any other admirer, for the future, without the privity and approbation of her brother and me.

By this declaration, fine made her own peace with Jerry; but the hot-headed boy is more than ever incenfed againft Wilfon, whom he now confiders as an impoftor, that harbours fome infamous defign upon the honour of his family—As for Barton, he was not a little mortified

to find his prefent returned, and his addreffes fo unfavourably received; but he is not a man to be deeply affected by fuch disappointments; and I know not whether he is not as well pleased with being discarded by Liddy, as he would have been with a permission to prosecute his pretentions, at the risque of being every day exposed to the revenge or machinations of Tabby, who is not to be flighted with impunity.- I had not much time to moralize on these occurrences; for the house was visited by a constable and his gang, with a warrant from justice Buzzard, to fearch the box of Humphry Clinker, my footman, who was just apprehended as a highwayman-This incident threw the whole family into confufion. My fifter fcolded the conflable for prefuming to enter the lodgings of a gentleman on fuch an errand, without having first asked, and obtained permission; her maid was frightned into fits, and Liddy shed tears of compassion for the unfortunate Clinker, in whose box, however, nothing was found to confirm the fuspicion of robbery.

For my own part I made no doubt of the fellow's being mistaken for some other person, and I went directly to

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the justice, in order to procure his difcharge; but there I found the matter much more ferious than I expected-Poor Clinker stood trembling at the bar, furrounded by thief-takers; and at a little distance, a thick, squat fellow, a postilion, his accuser, who had seized him in the street, and swore positively to his perfon, that the faid Clinker had, on the 15th day of March last, on Blackheath, robbed a gentleman in a post-chaife, which he (the postilion) drove-This deposition was sufficient to justify his commitment; and he was fent accordingly to Clerkenwell prifon, whither Jery accompanied him in the coach, in order to recommend him properly to the keeper, that he may want for no convenience which the place affords.

The spectators, who assembled to see this highwayman, were sagacious enough to discern something very villainous in his aspect; which (begging their pardon) is the very picture of simplicity; and the justice himself put a very unfavourable construction upon some of his answers, which, he said, savoured of the ambiguity and equivocation of an old offender; but, in my opinion, it would have been more just and humane to impute them, to the confusion into which we may sup-

pose a poor country lad to be thrown on fuch an occasion. I am still persuaded he is innocent, and, in this persuafion, I can do no less than use my utmost endeavours that he may not be oppressed-I shall, tomorrow, fend my nephew to wait on the gentleman who was robbed, and beg he will have the humanity to go and fee the prisoner; that, in case he should find him quite different from the person of the highwayman, he may bear testimony in his behalf-Howfoever it may fare with Clinker, this curfed affair will be to me productive of intolerable chagrin-I have already caught a dreadful cold, by rufhing into the open air from the justice's parlour, wehre I had been flewing in the crowd; and though I should not be laid up with the gout, as I believe I shall, I must stay at London for some weeks, till this poor devil comes to his trial at Rochefter; fo that, in all probability, my Northern expedition is blown up.

If you can find any thing in your philosophical budget, to console me in the midft of these distresses and apprehensions, pray let it be communicated to

your unfortunate friend,

London, June 12. MAT. BRAMBLE.

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To Sir WATKIN PHILLIPS, Bart. of Jefus college, Oxon.

DEAR WAT.

THE farce is finished, and another piece of a graver cast brought upon the stage. Our aunt made a desperate attack upon Barton, who had no other way of faving himfelf but by leaving her in possession of the field, and avowing his pretentions to Liddy, by whom he has been rejected in his turn .- Lady Grifkin acted as his advocate and agent on this occasion, with fuch zeal as embroiled her with Mrs. Tabitha, and a high scene of altercation paffed betwixt these two religionists, which might have come to action, had not my uncle interposed. They are, however, reconciled, in confequence of an event which hath involved us all in trouble and disquiet. You must know, the poor preacher, Humphry Clinker, is now exercifing his ministry among the felons in Clerkenwell prison .- A postilion having

having fworn a robbery against him, no bail could be taken, and he was committed to jail, notwithstanding all the remonstrances and interest my uncle could make in his behalf.

All things confidered, the poor fellow cannot possibly be guilty, and yet, I believe, he runs forme rifque of being hanged .- Upon his examination, he answered with fuch hefitation and referve; as perfuaded most of the people, who crowded the place, that he was really a knave, and the justice's remarks confirmed their opinion. Exclusive of my uncle and myself, there was only one person who seemed inclined to favour the culprit.-He was a young man, well dreffed, and, from the manner in which he crofs-examined the evidence, we took it for granted, that he was a student in one of the inns of court .- He freely checked the justice for some uncharitable inferences he made to the prejudice of the prisoner, and even ventured to dispute with his worship on certain points of law.

My uncle, provoked at the unconnected and dubious answers of Clinker, who feemed in danger of falling a facrifice to his own fimplicity, exclaimed, " In the name of God, if you are innois cent

"cent, fay fo." No (cried he), God forbid that I should call myself innocent, while my conscience is burthened with sin." "What then, you did commit this robbery?" resumed his master:
No, sure (faid he), blessed be the

Lord, I'm free of that guilt."

Here the justice interposed, observing, that the man seemed inclined to make a discoverty, by turning king's evidence, and desired the clerk to take his confession; upon which Humphry declared, that he looked upon confession to be a popish fraud, invented by the whore of Babylon. The Templer affirmed, that the poor fellow was non compos; and exhorted the justice to discharge him as a lunatic.

"You know very well (added he), that the robbery in question was not committed by the prisoner."

"mitted by the priloner."

The thief-takers, grinned at one another; and Mr. juffice Buzzard replied with great emotion, "Mr. Martin, I dewifier you will mind your own bufiness; "I shall convince you one of these days that I understand mine." In short, there was no remedy; the mittimus was made out, and poor Clinker sent to prison in a hackney-coach, guarded by the constable, and accompanied by your humble fervant.

fervant. By the way, I was not a little furprised to hear this retainer to justice bid the prisoner to keep up his spirits, for that he did not at all doubt, but that he would get off for a few weeks confinement—He faid, his worthip knew very well that Clinker was innocent of the fact, and that the real highwayman, who robbed the chaife, was no other that that very individual Mr. Martin, who had pleaded fo strenuously for honest Humphry.

Confounded at this information, I asked, "Why then is he suffered to go about at his liberty, and this poor innocent fellow treated as a malesactor?" "We have exact intelligence of all Mr. Martin's transactions (said he); but as yet there is no evidence sufficient for his conviction; and as for this young man, the juffice could do no less than commit him, as the possible of the possible of the convergence of the possible of th

The conftable observed, that he would have time enough to prepare for his trial, and might prove an alibi; or, perhaps,

Martin might be apprehended and convicted for another fact; in which cafe, he might be prevailed upon to take this affair upon himfelf; or, finally, if thefe chances should fail, and the evidence fland good against Clinker, the jury might recommend him to mercy, in confideration of his youth, especially if this should appear to be the first fact of which

he had been guilty.

Humphry owned he could not pretend to recollect where he had been on the day when the robbery was committed, much less prove a circumstance of that kind fo far back as fix months, though he knew he had been fick of the fever and ague, which, however, did not prevent him from going about-then, turning up his eyes, he ejaculated, "The Lord's " will be done! if it be my fate to fuffer, "I hope I shall not difgrace the faith, of "which, though unworthy, I make pro-" feffion."

When I expressed my surprize, that the accuser should persist in charging Clinker, without taking the least notice of the real robber, who flood before him,

and to whom, indeed, Humphry bore not the fmallest resemblance; the constable (who was himfelf a thief-taker) gave me to

HUMPHRY CLINKER. 69

to understand that Mr. Martin was the best qualified for bufiness of all the gentlemen on the road he had ever known; that he had always acted on his own bottom, without partner or correspondent, and never went to work but when he was cool and fober; that his courage and presence of mind never failed him; that his address was genteel, and his behaviour void of all cruelty and infolence; that he never incumbered himfelf with watches or trinkets, nor even with bank-notes, but always dealt for ready money, and that in the current coin of the kingdom; and that he could difguise himself and his horse in such a manner, that, after the action, it was impossible to recognize either the one or the other-" This great man " (faid he) has reigned paramount in all " the roads within fifty miles of London " above fifteen months, and has done " more business in that time than all " the rest of the profession put together; " for those who pass through his hands " are so delicately dealt with, that they " have no defire to give him the least dif-" turbance; but for all that, his race is " almost run-he is now fluttering about " justice, like a moth about a candle-" there are fo many lime twigs laid in his " way. 5

way, that I'll bett a cool hundred, he

" fwings before Christmas."

Shall I own to you that this portrait, drawn by a ruffian, heightened by what I myself had observed in his deportment, has interested me warmly in the fate of poor Martin, whom nature feems to have intended for a useful and honourable member of that community upon which he now preys for subfiftence? It feems, he lived fome time as a clerk to a timbermerchant, whose daughter Martin having privately married, was discarded, and his wife turned out of doors. She did not long furvive her marriage; aud Martin, turning fortune-hunter, could not fupply his occasions any other way than by taking to the road, in which he has travelled hitherto with uncommon fuccess .- He pays his respects regularly to Mr. justice Buzzard, the thief-catcher-general of this metropolis, and fometimes they fmoke a pipe together very lovingly, when the conversation generally turns upon the nature of evidence. - The justice has given him fair warning to take care of himfelf, and he has received his caution in good part .- Hitherto he has baffled all the vigilance, art, and activity of Buzzard and his emiffaries, with fuch conduct as would have

have done honour to the genius of a Cæfar or a Turenne; but he has one weakness, which has proved fatal to all the heroes of the tribe, namely, an indiscreet devotion to the fair fex, and, inall probability, he will be attacked on

this defenceless quarter.

Be that as it may, I faw the body of poor Clinker configned to the gaoler of Clerkenwell, to whose indulgence I recommended him to effectually, that he received him in the most hospitable manner, though their was a necessity for equipping him with a fuit of irons, in which he made a very rueful appearance. The poor creature feemed as much affected by my uncle's kindness, as by his own misfortune, when I affured him, that nothing should be left undone for procuring his enlargement, and making his confinement eafy in the mean time, he fell down on his knees, and kiffing my hand, which he bathed with his tears, "O "'fquire! (cried he, fobbing) what shall "I fay ? I can't-no, I can't speak-my " poor heart is burfting with gratitude to "you and my dear-dear-generous-" noble benefactor."

I protest, the scene became so pathetic, that I was fain to force myfelf away, and

returned

returned to my uncle, who fent me in the afternoon with a compliment to one Mr. Mead, the person who had been robbed on Blackheath. As I did not find him at home, I left a meffage, in confequence of which, he called at our lodgings this morning, and very humanely agreed to vifit the prisoner. By this time, lady Grifkin had come to make her formal compliments of condolance to Mrs. Tabitha, on this domestic calamity; and that prudent maiden, whose passion was now cooled, thought proper to receive her ladyship so civilly, that a reconciliation immediately enfued. These two ladies refolved to comfort the poor prisoner in their own persons, and Mr. Mead and I 'fquired them to Clerkenwell, my uncle being detained at home by fome flight complaints in his flomach and bowels.

The turnkey, who received us at Clerkenwell, looked remarkably fullen; and when we enquired for Clinker, "I don't care if the devil had him (faid he); there has been nothing but canting and "praying fince the fellow entered the "place.—Rabbit him! the tap will be "ruined—we han't fold a cafk of beer, "nor a dozen of wine, fince he paid his "gar-

HUMPHRY CLINKER. 73

" garnish-the gentlemen get drunk with " nothing but your damned religion .---" For my part, I believe as how your " man deals with the devil. Two or " three as bold hearts as ever took the air " upon Hounflow, have been blubbering " all night; and if the fellow an't speedi-"ly removed by Habeas Corpus, or " otherwife, I'll be damn'd if there's a " grain of true spirit left within these " walls-we fhan't have a foul to do cre-" dit to the place, or make his exit like "a true born Englishman-damn my " eves! there will be nothing but fnivel-" in the cart-we shall all die like so " many pfalm-finging weavers."

In Mort, we found that Humphry was, at that very inflant, haranguing the feelons in the chapel! and that the gaoler's wife and daughter, together with my aunt's woman, Win. Jenkius, and out house-maid were among the audience, which we immediately joined. I never faw any thing so strongly picturesque as this congregation of felons clanking their chains, in the midst of whom stood crator Clinker, expatiating, in a transport of servour, on the torments of hell, denounced in scripture against evil doers, comprehending murderers, robberts, thieves, and whoremongers. The variety of attention exhibited in the faces of those ragamuffins, formed a groupe that would not have difgraced the pencil of a Raphael. In one, it denoted admiration; in another, doubt; in a third, difdain; in a fourth, contempt; in a fifth, terror; in a fixth, derifion; and in a feventh, indignation .- As for Mrs. Winifred Jenkins, the was in tears, overwhelmed with forrow, but whether for her own fins, or the misfortune of Clinker, I cannot pretend to fav. The other females feemed to listen with a mixture of wonder and devotion. The gaoler's wife declared he was a faint in trouble, faying, the wished from her heart, there was fuch another good foul, like him, in every gaol in England.

Mr. Mead, having earnessly surveyed the preacher, declared his appearance was so different from that of the person who robbed him on Blackheath, that he could freely make oath he was not the man: but Humphry himself was by this time pretty well rid of all apprehensions of being hanged; for he had been the night before solemnly tried and acquitted by his fellow-prisoners, some of whom he had already converted to methodism.

He now made proper acknowledgements for the honour of our vifit, and was permitted to kis the hands of the ladies, who affured him, he might depend upon their friendship and protection. Lady Grifkin, in her great zeal, exhorted his fellow-prisoners to profit by the precious opportunity of having fuch a faint in bonds among them, and turn over a new leaf for the benefit of their poor fouls; and, that her admonition might have the greater effect, the reinforced it with her

While she and Mrs. Tabby returned in the coach, with the two maid-fervants, I waited on Mr. Mead to the house of jusflice Buzzard, who, having heard his declaration, faid his oath could be of no use at present, but that he would be a material evidence for the prisoner at his trial: fo that there feems to be no remedy but patience for poor Clinker; and, indeed, the fame virtue, or medicine, will be necessary for us all, the 'fquire, in particular, who had fet his heart upon his excursion to the northward.

While we were vifiting honest Humphry in Clerkenwell prison, my uncle received a much more extraordinary vifit at his own lodgings. Mr. Martin, of whom I have made such honourable mention,

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defired permission to pay him his respects, and was admitted accordingly. He told him, that having observed him, at Mr. Buzzard's, a good deal diffurbed by what had happened to his fervant, he had come to affure him he had nothing to apprehend for Clinker's life; for, if it was possible that any jury could find him guilty upon fuch evidence, he, Martin himfelf, would produce in court a person, whose deposition would bring him off clear as the fun at noon .- Sure, the fellow would not be fo romantic as take the robbery upon himself !- He said, the postilion was an infamous fellow, who had been a dabbler in the fame profession, and faved his life at the Old Bailey by impeaching his companions; that being now reduced to great poverty, he had made this desperate push, to fwear away the life of an innocent man, in hopes of having the reward upon his conviction; but that he would find himself miserably disappointed, for the justice and his myrmidons were determined to admit of no interloper in this branch of bufiness; and that he did not at all doubt but that they would find matter enough to shop the evidence himfelf before the next gaol-delivery. He affirmed, that all these circumstances were well

well known to the justice; and that his feverity to Clinker was no other than a hint to his mafter to make him a prefent in private, as an acknowledgment of his

candour and humanity.

This hint, however, was fo unpalatable to Mr. Bramble, that he declared. with great warmth, he would rather confine himself for life to London, which he detefted, than be at liberty to leave it to-morrow, in confequence of encouraging corruption in a magistrate. Hearing, however, how favourable Mr. Mead's report had been for the prisoner, he is refolved to take the advice of counfel in what manner to proceed for his immediate enlargement. I make no doubt, but that in a day or two this troubleforme bufiness may be discussed; and in this hope we are preparing for our journey. If our endeavours do not miscarry, we shall have taken the field before you hear again from

Yours,

London, June 11.

J. MELFORD.

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To

To Dr. Lewis.

THANK Heaven! dear Lewis, the clouds are difperfed, and I have now the clearest prospect of my summer campaign. which, I hope, I shall be able to begin to-morrow. I took the advice of counfel, with respect to the case of Clinker, in whose favour a lucky incident has intervened. The fellow who accused him. has had his own battery turned upon himfelf .- Two days ago, he was apprehended for a robbery on the highway, and committed on the evidence of an accomplice. Clinker, having moved for a writ of babeas corpus, was brought before the lord chief justice, who, in confequence of an affidavit of the gentleman who had been robbed, importing that the faid Cliner was not the person who stopped him on the highway, as well as in confideration of the posilion's character and present cireumfrances, was pleafed to order, that my fervant should be admitted to bail, and he has been discharged accordingly, to the unspeakable satisfaction of our whole family,

HUMPHRY CLINKER.

family, to which he has recommended himfelf in an extraordinary manner, nor holy by his obliging deportment, but by his talents of preaching, praying, and finging pfalms, which he has exercifed with fuch effect, that even Tabby refpects him as a chosen veffel. If there was any thing like affectation or hyprocrify in this excets of religion, I would not keep him in my fervice; but, fo far as I can observe the fellow's character is downright fimplicity, warmed with a kind of enthufatin, which renders him very susceptible of gratitude and attachment to his benefactors.

As he is an excellent horfeman, and understands farriery, I have bought a frout gelding for his ufe, that he may attend us on the road, and have an eye to our cattle, in case the coachman should not mind his bufinefs. My nephew, who is to ride his own faddle-horfe, has taken, upon trial, a fervant just come from abroad with his former mafter, fir William Strollop, who vouches for his honefty. The fellow, whose name is Dutton, feems to be a petit-maitre.-He has got a fmattering of French, bows, and grins, and fhrugs, and takes fnuff a la mode de France, but values himself chiefly upon E 4

contrast of Humphry Clinker.

My fifter has made up matters with lady Grifkin; though, I must own, I should not have been forry to fee that connexion entirely destroyed: but Tabby is not of a disposition to forgive Barton, who, I understand, is gone to his seat in Berkshire for the summer season. I cannot help suspecting, that in the treaty of peace, which has been lately ratified betwixt those two females, it is stipulated, that her ladyship shall use her best endeavours to provide an agreeable help-mate for our fifter Tabitha, who feems to be quite desperate in her matrimonial designs. Perhaps, the match-maker is to have a valuable confideration in the way of brokerage, which she will most certainly deserve, if she can find any man in his fenses, who will yoke with Mrs. Bramble from motives of affection or interest.

I find my fpirits and my health affect each other reciprocally—that is to fay, every thing that difcompofes my mind, produces a correspondent diforder in my body; and my bodily complaints are remarkably mitigated by those confidera-

tions

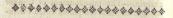
tions that diffipate the clouds of mental chagrin .- The imprisonment of Clinker brought on those symptoms which I mentioned in my last, and now they are vanished at his discharge. -It must be owned, indeed, I took some of the tincture of ginfeng, prepared according to your prescription, and found it exceedingly grateful to the stomach; but the pain and fickness continued to return, after fhort intervals, till the anxiety of my mind was entirely removed, and then I found myself perfectly at ease. We have had fair weather thefe ten days, to the aftonishment of the Londoners, who think it portentous. If you enjoy the same indulgence in Wales, I hope Barnes has got my hay made, and fafe cocked, by this time. As we shall be in motion for fome weeks, I cannot expect to hear from you as usual; but I shall continue to write from every place at which we make any halt, that you may know our track, in case it should be necessary to communicate any thing to

Your affured friend,

London, June 14. MATT. BRAMBLE.

> E 5 To

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To Mrs. Mary Jones, at Brambletonhall, &cc.

DEAR MARY,

HAVING the occasion of my cousin Jenkins of Aberga'ny, I fend you, as a token, a turkey-shell comb, a kiple of yards of green ribbon, and a farment upon the nothingness of good works, which was preached in the Tabernacle; and you will also receive a horn-buck for Saul, whereby the may learn her letters; for I'm much confarned about the flate of her poor fole-and what are all the pursuits of this life to the confarns of that immortal part?-What is life but a veil of affliction? O Mary! the whole family have been in fuch a conflipation !- Mr. Clinker has been in trouble, but the gates of hell have not been able to prevail again him. His virtue is like poor goul, feven times tried in the fire. He was tuck up for a rubbery, and had before gustass Busshard, who made his mittamoufe;

tamouse; and the pore youth was fent to prison upon the false oaf of a willian, that wanted to fware his life away for the looker of cain.

The 'fquire did all in his power, but could not prevent his being put in chains, and confined among common manufactors, where he flud like an innocent sheep in the midft of wolves and tygers .-Lord knows, what mought have happened to this pychouse young man, if master had not applied to Apias Korkus, who lives with the ould bailiff, and is, they fay, five hundred years ould, (God blefs us!) and a congeror: but, if he be, fure I am he don't deal with the devil, otherwife he wouldn't have fought out Mr. Clinker as he did, in spite of stone walls, iron bolts, and double locks, that flew open at his command; for ould Scratch has not a greater enemy upon hearth than Mr. Clinker, who is, indeed, a very powerfull labourer in the Lord's vineyard. I do no more than yuse the words of my good lady, who has got the infectual calling; and, I trust, that even myfelf, though unworthy, shall find greafe to be excepted .- Miss Liddy has been touched to the quick, but is a little timorfome: howfomever, I make no doubt, but

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but she, and all of us, will be brought, by the endeavours of Mr. Clinker, to produce blessed fruit of generation and repentance.—As for master and the young 'squire, they have as yet had narroglimpse of the new light. — I doubt as how their harts are hardened by worldly wisdom, which, as the pyebill faith, is

foolishness in the fight of God.

O Mary Jones, pray without feizing for greafe to prepare you for the operations of this wonderful inftrument, which, I hope, will be exorcifed this winter upon you and others at Brambleton-hall.

— To-morrow, we are to fet out in a cox and four for Yorkshire; and, I believe, we shall travel that way far, and far, and farther than I can tell; but I shan't go so far as to sorget my friends; and Mary Jones, will always be remembred as one of them by her

humble farvant.

London, June 14.

WIN. JENKINS.

To Mrs. GWYLLIM, house-keeper at Brambleton-hall.

MRS. GWYLLIM,

I CAN'T help thinking it very firange, that I never had an answer to the letter I wrote you fome weeks ago from Bath, concerning the four bear, the gander, and the maids eating butter, which I won't allow to be wasted .--We are now going upon a long gurney to the north, whereby I defire you will redouble your care and circumflexion, that the family may be well manged in our absence; for, you know, you must render accunt, not only to your earthly mafter, but also to him that is above; and if you are found a good and faithful farvant, great will be your reward in haven. I hope there will be twenty stun of cheese ready for market by the time I got huom, and as much owl fpun, as will make half a dozen pair of blankets; and that the favings of the butter-milk will fetch me a good penny

before Martinmass, as the two pigs are to be fed for baking with birchmaft and acrons.

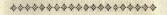
I wrote to doctor Lews for the fame porpuls, but he never had the good manners to take the least notice of my letter; for which reason, I shall never favour him with another, though he beshits me on his bended knees. You will do well to keep a watchful eye over the hind Villiams, who is one of his amiffories, and, I believe, no better than he fhould be at bottom. God forbid that I fhould lack christian charity; but charity begins at huom, and fure nothing ean be a more charitable work than to rid the family of fuch vermine. I do suppose, that the brindled cow has been had to the parson's bull, that old Moll has had another litter of pigs, and that Dick is become a mighty mouser. Pray order every thing for the best, and be frugal, and keep the maids to their labour .- If I had a private opportunity, I would fend them some hymns to sing instead of profane ballads; but, as I can't, they and you must be contented with the prayers of

Your affured friend,

London, June 24.

T. BRAMBLE.

To



To Sir WATKIN PHILLIPS, Bart. of Jesus college Oxon.

DEAR PHILLIPS,

THE very day after I wrote my last, Clinker was fet at liberty-As Martin had foretold, the accufer was himfelf committed for a robbery, upon unqueftionable evidence. He had been for fome time in the fnares of the thief-taking fociety; who, refenting his prefumption in attempting to incroach upon their monopoly of impeachment, had him taken up and committed to Newgate, on the deposition of an accomplice, who has been admitted as evidence for the king. The postilion being upon record as an old offender, the chief justice made no fcruple of admitting Clinker to bail, when he perused the affidavit of Mr. Mead, importing that the faid Clinker was not the person that robbed him on Blackheath; and honest Humphry was discharged-When he came home, he expreffed preffed great eagerness to pay his respects to his master, and here his elocution failed him, but his filence was pathetic; he fell down at his feet, and embraced his knees, shedding a flood of tears, which my uncle did not fee without emotion—He took shuff in some confusion; and, putting his hand in his pocket, gave him his bleffing in something more substantial than words—"Clinker (said he), I am "so well convinced, both of your home shed and courage, that I am resolved "to make you my life-guard-man on the "thighway."

He was accordingly provided with a case of pistols, and a carbine to be slung a-cross his shoulders; and every other preparation being made, we fet out last Thursday, at seven in the morning; my uncle, with the three women in the coach; Humphry, well mounted on a black gelding bought for his use; myfelf a-horseback, attended by my new valet, Mr. Dutton, an exceeding coxcomb, fresh from his travels, whom I have taken upon trial-The fellow wears a folitaire, uses paint, and takes rappee with all the grimace of a French marquis. At present, however, he is in a ridingdrefs, jack-boots, leather breeches, a fearlet

HUMPHRY CLINKER: 89

fearlet waiftcoat with gold binding, a laced hat, a hanger, a French postingwhip in his hand, and his hair en

Before we had gone nine miles, my horse lost one of his shoes; so that I was obliged to ftop at Barnet to have another, while the coach proceeded at an eafy pace over the common. About a mile thort of Hatfield, the postilion, stopping the carriage, gave notice to Clinker that there were two fuspicious fellows a-horseback, at the end of a lane, who feemed waiting to attack the coach. Humphry forthwith apprifed my uncle, declaring he would stand by him to the last drop of his blood; and, unflinging his carbine, prepared for action. The 'fquire had pistols in the pockets of the coach, and resolved to make use of them directly; but he was effectually prevented by his female companions, who flung themselves about his neck, and fcreamed in concert -At that inflant, who should come up at a hand-gallop, but Martin, the highway-man, who, advancing to the coach, begged the ladies would compose themfelves for a moment; then, defiring Clinker to follow him to the charge, he pulled a piftol out of his bosom, and they

they rode up together to give battle to the rogues, who, having fired at a great distance fled a-cross the common. They were in purfuit of the fugitives when I came up, not a little alarmed at the shricks in the coach, where I found my uncle in a violent rage, without his periwig, struggling to disentangle himself from Tabby and the other two, and fwearing with great vociferation. Before I had time to interpose, Martin and Clinker rerurned from the purfuit, and the former paid his compliments with great politeness, giving us to understand, that the fellows had featupered off, and that he believed they were a couple of raw prentices from London. He commended Clinker for his courage, and faid, if we would give him leave, he would have the honour to accompany-us as far as Stevenage, where he had fome bufiness

The 'squire, having recollected and adjusted himself, was the first to laugh at his own fituation; but it was not wishout difficulty that Tabby's arms could be untwised from his neck, Liddy's teeth chattered, and Jenkins was threatened with a fit as usual. I had communicated to my uncle the character of Martin, as

it was deferibed by the constable, and he was much ftruck with its fingularity-He could not suppose the fellow had any defign on our company, which was fo numerous and well armed; he therefore thanked him, for the fervice he had just done them, faid he would be glad of his company and asked him to dine with us at Hatfield. This invitation might not have been agreeable to the ladies, had they known the real profession of our gueft, but this was a fecret to all, except my uncle and myself-Mrs. Tabitha, however, would by no means confent to proceed with a cafe of loaded piffols in the coach, and they were forthwith difcharged in complaifance to her and the reft of the women.

Being gratified in this particular, she became remarkably good humbured, and at dinner behaved in the most affable manner to Mr. Martin, with whose polite address and agreeable conversation the feemed to be much taken. After dinner, the landlord accosting me in the yard, asked, with a fignificant look, if the gentleman that rode the forrel belonged to our company?—I understood his meaning, but aniwered, no; that he had come up with us on the common, and

helped us to drive away two fellows, that looked like highwaymen-He nodded three times distinctly, as much as to fay, he knows his cue. Then he enquired if one of those men was mounted on a bay mare, and the other on a chefnut gelding, with a white streak down his forehead? and being answered in the affirmative, he affored me they had robbed three post-chaifes this very morning-I inquired in my turn, if Mr. Martin was of his acquintance; and, nodding thrice again, he answered, that he had seen the gentleman.

Before we left Hatfield, my uncle, fixing his eyes on Martin with fuch expreffion as is more eafily conceived than defcribed, asked, if he often travelled that road? and he replied with a look which denoted his understanding the question, that he very feldom did bufiness in that part of the country. In a word, this adventurer favoured us with his company to the neighbourhood of Stevenage, where he took his leave of the coach and me, in very polite terms, and turned off upon a cross road, that led to a village on the left-At supper, Mrs. Tabby was very full in the praise of Mr. Martin's good-sense and good-breeding, and seem-



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ed to regret that she had not a farther opportunity to make fome experiment upon his affection. In the morning, my uncle was not a little furprifed to receive, from the waiter, a billet couched in these words-

« Sir.

"I could eafily perceive from your "looks, when I had the honour to con-" verse with you at Hatfield, that my " character is not unknown to you; and, "I dare fay, you won't think it strange, "that I should be glad to change my " present way of life, for any other ho-" nest occupation, let it be ever so hum-" ble, that will afford me bread in mo-"deration, and fleep in fafety—Perhaps
you may think I flatter, when I fay, " that from the moment I was witness to " your generous concern in the cause of " your fervant, I conceived a particular "efteem and veneration for your per-"fon; and yet what I fay is true. I "fhould think myself happy, if I could " be admitted into your protection and " fervice, as house-steward, clerk, but-"ler, or bailiff, for either of which " places I think myself tolerably well " qualified;

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" qualified; and, fure I am, I should " not be found deficient in gratitude and " fidelity-At the same time, I am very " fenfible how much you must deviate " from the common maxims of difcre-"tion, even in putting my professions to " the trial; but I don't look upon you " as a person that thinks in the ordinary " ftyle; and the delicacy of my fituation, " will, I know, justify this address to a " heart warmed with beneficence and compaffion-Understanding you are " going pretty far north, I shall take an " opportunity to throw myfelf in your way again, before you reach the bor-" ders of Scotland; and, I hope, by that " time, you will have taken into confise deration, the truly distressful case of

" honoured fir,

" your very humble

" and devoted fervant,

" EDWARD MARTIN."

The 'fquire having perufed this letter, put it into my hand, without faying a fyllable; and when I had read it, we looked at each other in filence. From a crtain fparkling in his eyes, I defered

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ed there was more in his heart, than he cared to express with his tongue, in favour of poor Martin; and this was precifely my own feeling, which he did not fail to discern, by the same means of communication-" What shall we do (faid he) to " fave this poor finner from the gallows, " and make him a useful member of the " commonwealth? and yet the proverb " fays, Save a thief from the gallows, " and he'll cut your throat." I told him, I really believed Martin was capable of giving the proverb the lie; and that I should heartily concur in any step he might take in favour of his folicitation. We mutually refolved to deliberate upon the subject, and, in the mean time, proceeded on our journey. The roads, having been broke up by the heavy rains in the spring, were so rough, that although we travelled very flowly, the jolting occasioned such pain to my uncle, that he was become exceedingly prevish when we arrived at this place, which lies about eight miles from the post-road, between Wetherby and Boroughbridge.

Harrigate-water, to celebrated for its efficacy in the feuryy and other diffempers, is fupplied from a copious firing, in the hollow of a wild common, round

which

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which a good many houses have been built for the convenience of the drinkers. though few of them are inhabited. Most of the company lodge at fome diffance, in five separate inns, fituated in different parts of the common, from whence they go every morning to the well, in their own carriages. The lodgers of each inn form a distinct society, that eat together; and there is a commodious public room. where they breakfast in dishabille, at separate tables, from eight o'clock till eleven, as they chance or chuse to come in -Here also they drink tea in the afternoon, and play at cards or dance in the evening. One custom, however, prevails, which I look upon as a folecifm in politeness-The ladies treat with tea in their turns; and even girls of fixteen are not exempted from this shameful impofition - There is a public ball by fubfcription every night at one of the houses, to which all the company from the others are admitted by tickets; and, indeed, Harrigate treads upon the heels of Bath, in the articles of gaiety and diffipationwith this difference, however, that here we are more fociable and familiar. One of the inns is already full up to the very garrets, having no less than fifty lodgers, and

and as many fervants. Our family does not exceed thirty-fix; and I should be forry to see the number augmented, as our accommodations won't admit of much increase.

At prefent, the company is more agreeable than one could expect from an accidental affemblage of perfons, who are utter strangers to one another-There feems to be a general disposition among us to maintain good fellowship, and promote the purposes of humanity, in favour of those who come hither on the score of health. I fee feveral faces which we left at Bath, although the majority are of the Northern counties, and many come from Scotland for the benefit of these waters-In fuch a variety, there must be some originals, among whom Mrs. Tabitha Bramble is not the most inconsiderable-No place where there is fuch an intercourse between the fexes, can be difagreeable to a lady of her views and temperament-She has had fome warm difputes at table, with a lame parson from Northumberland, on the new birth, and the infignificance of moral virtue; and her arguments have been reinforced by an old Scotch lawyer, in a tye perriwig, who, though he has loft his teeth, and the VOL. II. nife

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use of his limbs, can still wag his tongue with great volubility. He has paid her fuch fulsome compliments, upon her piety and learning, as feem to have won her heart; and she, in her turn, treats him with such attention as indicates a design upon his person; but, by all accounts, he is too much a fox to be inveigled into any snare that she can lay for his affection.

We do not propose to stay long at Harrigate, though, at present, it is our head-quarters, from whence we shall make some excursions, to visit two or three of our rich relations, who are settled in this county.—Pray, remember me to all our friends of Jesus, and allow me

to be flill

yours affectionately,

Harrigate, June 23.

J. MELFORD.

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To Dr. Lewis.

DEAR DOCTOR.

CONSIDERING the tax we pay for turnpikes, the roads of this country conflitute a most intolerable grievance. Between Newark and Weatherby, I have fuffered more from jolting and fwinging than ever I felt in the whole course of my life, although the carriage is remarkably commodious and well hung, and the postilions were very careful in driving. I am now fafely housed at the New Inn. at Harrigate, whither I came to fatisfy my curiofity, rather than with any view of advantage to my health; and, truly, after having confidered all the parts and particulars of the place, I cannot account for the concourse of people one finds here, upon any other principle but that of caprice, which feems to be the character of our nation.

Harrigate is a wild common, bare and bleak, without tree or fhrub, or the Fo leaft

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least figns of cultivation; and the people who come to drink the water, are crowded together in paltry inns, where the few tolerable rooms are monopolized by the friends and favourites of the house, and all the rest of the lodgers are obliged to put up with dirty holes, where there is neither space, air, nor convenience. My apartment is about ten feet fquare; and when the folding-bed is down, there is just room sufficient to pass between it and the fire. One might expect, indeed, that there would be no occasion for a fire at Midfummer; but here the climate is fo backward, that an ash tree, which our landlord has planted before my window, is just beginning to put forth its leaves; and I am fain to have my bed warmed every night.

As for the water which is faid to have effected fo many furprifing cures, I have drank it once, and the first draught has cured me of all defire to repeat the medicine.—Some people say it smells of rotten eggs, and others compare it to the scourings of a foul gun.—It is generally supposed to be strongly impregnated with sulphur; and Dr. Shaw, in his book upon mineral waters, says, he has seen stakes of sulphur floating in the well—

Pace tanti viri; I, for my part, have never observed any thing like sulphur, either in or about the well, neither do I find that any brimstone has ever been extracted from the water. As for the smell, if I may be allowed to judge from my own organs, it is exactly that of bilge-water; and the faline tafte of it feems to declare that it is nothing elfe than falt water putrified in the bowels of the earth. I was obliged to hold my nose with one hand, while I advanced the glass to my mouth with the other; and after I had made shift to swallow it, my stomach could hardly retain what it had received .- The only effects it produced were fickness; griping, and infurmountable difguft .-I can hardly mention it without puking .-The world is strangely misled by the affectation of fingularity. I cannot help fuspecting that this water owes its reputation in a great measure to its being fostrikingly offensive.-On the same kind of analogy, a German doctor has introduced hemlock and other poisons, as fpecifics into the materia medica.- I am perfuaded that all the cures afcribed to the Harrigate water, would have been as efficaciously, and infinitely more agreeably performed, by the internal and external

ternal use of sea-water. Sure I am, this last is much less nauseous to the taste and smell, and much more gentle in its operation as a purge, as well as more exten-

five in its medical qualities.

Two days ago, we went across the country to vifit fauire Burdock, who married a first cousin of my father, an heirefs, who brought him an estate of a thousand a-year. This gentleman is a declared opponent of the ministry in parliament; and having an opulent fortune, piques himfelf upon living in the country, and maintaining old English hospitality .-By the bye this is a phrase very much used by the English themselves, both in words and writing; but I never heard of it out of the island, except by way of irony and farcasin. What the hospitality of our forefathers has been I should be glad to fee recorded, rather in the memoirs of strangers who have visited our country, and were the proper objects and judges of fuch hospitality, than in the discourse and lucubrations of the modern English, who feem to describe it from theory and conjecture. Certain it is, we are generally looked upon by foreigners as a people totally destitute of this virtue; and I never was in any country abroad,

abroad, where I did not meet with perfons of diffinction, who complained of having been inhofpitably ufed in Great-Britain. A gentleman of France, Italy, or Germany, who has entertained and lodged an Englithman at his houfe, when he afterwards meets with his guest at London, is asked to dinner at the Saracen's-head, the Turk's-head, the Boar'shead, or the Bear, eats raw-beef and butter, drinks execrable port, and is allowed to pay his share of the reckon-

ing,

But to return from this digreffion, which my feeling for the honour of my country obliged me to make-our Yorkshire cousin has been a mighty foxhunter before the Lord; but now he is too fat and unweildy to leap ditches and fivebar gates; nevertheless, he still keeps a pack of hounds, which are well exercised; and his huntsman every night entertains him with the adventures of the day's chace, which he recites in a tone and terms that are extremely curious and fignificant. In the mean time, his broad brawn is fcratched by one of his grooms. -This fellow, it feems, having no inclination to curry any beaft out of the stable, was at great pains to scollop his F 4 nails

nails in fuch a manner that the blood followed at every ftroke,—He was in hopes that he would be difmiffed from this difagreeable office, but the event turned out contrary to his expectation.—His mafter declared he was the best feratcher in the family; and now he will not fusfer any other fervant to draw a nail upon his careafe.

This 'fquire's lady is very proud, without being stiff or inaccessible. -- She receives even her inferiors in point of fortune with a kind of arrogant civility; but then the thinks the has a right to treat them with the most ungracious freedoms of fueech, and never fails to let them know the is fensible of her own fuperior affluence. -In a word, the speaks well of no living foul, and has not one fingle friend in the world. Her hufband hates her mortally; but although the brute is fometimes fo very powerful in him that he will have his own way, he generally truckles to her dominion, and dreads, like a schoolboy, the lash of her tongue. On the other hand, fhe's afraid of provoking him too far, left he should make some desperate effort to shake off her voke .- She, therefore, acquiefces in the proofs he daily gives of his attachment to the liberty of

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an English freeholder, by faying and doing, at his own table, whatever gratifies the brutality of his disposition, or contributes to the ease of his person. The house, though large, is neither elegant nor comfortable.-It looks like a great inn, crowded with travellers, who dine at the landlord's ordinary, where there is a great profusion of victuals and drink, but mine hoft feems to be misplaced; and I would rather dine upon filberts with a hermit, than feed upon venison with a hog. The footmen might be aptly compared to the waiters of a tavern, if they were more ferviceable, and less rapacious; but they are generally infolent and inattentive, and fo greedy, that, I think, I can dine better, and for lefs expence, at the Star and Garter in Pall-mall, than at our coufin's castle in Yorkshire. The 'Iquire is not only accommodated with a wife, but he is also bleffed with an only fon, about two and twenty, just returned from Italy, a complete fidler and dillettante; and he flips no opportunity of manifesting the most perfect contempt for his own father.

When we arrived, there was a family of foreigners at the house, on a visit to this virtuoso, with whom they had been

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acquainted at the Spa; it was the count de Melville, with his lady, on their way to Scotland. Mr. Burdock had met with an accident, in confequence of which both the count and I would have retired. but the young gentleman and his mother infifted upon our staying dinner; and their ferenity feemed to be fo little ruffled by what had happened, that we complied with their invitation. The 'fonire had been brought home over night in his post chaise, fo terribly belaboured about the pate, that he feemed to be in a flate of flupefaction, and had ever fince remained speechless. A country apother cary, called Grieve, who lived in a neighbouring village, having been called to his affiftance, had let him blood, and applied a poultice to his head, declaring, that he had no fever, nor any other bad fymptom but the lofs of speech, if he really had loft that faculty. But the young 'fquire faid this practitioner was an ignorantaccio, that there was a fracture in the cranium, and that there was a neceffity for having him trepanned without loss of time. His mother, espousing this opinion, had fent an express to York for a furgeon to perform the operation, and he was already come with his 'prentice and instruments. Having examined the

patient's head, he began to prepare his dreffings; though Grieve still retained his first opinion that there was no fracture, and was the more confirmed in it as the 'squire had passed the night in profound fleep, uninterrupted by any catching or convulfion. The York furgeon faid he could not tell whether there was a fracture, until he should take off the scalp; but, at any rate, the operation might be of fervice in giving vent to any blood that might be extravalated, either above or below the dura mater. The lady and her fon were clear for trying the experiment; and Grieve was difmiffed with fome marks of contempt, which, perhaps, he owed to the plainness of his appearance. He feemed to be about the middle age, wore his own black hair, without any fort of dreffing; by his garb, one would have taken him for a quaker, but he had none of the stiffness of that fect; on the contrary, he was very submissive, respectful, and remarkably taciturn.

Leaving the ladies in an apartment by themselves, we adjourned to the patient's chamber, where the dreffings and inftruments, were displayed in order upon a pewter dish. The operator, laying afide his coat and periwig, equipped himfelf

with a night-cap, apron, and fleeves, while his 'prentice and footman, feizing the 'fquire's head, began to place it in a proper posture. But mark what followed-The patient bolting upright in the bed, collared each of these affistants with the grasp of Hercules, exclaiming, in a bellowing tone, "I han't lived fo " long in Yorkshire to be trepanned by " fuch vermin as you;" and leaping on the floor put on his breeches quietly, to the aftonishment of us all. The furgeon still infifted upon the operation, alleging it was now plain that the brain was injured, and defiring the fervants to put him into bed again; but no body would venture to execute his orders, or even to interpose; when the 'fquire turned him and his affiftants out of doors, and threw his apparatus out at the window. Having thus afferted his prerogative, and put on his cloaths with the help of a valet, the count, with my nephew and me, were introduced by his fon, and received with his usual style of rustic civility; then turning to fignor Macaroni, with a farcastic grin, "I tell thee what, Dick " (faid he), a man's fcull is not to be " bored every time his head is broken; " and I'll convince thee and thy mother,

"that I know as many tricks as e'er an "old fox in the West Riding."

We afterwards understood he had quarrelled at a public house with an exciseman, whom he challenged to a bout at fingle flick, in which he had been worsted; and that the shame of this defeat had tied up his tongue As for madam, she had shewn no concern for his difaster, and now heard of his recovery without emotion-She had taken fome little notice of my fifter and niece, though rather with a view to indulge her own petulence than out of any fentiment of regard to our family. -She faid Liddy was a fright, and ordered her woman to adjust her head before dinner; but she would not meddle with Tabby, whose fpirit, she foon perceived, was not to be irritated with impunity. At table, she acknowledged me fo far as to fay she had heard of my father; though fhe hinted, that he had disobliged her family by making a poor match in Wales. She was difagreeably familiar in her enquiries about our circumstances; and asked if I intended to bring up my nephew to the law. I told her, that, as he had an independent fortune, he should follow no profession but that of a country gentleman ;

man; and that I was not without hopes of procuring for him a feat in parliament.

"" Pray, coufin (faid fhe), what may "his fortune be?" When I answered, that, with what I should be able to give him, he would have better than two thousand a-year, she replied, with a dif-dainful tofs of her head, that it would be impossible for him to preserve his independence on such a patry provision.

Not a little nettled at this arrogant remark. I told her, I had the honour to fir in parliament with her father, when he had little more than half that income; and I believed there was not a more independent and incorruptible member in the house. " Ay; but times are changed, " (cried the 'fquire)-Country gentlemen " now a-days live after another fashion. "-My table alone stands me in a cool " thousand a quarter, though I raise my " own flock, import my own liquors, " and have every thing at the first hand.
" -True it is, I keep open house, and " receive all comers, for the honour of "Old England." "If that be the cafe, " (faid I) 'tis a wonder you can maintain "it at fo fmall an expence; but every " private gentleman is not expected to " keep a caravansera for the accommoda-66 tion

"tion of travellers: indeed, if every in-" dividual lived in the fame style, you " would not have fuch a number of " guefts at your table, of confequence " your hospitality would not thine so " bright for the glory of the West Rid-"ing." The young 'fquire, tickled by this ironical observation, exclaimed, "O " che burla!"- his mother eyed me in filence with a fupercilious air; and the father of the feaft, taking a bumper of October, "My fervice to you, coufin " Bramble (faid he,) I have always heard " there was fomething keen and biting in " the air of the Welch mountains."

I was much pleafed with the count de Melville, who is fenfible, eafy, and polite; and the countefs is the most amiable woman I ever beheld. In the afternoon they took leave of their entertainers, and the young gentleman, mounting his horse, undertook to conduct their coach through the park, while one of their fervants rode round to give notice to the rest, whom they had left at the public house on the road. The moment their backs were turned, the cenforious dæmon took poffession of our Yorkshire landlady and our fifter Tabitha. - The former observed. that the countess was a good fort of a

body.

body, but totally ignorant of good breeding, confequently aukward in her address. The 'fouire faid he did not pretend to the breeding of any thing but colts; but that the jade would be very handsome, if fhe was a little more in flesh. "Hand-" fome! (cried Tabby) fhe has indeed a " pair of black eyes without any mean-"ing; but then there is not a good fea-"ture in her face." "I know not what " you call good features in Wales (re-" plied our landlord;) but they'll pass in "Yorkshire." Then turning to Liddy, he added, "What fay you, my pretty " Redftreak ?- what is your opinion of "the countefs ?" "I think, (cried Lid-" dy, with great emotion) fhe's an angel." Tabby chid her for talking with fuch freedom in company; and the lady of the house faid, in a contemptuous tone, the supposed miss had been brought up at fome country boarding-school.

Our conversation was suddenly interrupted by the young gentleman, who galloped into the yard all aghast, exclaiming, that the coach was attacked by a great number of highwaymen. My nephew and I rushing our, found his own and his fervant's horse ready saddled in the stable, with pistols in the caps.—We

mounted

mounted instantly, ordering Clinker and Dutton to follow with all possible expedition; but notwithstanding all the speed we could make, the action was over before we arrived, and the count with his lady, fafe lodged at the house of Grieve, who had fignalized himfelf in a very remarkable manner on this occasion. At the turning of a lane, that led to the village where the count's fervants remained, a couple of robbers a horfeback fuddenly appeared, with their piftols advanced: one kept the coachman in awe, and the other demanded the count's money, while the young 'squire went off at full speed, without ever casting a look behind. The count defiring the thief to withdraw his piftol, as the lady was in great terror, delivered his purse without making the least refistance; but not fatisfied with this booty, which was pretty confiderable, the rascal insisted upon risling her of her ear-rings and necklace, and the counters fcreamed with affright. Her husband, exasperated at the violence with which fhe was threatened, wrested the pistol out of the fellow's hand, and turning it upon him, fnapped it in his face; but the robber knowing there was no charge in it, drew another from his bosom, and in all pro-

probability would have killed him on the fpot, had not his life been faved by a wonderful interpolition. Grieve, the apothecary, chancing to pass that very instant, ran up to the coach, and with a crab-flick. which was all the weapon he had, brought the fellow to the ground with the first blow; then feizing his piftol, presented it to his colleague, who fired his piece at random, and fled without farther opposition. The other was fecured by the affiftance of the count and the coachman; and his legs being tied under the belly of his own horse, Grieve conducted him to the village, whither also the carriage proceeded. It was with great difficulty the countels could be kept from fwooning; but at last the was happily conveyed to the house of the apothecary, who went into the shop to prepare fome drops for her, while his wife and daughter administered to her in another apartment.

I found the count flanding in the kitchen with the parson of the parsh, and expressing much impatience to see his protector, whom as yet he had scarce found time to thank for the essential service he had done him and the counters.—The daughter passing at the same time with a glass of water, monsieur de Melville could not

help taking notice of her figure, which was strikingly engaging .- " Ay, (faid the " parson) she is the prettiest girl, and " the best girl in all my parish; and if " I could give my fon an estate of ten " thousand a year, he should have my " consent to lay it at her feet. If Mr. " Grieve had been as follicitous about " getting money, as he has been in per-" forming all the duties of a primitive " Christian, Fy would not have hung fo " long upon his hands." " What is her " name?" faid I. " Sixteen years ago " (answered the vicar) I christened her " by the names of Seraphina Melvilia," " Ha! what! how! (cried the count " eagerly) fure, you faid Scraphina Mel-" vilia." " I did (faid he;) Mr. Grieve " told me those were the names of two

"noble persons abroad, to whom he had been obliged for more than life."

The count, without speaking another yillable, rushed into the parlour, crying, "This is your god-daughter, my dear." Mrs. Grieve, then seizing the countes by the hand, exclaimed with great agitation, "O madam!—O fir!—I am—I am your poor Elinor.—This is my Seraphina "Melvilia.—O child! these are the "count and countes of Melville, the

gene-

" generous-the glorious benefactors of

" thy once unhappy parents."

The countefs rifing from her feat, threw her arms about the neck of the amiable Seraphina, and clasped her to her breast with great tenderness, while the herfelf was embraced by the weeping mother. This moving fcene was completed by the entrance of Grieve himfelf, who falling on his knees before the count " Behold (faid he) a penitent, who at " length can look upon his patron with-" out shrinking." " Ah, Ferdinand ! (cried he, raifing and folding him in his arms) the play-fellow of my infan-66 cy-the companion of my youth !-" Is it to you then I am indebted for my " life i" " Heaven has heard my prayer, (faid the other) and given me an opportunity to prove myself not alto-" gether unworthy of your clemency and or protection." He then kiffed the hand of the countels, while monfieur de Melville faluted his wife and lovely daughter, and all of us were greatly affected by this pathetic recognition.

In a word, Grieve was no other than Ferdinand count Fathom, whose adventures were printed many years ago. Being a fincere convert to virtue, he had

changed

changed his name, that he might elude the enquiries of the count, whose generous allowance he determined to forego, that he might have no dependence but upon his own industry and moderation. He had accordingly fettled in this village as a practitioner in furgery and physic, and for fome years wrestled with all the miseries of indigence, which, however, he and his wife had borne with the most exemplary refignation. At length, by dint of unwearied attention to the duties of his profession, which he exercised with equal humanity and fuccess, he had acquired a tolerable share of business among the farmers and common people, which enabled him to live in a decent manner. He had been fearce ever feen to fmile; was unaffectedly pious; and all the time he could spare from the avocations of his employment he fpent in educating his daughter, and in fludying for his own improvement .- In fhort, the adventurer Fathom was, under the name of Grieve, univerfally respected among the commonalty of this diftrict, as a prodigy of learning and virtue. These particulars I learned from the vicar, when we quitted the room, that they might be under no restraint in their mutual effusions. I make

no doubt that Grieve will be preffed to leave off bufines, and re-unite himself to the count's family; and as the counts feemed extremely fond of his daughter, she will, in all probability, instit upon Seraphina's accompanying her to Scotland.

Having paid our compliments to these noble persons, we returned to the 'squire's, where we expected an invitation to pass the night, which was wet and raw; but, it seems, 'squire Burdock's hospitality reached not so far for the honour of Yorkshire: we therefore departed in the evening, and

lay at an inn, where I caught cold.

In hope of riding it down before it could take fast hold on my constitution. I refolved to vifit another relation, one Mr. Pimpernel, who lived about a dozen miles from the place where we lodged. Pimpernel being the youngest of four fons, was bred an attorney at Furnival'sinn; but all his elder brothers dying, he got himself called to the bar for the honour of his family, and foon after this preferment, fucceeded to his father's estate, which was very confiderable. He carried home with him all the knavish chicanery of the lowest pettifogger, together with a wife whom he had purchased of a drayman for twenty pounds; and he foon

found means to obtain a Dedimus as an acting justice of peace. He is not only a fordid mifer in his disposition, but his avarice is mingled with a spirit of despotifm, which is truly diabolical .- He is a brutal hufband, an unnatural parent, a harsh master, an oppressive landlord, a litigious neighbour, and a partial magiftrate. Friends he has none; and in point of hospitality and good breeding, our coufin Burdock is a prince in comparison of this ungracious miscreant, whose house is the lively representation of a gaol. Our reception was fuitable to the character I have sketched. Had it depended upon the wife, we should have been kindly treated .- She is really a good fort of a woman, in spite of her low original, and well respected in the county; but the has not interest enough in her own house to command a draught of table-beer, far less to bestow any kind of education on her children, who run about, like rapped colts, in a flate of nature .-Pox on him! he is fuch a dirty fellow, that I have not patience to profecute the fubiect.

By that time we reached Harrigate, I began to be vifited by certain rheumatic fymptoms. The Scotch lawyer, Mr. Mickle-

Micklewhimmen, recommended a hot bath of these waters so earnestly, that I was over-perfuaded to try the experiment.-He had used it often with success. and always staved an hour in the bath. which was a tub filled with Harrigate water, heated for the purpose. If I could hardly bear the fmell of a fingle tumbler when cold, you may guess how my nose was regaled by the steams arising from a hot bath of the fame fluid. At night, I was conducted into a dark hole on the ground floor, where the tub smoaked and flunk like the pot of Acheron, in one corner, and in another flood a dirty bed provided with thick blankets, in which I was to fweat after coming out of the bath. My heart feemed to die within me when I entered this difmal bagnio, and found my brain affaulted by fuch infufferable effluvia .- I curfed Micklewhimmen for not confidering that my organs were formed on this fide of the Tweed: but being ashamed to recoil upon the threshold, I submitted to the process.

After having endured all but real fuffocation for above a quarter of an hour in the tub, I was moved to the bed and wrapped in blankets.—There I lay a full hour panting with intolerable heat; but not

not the least moisture appearing on my skin, I was carried to my own chamber, and passed the night without closing an eye, in fuch a flutter of spirits as rendered me the most miserable wretch in being. I should certainly have run distracted, if the rarefaction of my blood, occafioned by that Stygian bath, had not burft the veffels, and produced a violent hæmorrhage, which, though dreadful and alarming, removed the horrible disquier. -I loft two pounds of blood, and more, on this occasion; and find myself still weak and languid; but, I believe, a little exercife will forward my recovery; and therefore I am refolved to fet out to morrow for York, in my way to Scarborough, where I propose to brace up my fibres by fea-bathing, which, I know, is one of your favourite specifics. There is, however, one difease, for which you have found as yet no specific, and that is old age, of which this tedious unconnected epistle is an infallible symptom :- what, therefore, cannot be cured, must be endured, by you, as well as by

Yours,

Harrigate, June 26. MATT. BRAMBLE.

Vol. II. G To

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To Sir WATKIN PHILLIPS, Bart. of Jefus college, Oxon.

DEAR KNIGHT,

THE manner of living at Harrigate was fo agreeable to my disposition, that I left the place with fome regret-Our aunt Tabby would have probably made fome objection to our departing fo foon, had not an accident embroiled her with Mr. Micklewhimmen, the Scotch advocate, on whose heart she had been practifing, from the fecond day after our arrival-That original, though feemingly precluded from the use of his limbs, had turned his genius to good account-In fhort, by dist of groaning, and whining, he had excited the compassion of the company fo effectually, that an old lady, who occupied the very best apartment in the house, gave it up for his eafe and convenience. When his man led him into the Long Room, all the females were immediately in commotion-One fet an elbow-chair;

another fhook up the cushion: a third brought a flool; and a fourth a pillow, for the accommodation of his feet-Two ladies (of whom Tabby was always one) supported him into the dining-room, and placed him properly at the table; and his tafte was indulged with a fucceffion of delicacies, culled by their fair hands. All this attention he repaid with a profusion of compliments and benedictions, which were not the less agreeable for being delivered in the Scottish dialect. As for Mrs. Tabitha, his respects were particularly addressed to her, and he did not fail to mingle them with religious reflections, touching free grace, knowing her biass to methodism, which he also professed upon a calvinistical model.

For my part, I could not help thinking this lawyer was not fuch an invalid as he pretended to be, I observed he are very heartily three times a-day; and though his bottle was marked flomathic tinature, he had recourse to it to often, and seemed to swallow it with such peculiar relish, that I suspected it was not compounded in the apothecary's shop, of the chemist's laboratory. One day, while he was carned in discourse with Mrs. Tabitha, and his servant had gone out

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124 THE EXPEDITION OF on fome occasion or other, I dexterously

exchanged the labels, and fituation of his

bottle and mine; and having tafted his tincture, found it was excellent claret. I forthwith handed it about to some of my neighbours, and it was quite emptied before Mr. Micklewhimmen had occasion to repeat his draught. At length, turning about, he took hold of my bottle, instead of his own, and, filling a large glass, drank to the health of Mrs. Tabitha-It had scarce touched his lips, when he perceived the change which had been put upon him, and was at first a little out of countenance---He feemed to retire within himfelf, in order to deliberate, and in half a minute his resolution was taken; addreffing himfelf to our quarter, " I give the gentleman credit for his wit " (faid he;) it was a gude practical joke; " but fometimes bi joci in feria ducunt ma-" la-I hope for his own fake he has na " drank all the liccor; for it was a vara " poorful infusion of jallop in Bourdeaux wine; as its possable he may ha ta'en fic a dofe as will produce a terrible catastrophe in his ain booels-"

By far the greater part of the contents had fallen to the share of a young clothier from Leeds, who had come to make

a figure

a figure at Harrigate, and was, in effect a great coxcomb in his way. It was with a view to laugh at his fellow-guefts, as well as to mortify the lawyer, that he had emptied the bottle, when it came to his rurn, and he had laughed accordingly: but now his mirth gave way to his apprehenfion-He began to fpit, to make wry faces, and writhe himself into various contorfions-" Damn the ftuff! (cried " he) I thought it had a villanous twang a -pah! He that would cozen a Scot, mun get oop betimes, and take Old " Scratch for his counfellor-" " In " troth mester what d'ye ca'um, (replied the lawyer) your wit has run you into a " filthy puddle-I'm truly confarned for w your waeful case-The best advice I " can give you, in fic a delemma, is to " fend an express to Rippon for doctor Waugh, without delay, and, in the " mean time, fwallow all the oil and " butter you can find in the hoofe, to de-

" fend your poor stomach and intastins " from the villication of the particles of " the jallap, which is vara violent, even " when taken in moderation."

The poor clothier's torments had already begun: he retired, roaring with pain, to his own chamber; the oil was G 2 fwal-

fwallowed, and the doctor fent for; but before he arrived, the miferable patient had made fuch discharges upwards and downwards, that nothing remained to give him farther offence; and this double evacuation, was produced by imagination alone; for what he had drank was genuine wine of Bourdeaux, which the lawyer had brought from Scotland for his own private use. The clothier. finding the joke turn out fo expensive and difagreeable, quitted the house next morning, leaving the triumph to Micklewhimmen, who enjoyed it internally, without any outward figns of exultation -on the contrary, he affected to pity the young man for what he had suffered; and acquired fresh credit from this shew of moderation.

It was about the middle of the night, which succeeded this adventure, that the vent of the kitchen chimney being soul, the soot took fire, and the alarm was given in a dreadful manner—Every body leaped naked out of bed, and in a minute the whole house was filled with cries and confusion—There were two stairs in the house, and to these we naturally ran; but they were both so blocked up, by the people pressing one upon another, that it feem—

seemed impossible to pass, without throwing down and trampling upon the women. In the midft of this anarchy, Mr. Micklewhimmen, with a leathern portmanteau on his back, came running as nimble as a buck along the paffage; and Tabby, in her under-petticoat, endeavouring to hook him under the arm, that fhe might escape through his protection, he very fairly pushed her down, crying, "Na, na, " gude faith, charity begins at .hame !" Without paying the least respect to the fhrieks and intreaties of his female friends, he charged through the midst of the crowd, overturning every thing that opposed him; and actually fought his way to the bottom of the flair-case-By this time Clinker had found a ladder, by which he entered the window of my uncle's chamber, where our family was affembled, and proposed that we should make our exit fuccessively by that conveyance. The 'Iquire exhorted his fifter to begin the descent; but, before the could refolye, her woman, Mrs. Winifred Jenkins, in a transport of terror, threw herfelf out at the window upon the ladder, while Humphry dropped upon the ground, that he might receive her is her descent - This maiden G 4

was just as she had started out of bed, the moon shone very bright, and a fresh breeze of wind blowing, none of Mrs. Winifred's beauties could possibly escape the view of the fortunate Clinker, whose heart was not able to withstand the united soice of so many charms; at least, I am much mistaken, if he has not been her humble slave from that moment—He received her in his arms, and, giving her his coat to protect her from the weather, assended again with admirable dextended.

rity.

At that inflant, the landlord of the house called out with an audible voice, that the fire was extinguished, and the ladies had nothing farther to fear: this was a welcome note to the audience, and produced an immediate effect; the shrieking ceased, and a confused found of expostulation ensued. I conducted Mrs. Tabitha and my fifter to their own chamber, where Liddy fainted away; but was foon brought to herfelf. Then I went to offer my fervices to the other ladies, who might want affiftance - They were all scudding through the passage to their several apartments; and as the thoroughfair was lighted by two lamps, I had a pretty good observation of them in their tranfit :

fit; but as most of them were naked to the fmock, and all their heads shrowded in huge night-caps, I could not diftinguish one face from another, though I recognized fome of their voices-These were generally plaintive; fome wept, fome fcolded, and fome prayed-I lifted up one poor old gentlewoman, who had been overturned and fore bruifed by a multitude of feet; and this was also the case with the lame parson from Northumberland, whom Micklewhimmen had in his passage overthrown, though not with impunity, for the cripple, in falling, gave him fuch a good pelt on the head with his crutch, that the blood followed.

As for this lawyer, he waited below till the hurly burly was over, and then filo foftly to his own chamber, from whence he did not venture to make a fecond fally till eleven in the forenoon, when he was led into the Public Room by his own fervant and another affiftant, groaning moft woefully, with a bloody napkin round his head. But things were greatly altered—The felfifth brutality of his behaviour on the stairs had steeled their hearts against all his arts and address—Not a foul offered to accommodate him with a chair, culhing, or footstool; so that he was ob-

G 5 liged

liged to fit down on a hard wooden bench-In that position, he looked around with a rueful aspect, and, bowing very low, faid in a whining tone, " Your " most humble servant, ladies .- Fire is " a dreadful calamity-" " Fire purifies gold, and it tries friendship," cried Mrs. Tabitha, bridling. "Yea. " madam, (replied Micklewhimmen); " and it trieth discretion also-" " If discretion confists in forfaking a friend " in adverfity, you are eminently poffeff-" ed of that virtue," refumed our aunt-Na, madam (rejoined the advocate). " well I wot, I cannot claim any merit from the mode of my retreat-Ye'll pleafe to oblerve, ladies, there are twa independent principles that actuate our nature-One is instinct, which we have in common with the brute creation, and the other is reason-Noo, in certain great emergencies, when the faculty of reason is suspended, instinct taks the lead, and when this predominates, having no affinity with reafon, it pays no fort of regard to its connections; it only operates for the preservation of the individual, and that by the most expeditious and effectual 66 means; therefore, begging your par-.. don.

" don, ladies, I'm no accountable in foro " conscientia, for what I did, while un-" der the influence of this irrefistible

" poper." Here my uncle interpofing, " I should " be glad to know, (faid he) whether it " was instinct that prompted you to re-" treat with bag and baggage; for, I " think, you had a portmanteau on your " fhoulder-" The lawyer answered, without hesitation, " Gif I might tell my " mind freely, without incuring the fuf-" picion of prefumption, I should think " it was fomething fuperior to either rea-" fon or instinct which suggested that " measure, and this on a twafald ac-" coont: in the first place, the port-" manteau contained the writings of a " worthy nobleman's estate; and their " being burnt would have occasioned a " loss that could not be repaired; fe-" condly, my good angel feems to have " laid the portmantle on my shoulders, by " way of defence, to fustain the violence " of a most inhuman blow, from the " crutch of a reverend clergyman; " which, even in spite of that medium, " hath wounded me forely, even unto

"the pericranium." "By your own doctrine (cried the parfon, who chanced G. 6

to be present), I am not accountable for the blow, which was the effect of " instinct." " I crave your pardon, re-" verend fir, (faid the other) instinct newer acts but for the preservation of the individual; but your prefervation was out of the cafe-you had already received the damage, and therefore the " blow must be imputed to revenge, " which is a finful paffion, that ill becomes any Christian, especially a protestant divine; and let me tell you, most reverend doctor, gin I had a-66 mind to plea, the law would hauld my libel relevant." "Why, the damage is pretty equal on both fides (cried the parfon); your head is broke, " and my crutch is fnapt in the middle ... Now, if you will repair the one, I will be at the expence of curing the

This fally raifed the laugh against Micklewhimmen, who began to look grave; when my uncle, in order to change the discourse, observed, that infinct had been very kind to him in another respect; for it had restored to him the use of his limbs, which, in his exis, he had moved with surprising agility.—
Ile replied, that it was the nature of scar

to brace up the nerves; and mentioned fome furprifing feats of ftrength and activity performed by persons under the impulse of terror; but he complained, that in his own particular, the effects had ceased when the cause was taken away-The 'fquire faid, he would lav a tea-drinking on his head, that he should dance a Scotch measure, without making a false step; and the advocate grinning, called for the piper-A fiddler being at hand, this original flarted up, with his bloody napkin over his black tye-periwig, and acquitted himfelf in fuch a manner as exerted the mirth of the whole company; but he could not regain the good graces of Mrs. Tabby, who did not understand the principle of instinct; and the lawyer did not think it worth his while to proceed to farther demonstration.

From Harrigate we came hither, by the way of York, and here we shall tarry some days, as my uncle and Tabicha are both resolved to make use of the waters. Scarborough, though a paltry town, is romantic from its situation along a cliff that over-hangs the sea. The harbour is formed by a small elbow of land that runs out as a natural mole, directly opposite to the town; and on that side is

the castle, which stands very high, of confiderable extent, and, before the invention of gun-powder, was counted impregnable. At the other end of Scarborough are two public rooms for the use of the company, who refort to this place in the fummer, to drink the waters and bathe in the fea; and the divertions are pretty much on the fame footing here as at Bath. The Spa is a little way bevond the town, on this fide, under a cliff. within a few paces of the fea, and thither the drinkers go every morning in dishabille; but the descent is by a great number of steps, which invalids find very inconvenient. Betwixt the well and the harbour, the bathing machines are ranged along the beach, with all their proper utenfils and attendants-You have never feen one of these machines-Image to yourfelf a fmall, fnug, wooden chamber, fixed upon a wheel-carriage, having a door at each end, and on each fide a little window above, a bench below-The bather, afcending into this apartment by wooden steps, shuts himself in, and begins to undress, while the attendant yokes a horse to the end next the fea, and draws the carriage forwards, till the furface of the water is on a level with the

the floor of the dreffing room, then he moves and fixes the horse to the other end-The person within, being stripped, opens the door to the fea-ward, where he finds the guide ready, and plunges headlong into the water --- After having bathed, he reascends into the apartment, by the steps which had been shifted for that purpose, and puts on his cloaths at his leisure, while the carriage is drawn back again upon the dry land; fo that he has nothing farther to do, but to open the door, and come down as he went up-Should he be fo weak or ill as to require a fervant to put off and on his cloaths, there is room enough in the apartment for half a dozen people. The guides who attend the ladies in the water, are of their own fex, and they and the female bathers have a dress of flannel for the fea; nay, they are provided with other conveniences for the fupport of decorum. A certain number of the machines are fitted with tilts, that project from the fea-ward ends of them, fo as to foreen the bathers from the view of all persons whatsoever-The beach is admirably adapted for this practice, the descent being gently gradual, and the fand foft as velvet; but then the machines can be

used only at a certain time of the tide. which varies every day; fo that fometimes the bathers are obliged to rife very early in the morning-For my part, I love fwimming as an exercise, and can enjoy it at all times of the tide, without the formality of an apparatus-You and I have often plunged together into the Ifis: but the fea is a much more noble bath, for health as well as pleasure. You cannot conceive what a flow of spirits it gives, and how it braces every finew of the human frame. Were I to enumerate half the difeafes which are every day cured by fea-bathing, you might justly fay you had received a treatife, instead of a letlet, from

Your affectionate friend.

and fervant.

Scarborough, July 1. J. MELEGRD.

To Dr. LEWIS.

I HAVE not found all the benefit I expected at Scarborough, where I have been these eight days-From Harrigate we came hither by the way of York, where we stayed only one day to vifit the Caftle, the Minster, and the Assembly-rooms The first, which was heretofore a fortels. is now converted to a prison, and is the best, in all respects, I ever saw at home or abroad-It stands in a high fituation, extremely well ventilated; and has a fpacious area within the walls, for the health and convenience of all the prisoners, except those whom it is necessary to secure in close confinement-Even these last have all the comforts that the nature of their fituation can admit. Here the affizes are held, in a range of buildings erected for that purpofe.

As for the Minster, I know not how to distinguish it, except by its great fize and the height of its spire, from those other

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ancient churches in different parts of the kingdom, which used to be called monuments of Gothic architecture : but it is now agreed, that this stile is Saracen rather than Gothic; and, I suppose, it was first imported into England from Spain, great part of which was under the dominion of the Moors. Those British architects, who adopted this ftyle, don't feem to have confidered the propriety of their adoption. The climate of the country, poffessed by the Moors or Saracens, both in Africa and Spain, was fo exceedingly hot and dry, that those who built places of worship for the multitude, employed their talents in contriving edifices that should be cool; and, for this purpose, nothing could be better adopted than those buildings; vast, narrow, dark, and lofty, impervious to the fun-beams, and having little communication with the fcorched external atmosphere; but ever affording a refreshing coolness, like subterranean cellars in the heats of fummer, or natural caverns in the bowels of huge mountains. But nothing could be more prepofterous than to imitate fuch a mode of architecture in a country like England, where the climate is cold, and the air eternally loaded with vapours; and where.

where, of confequence, the builder's intention should be to keep the people dry and warm-For my part, I never entered the Abbey church at Bath but once, and the moment I flept over the threshold, I found myself chilled to the very marrow of my bones-When we confider, that in our churches, in general, we breathe a gross stagnated air, surebarged with damps from vaults, tombs, and charnelhouses, may we not term them so many magazines of rheums, created for the benefit of the medical faculty? and fafely aver, that more bodies are loft, than fouls faved, by going to church, in the winter especially, which may be faid to engross eight months in the year. I should be glad to know, what offence it would give to tender consciences, if the house of God was made more comfortable, or less dangerous to the health of valetudinarians; and whether it would not be an encouragement to piety, as well as the falvation of many lives, if the place of worship was well floored, wainscotted, warmed, and ventilated, and its area kept facred from the pollution of the dead. The practice of burying in churches was the effect of ignorant fuperstition, influenced by knavish priests, who

who pretended that the devil could have no power over the defunct, if he was interred in holy ground; and this, indeed, is is the only reason that can be given for confecrating all cemeteries, even at this day.

The external appearance of an old cathedral cannot be but displeasing to the eye of every man, who has any idea of propriety and proportion, even though he may be ignorant of architecture as a science; and the long flender spire puts one in mind of a criminal impaled, with a fharp stake rifing up through his shoulder-These towers, or steeples, were likewise borrowed from the Mahometans: who, having no bells, used such minarets for the purpole of calling the people to prayers-They may be of farther use, however, for making observations and fignals; but I would vote for their being diffinct from the body of the church, because they serve only to make the pile more barbarous, or Saracenical.

There is nothing of this Arabic architecture in the Affembly Room, which feems to me to have been built upon a defign of Palladio, and might be converted into an elegant place of worship; but it is indifferently contrived for that for of

idolatry which is performed in it at prefent: the grandour of the fane gives a diminuitive effect to the little painted divinities that are adored in it, and the company, on a ball-night, mult look like an affembly of fantafic fairies, reveiling by moon-light among the columns of a

Grecian temple.

Scarborough feems to be falling off, in point of reputation—All thefe places (Bath excepted) have their vogue, and then the fathion changes—I am perfuaded, there are fifty spaws in England as efficacious and falutary as that of Scarborough, though they have not yet rifer to fame; and perhaps, never will, unless some medical encomiast should find an interest in displaying their virtues to the public view—Be that as it may, recourse will always be had to this place for the convenience of sea-bathing, while this practice prevails; but it were to be wished, they would make the beach more accessible to invalids.

I have here met with my old acquaintance, H—t, whom you have often heard me mention as one of the molt original characters upon earth—I first knew him at Venice, and asterwards suw him in different parts of Italy, where he

was

was well known by the nick-name of Cavallo Bianco, from his appearing always mounted on a pale horse, like Death in the Revelations. You must remember the account I once gave you of a curious dispute he had at Constantinople, with a couple of Turks, in defence of the Chritian religion; a dispute from which he acquired the epithet of Demonstrator-The truth is, H- owns no religion but that of nature : but, on this occasion. he was stimulated to shew his parts, for the honour of his country-Some years ago, being in the Campidoglio at Rome, he made up to the buft of Jupiter, and, bowing very low, exclaimed in the Italian language, " I hope, fir, if ever you get " your head above water again, you will " remember that I paid my respects to " you in your adverfity." This fally was reported to the cardinal Camerlengo, and by him laid before pope Benedict XIV. who could not help laughing at the extravagance of the address, and faid to the cardinal, " Those English heretics think " they have a right to go to the devil in " their own way."

Indeed H— was the only Englishman I ever knew, who had resolution enough to live in his own way, in the

mid

midst of foreigners; for neither in dress. diet, customs or conversation, did he deviate one tittle from the manner in which he had been brought up. About twelve years ago, he began a Giro or circuit, which he thus performed-At Naples, where he fixed his head-quarters, he embarked for Marfeilles, from whence he travelled with a voiturin to Antibes-There he took his paffage to Genoa and Lerici; from which last place he proceeded, by the way of Cambratina, to Pifa and Florence-After having halted fome time in this metropolis, he fet out with a vetturino for Rome, where he reposed himself a few weeks, and then continued his rout to Naples, in order to wait for the next opportunity of embarkation -After having twelve times described this circle, he lately flew off at a tangent to vifit fome trees at his country-house in England, which he had planted above twenty years ago, after the plan of the double colonnade in the piazza of St. Peter's at Rome-He came hither to Scarborough, to pay his respects to his noble friend and former pupil, the Mof G-, and, forgetting that he is now turned of feventy, facrificed fo liberally to Bacchus, that next day he was feized with

a fit of the apoplexy, which has a little impaired his memory; but he retains all the oddity of his character in perfection, and is going back to Italy, by the way of Geneva, that he may have a conference with his friend Voltaire, about giving the laft blow to the Chriftian superstition—He intends to take shipping here for Holland or Hamburgh; for it is a matter of great indifference to him at what part of the continent he first lands.

When he was going abroad the last time, he took his passage in a ship bound for Leghorn, and his baggage was astually embarked. In going down the river, by water, he was by mistake put on board of another vessel under sail; and, upon inquiry, understood she was bound to Petersburgh—" Petersburgh,—Peters" burgh—(said he) I don't care if I go along with you." He forthwith struck a bargain with the captain; bought a couple of shirts of the mate, and was safe conveyed to the court of Muscovy, from whence he travelled by land to receive his baggage at Leghorn—He is now more likely than ever to execute a whim of the same nature; and I will hold any wager, that as he cannot be supposed

to live much longer, according to the course of nature, his exit will be as odd

as his life has been extravagant *.

But to return from one humorist to another; you must know I have received benefit both from the chalybeate and the sea, and would have used them longer, had not a most ridiculous adventure, by making me the town-talk, obliged me to leave the place; for I can't bear the thoughts of affording a spectacle to the multitude——Yesterday morning, at six o'clock, I went down to the bathing-place, attended by my fervant Clinker, who waited on the beach as usual—The

Vol. II.

H

wind

[.] This gentleman croffed the fea to France, vifited and conferred with Mr. de Voltaire at Fernay, refumed his old circuit at Genoa, and died in 1/67. at the house of Vanini in Florence. Being taken with a suppression of urine, he resolved, in imitation of Pomponius Atticus, to take himfelf off by abstinence; and this resolution he executed like an ancient Roman. He faw company to the last, cracked his jokes, converfed freely, and entertained his guests with music. On the third day of his fait, he found himfelf entirely freed of his complaint; but refuled taking fustenance. He faid the most disagreeable part of the voyage was past, and he swould be a curfed fool indeed, to put about thip, when he was just entering the harbour. In these fentimenrs he perfilled, without any marks of affectation, and thus finished his course with such ease and ferenity, as would have done honour to the firmest Stoic of antiquity.

wind blowing from the north, and the weather being hazy, the water proved fo chill, that when I rose from my first plunge, I could not help fobbing and bawling out, from the effects of the cold. Clinker, who heard me cry, and faw me indistinctly a good way without the guide, buffeting the waves, took it for granted I was drowning, and rushing into the fea, cloaths and all, overturned the guide in his hurry to fave his mafter. I had fwam out a few strokes, when hearing a noise, I turned about and faw Clinker, already up to his neck, advancing towards me, with all the wildness of terror in his afpect-Afraid he would get out of his depth, I made hafte to meet him, when, all of a fudden, he feized me by one car, and dragged me, bellowing with pain, upon the dry beach, to the aftonishment of all the people, men, women and children, there affembled.

I was so exasperated by the pain of my ear, and the disgrace of being exposed in such an attitude, that, in the first transport, I struck him down; then, running back into the sa, took shelter in the machine, where my cloaths had been deposited. I soon recollected myself so far as to do justice to the poor fellow, who, in great simplicity of heart, had acted

from motives of fidelity and affection-Opening the doors of the machine, which was immediately drawn on fhore, I faw him standing by the wheel, dropping like a water-work, and trembling from head to foot; partly from cold, and partly from the dread of having offended his master-I made my acknowledgments for the blow he had received, affured him I was not angry, and infifted upon his going home immediately, to shift his cloaths; a command which he could hardly find in his heart to execute, fo well disposed was he to furnish the mob with farther entertainment at my expence. Clinker's intention was laudable without all doubt, but, nevertheless, I am a fufferer by his fimplicity-I have had a burning heat, and a ftrange buzzing noise in that ear, ever fince it was fo roughly treated; and I cannot walk the fireet without being pointed at, as the monster that was hauled naked ashore upon the beach-Well, I affirm that folly is often more provoking than knavery, aye and more mischivous too; and whether a man had not better choose a sensible rogue, than an honest simpleton for his fervant, is no matter of doubt with

yours,

Scarborough, July 4. MATT. BRAMBLE.

#48 THE EXPEDITION OF



To Sir WATKIN PHILLIPS, Bart. of Jefus college, Oxon.

DEAR WATT,

WE made a precipitate retreat from Scarborough, owing to the exceffive delicacy of our 'Iquire, who cannot bear the thoughts of being pratereunium digito monfivatus.

One morning while he was bathing in the fea, his man Clinker took it in his head that his mafter was in danger of drowning; and, in this conceit, plunging into the water, he lugged him out naked on the beach, and almost pulled off his ear in the operation. You may guess how this atchievement was relished by Mr. Bramble, who is impatient, irafcible, and has the most extravagant ideas of decency and decorum in the esconomy of his own person-In the first ebullition of his choler, he knocked Clinker down with his fift; but he afterwards made him amends for this outrage, and.

and, in order to avoid the farther notice of the people, among whom this incident had made him remarkable, he refolved

to leave Scarborough next day. We fet out accordingly over the moors, by the way of Whitby, and be-gan our journey betimes, in hopes of reaching Stockton that night; but in this hope we were disappointed-In the afternoon, croffing a deep gutter, made by a torrent, the coach was fo hard ftrained, that one of the irons, which connect the frame, fnapt, and the leather fling on the fame fide, cracked in the middle-The shock was so great, that my fister Liddy ftruck her head against Mrs. Tabitha'snofe with fuch violence that the blood flowed; and Win. Jenkins was darted through a finall window, in that part of the carriage next the horses, where she fluck like a bawd in the pillory, till she was released by the hand of Mr. Bramble. We were eight miles distant from any place where we could be fupplied with chaifes, and it was impossible to proceed with the coach, until the damage should be repaired-In this dilemma, we discovered a black-smith's forge on the edge of a fmall common, about half a mile from the scene of our disaster H 3 and

and thither the postilions made shift to draw the carriage flowly, while the company walked a-foot; but we found the blacksmith had been dead some days; and his wife, who had been lately delivered, was deprived of her fenfes, under the care of a nurse, hired by the parish. We were exceedingly mortified at this disappointment, which, however, was furmounted by the help of Humphry Clinker, who is a furprifing compound of genius and fimplicity. Finding the tools of the defunct, together with some coals in the fmithy, he unfcrewed the damaged iron in a twinkling, and, kindling a fire, united the broken pieces with equal dexterity and dispatch-While he was at work upon this operation, the poor woman in the straw, struck with the well known found of the hammer and anvil, flarted up, and, notwithflanding all the nurse's efforts, came running into the fmithy, where, throwing her arms about Clinker's neck, "Ah, Jacob! " (cried she) how could you leave me in " fuch a condition?"

This incident was too pathetic to occafion mirth—it brought tears into the cyes of all prefent. The peor widow was put to bed again; and we did not leave

the

the village without doing fomething for her benefit-Even Tabitha's charity was awakened on this occasion. As for the tender-hearted Humphry Clinker, he hammered the iron, and wept at the same time-But his ingenuity was not confined to his own province of farrier and blackfmith-it was necessary to join the leather fling, which had been broke; and this fervice he likewise performed, by means of a broken awl, which he newpointed and ground, a little hemp, which he fpun into lingels, and a few tacks which he made for the purpose-Upon the whole, we were in a condition to proceed in little more than one hour; but even this delay obliged us to pass the night at Gifborough-Next day we croffed the Tees at Stockton, which is a neat agreeable town; and there we refolved to dine, with purpose to lie at Durham.

Whom should we meet in the yard, when we alighted, but Martin the adventure? Having handed out the ladies, and conducted them into an apartment, where he paid his compliments to Mrs. Tabby, with his usual address, he begged leave to speak to my uncle in another room; and there, in some confusion, he made an apology for having taken the H. 4. liberty

liberty to trouble him with a letter at Stevenage. He expressed his hope, that Mr. Bramble had bestowed some consideration on his unhappy case, and repeated his desire of being taken into his service.

My uncle, calling me into the room, told him, that we were both very well inclined to rescue him from a way of life that was equally dangerous and dishonourable; and that he should have no scruples in trusting to his gratitude and fidelity, if he had any employment for him, which he thought would fuit his qualifications and his circumstances; but that all the departments he had mentioned in his letter were filled up by perfons of whose conduct he had no reason to complain; of confequence he could not, without injuffice, deprive any one of them of his bread-Nevertheless, he declared himfelf ready to affift him in any feafable project, either with his purfe or credit.

Martin feemed deeply touched at this declaration—The tear flarted in his eye, while he faid, in a faultering accent—
"Worthy fir—your generofity oppreffes
"me—I never dreamed of troubling you
"for any pecuniary affiftance—indeed I

have

HUMPHRY CLINKER. 153:

" have no occasion-I have been so lucky " at billiards and betting in different " places, at Buxton, Harrigate, Scar-"borough, and Newcastle races, that " my flock in ready-money amounts to "three hundred pounds, which I would "willingly employ, in profecuting fome honeft feheme of life; but my friend, "juffice Buzzard, has fet fo many " fprings for my life, that I am under " the necessity of either retiring imme-" diately to a remote part of the coun-"try, where I can enjoy the protection " of fome generous patron, or of quit-"ting the kingdom altogether-It is-"upon this alternative that I now beg " leave to ask your advice-I have had. "information of all your route, fince I " had the honour to fee you at Steven-" age; and, supposing you would come "this way from Scarborough, I came " hither last night from Darlington, to " pay you my respects." "It would be no difficult matter to

"provide you with an afylum in the country (replied my uncle); but a life of indolence and obfcurity would not full with your active and enterprizing difficult. I would therefore advice you to try your fortune in the Eaft Indies. H 5. "1.1.

UVA.BHSC

"London, who will recommend you to the direction, for a commission in the company's fervice, and if that cannot

be obtained, you will at least be re-

ceived as a volunteer—in which case,

" you may pay for your passage, and I is shall undertake to procure you such credentials, that you will not be long

" without a commission."

Martin embraced the propofal with great eagerness; it was therefore resolved, that be should fell his horse, and take a passage by sea for London, to execute the project without delay-In the mean time he accompanied us to Durham, where we took up our quarters for the night-Here, being furnished with letters from my uncle, he took his leave of us with strong symptoms of gratitude and attachment, and fet out for Sunderland, in order to embark in the first collier bound for the river Thames. He had not been gone half an hour, when we were joined by another character, which promifed fomething extraordinary - A tall, meagre figure, answering, with his horse, the description of Don Quixote mounted on Rozinante, appeared in the twilight at the inn door, while

while my aunt and Liddy stood at a window in the dining-room-He wore a coat, the cloth of which had once been fearlet, trimmed with Brandenburgs, now totally deprived of their metal, and he had holfter-caps and houfing of the fame stuff and same antiquity. Perceiving ladies at the window above, he endeavoured to difmount with the most graceful air he could affume; but the oftler neglecting to hold the ftirrup when he wheeled off his right foot, and flood with his whole weight on the other, the girth unfortunately gave way, the faddle turned, down came the cavalier to the ground, and his hat and periwig falling off, difplayed a head-piece of various coulours, patched and plaistered in a woeful condition-The ladies, at the window above, thricked with affright, on the supposition that the ftranger had received fome notable damage in his fall; but the greatest injury he had fustained arose from the dishonour of his descent, aggravated by the diferace of expofing the condition of his cranium; for certain plebeians that were about the door, laughed aloud, in the belief that the captain had got either a feald head, or a broken head, both equally opprobrious.

H 6 He

He forthwith leaped up in a fury, and fnatching one of his pistols, threatened to put the oftler to death, when another fquall from the women checked his refentment. He then bowed to the window, while he kiffed the butt-end of his pistol, which he replaced; adjusted his wig in great confusion, and led his horse into the stable-By this time I had come to the door, and could not help gazing at the strange figure that presented itself to my view-He would have measured above fix feet in height, had he flood upright; but he stooped very much; was very narrow in the shoulders, and very thick in the calves of the legs, which were cased in black spatterdashes-As for his thighs, they were long and flender, like those of a grashopper; his face was, at least half a yard in length, brown, and fhrivelled, with projecting cheek-bones, little grey eyes, on the greenish hue, a large hook-nofe, a pointed chin, a mouth from ear to ear, very ill furnished with teeth, and a high narrow fore-head, well furrowed with wrinkles. His horfe was exactly in the style of its rider; a refurrection of dry bones, which (as we afterwards learned) he valued exceedingly

ly, as the only present he had ever received in his life.

Having feen this favourite fleed properly accommodated in the stable, he fent up his compliments to the ladies, begging permission to thank them in perfon for the marks of concern they had shewn at his disaster in the court-yard-As the 'fquire faid they could not decently decline his vifit, he was shewn up stairs, and paid his respects in the Scotch dialect, with much formality-" Lad-" dies (faid he), perhaps ye may be fcan-" daleezed at the appearance my heed " made, when it was uncovered by acci-" dent; but I can affure you, the con-" dition you faw it in, is neither the ef-" fects of disease nor of drunkenness; " but an honest fear, received in the fer-" vice of my country." He then gave us to understand, that having been wounded at Ticonderoga, in America, a party of Indians rifled him, scalped him, broke his skull with the blow of a tomahawk, and left him for dead in the field of battle; but that being afterwards found with figns of life, he had been cured in the French hospital, though the loss of substance could not be repaired; fo that

that the fcull was left naked in feveral places, and these he covered with patches,
There is no hold by which an English-

man is fooner taken than that of compaffion-We were immediately interested in behalf of this veteran-Even Tabby's heart was melted; but our pity was warmed with indignation, when we learned, that in the course of two fanguinary wars, he had been wounded, maimed, mutilated, taken, and enflaved, without ever having attained a higher rank than that of lieutenant-My uncle's eyes gleamed, and his nether lip quivered, while he exclaimed, " I vow to God, fir, so your case is a reproach to the service " -The injustice you have met with is " fo flagrant " " I must crave " your pardon, fir (cried the other, in-" terrupting him), I complain of no in-" justice-I purchased an ensigncy thirty " years ago; and, in the course of fer-" vice, rose to be a lieuteuant, accord-" ing to my feniority-" " But in fuch " a length of time (refumed the 'squire), se you must have feen a great many " young officers put over your head-" " Nevertheles (faid he), I have no cause " to murmur-They bought their pre-

ferment with their money-I had no

" money

"money to carry to market - that was my misfortune; but no body was to " blame-" " What! no friend to ad-" vance a fum of money?" (faid Mr. Bramble) . " Perhaps, I might have bor-" rowed money for the purchase of a " company (answered the other); but that loan must have been refunded; " and I did not chuse to incumber my-" felf with a debt of a thousand pounds, " to be payed from an income of ten " shillings a-day." "So you have spent "the best part of your life (cried Mr. " Bramble), your youth, your blood, and " your conftitution, amidft the dangers, " the difficulties, the horrors, and hard-" fhips of war, for the confideration of " three or four thillings a-day-a confi-" deration-" " Sir (replied the Scot, " with great warmth), you are the man "that does me injustice, if you fay or "think I have been actuated by any " fuch paltry confideration-I am a " gentleman; and entered the fervice as " other gentlemen do, with fuch hopes " and fentiments as honourable ambition " inspires-If I have not been lucky in " the lottery of life, fo neither do I think " myfelf unfortunate-I owe no man a " farth-

"farthing; I can always command a command a truss clean shirt, a mutton-chop, and a truss of straw; and when I die, I shall leave

"effects sufficient to defray the expence

" of my burial."

My uncle affured him, he had no intention to give him the least offence, by the observations he had made; but, on the contrary, spoke from a sentiment of friendly regard to his interest-The lieutenant thanked him with a stiffness of civility, which nettled our old gentleman, who perceived that his moderation was all affected; for, whatfoever his tongue might declare, his whole appearance denoted diffatisfaction-In fhort, without pretending to judge of his military merit, I think I may affirm, that this Caledonian is a felf-conceited pedant, aukward, rude, and disputacious-He has had the benefit of a school-education, seems to have read a good number of books, his memory is tenacious, and he pretends to speak several different languages; but he is fo addicted to wrangling, that he will cavil at the clearest truths, and, in the pride of argumentation, attempt to reconcile contradictions - Whether his address and qualifications are really of that

that stamp, which is agreeable to the taste of our aunt, Mrs. Tabitha, or that indefatigable maiden is determined to shoot at every fort of game, certain it is she has begun to practise upon the heart of the lieutenant, who savoured us with his company to supper.

I have many other things to fay of this man of war, which I shall communicate in a post or two; mean while, it is but reasonable that you should be indulged with some respite from those weary lu-

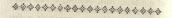
cubrations of

yours,

Newcastle upon Tyne, July 10.

J. MELFORD.

To



To Sir WATKIN PHILLIPS, Bart. of Jefus college, Oxon.

DEAR PHILLIPS,

IN my last I treated you with a high flavoured dish, in the character of the Scotch lieutenant, and I must present him once more for your entertainment. It was our fortune to feed upon him the best part of three days; and I do not doubt that he will flart again in our way before we shall have finished our northern excursion. The day after our meeting with him at Durham proved fo tempessuous that we did not choose to proceed on our journey; and my uncle perfuaded him to flay till the weather should clear up, giving him, at the same time, a general invitation to our mess. The man has certainly gathered a whole budget of shrewd observations, but he brings them forth in fuch an ungracious manner as would be extremely difgufting, if it was not marked by that charac-

teriftic oddity which never fails to attract the attention.—He and Mr. Bramble difcourfed, and even difputed, on different fubjects in war, policy, the belles lettres, law, and netaphyfics; and fometimes they were warmed into fuch altercation as feemed to threaten an abrupt diffolution of their fociety; but Mr. Bramble fet a guard over his own irrafcibility, the more vigilantly as the officer was his gueft; and when, in fpite of all his efforts, he began to wax warm, the other prudently cooled in the fame pro-

portion.

Mrs, Tabitha chancing to accost her brother by the familiar diminutive of Matt, "Pray, fir (faid the lieutenant), is is your name Matthias?" You must know, it is one of our uncle's foibles to be ashamed of his name Matthew, because it is puritanical; and this question chagrined him so much, that he answered, "No, by G—dl" in a very abrupt tone of displeasure.—The Scot took umbrage at the manner of his reply, and brittling up, "If I had known (faid he) that you did not care to tell your name, "I should not have asked the question—"The leddy called you Matt, and I naturally thought it was Matthias:—

cc per-

66 perhaps it may be Methuselah, or "Metrodorus, or Metellus, or Mathu-" rinus, or Malthinnus, or Matamoros, " or ___ " No (cried my uncle " laughing), it is neither of those, capc tain; -my name is Matthew Bramble, at your fervice.-The truth is, I have a " foolish pique at the name of Matthew, because it savours of those canting " hypocrites, who, in Cromwell's time, " christened all their children by names " taken from the scripture." --- " A s foolish pique indeed (cried Mrs. Tab-" by), and even finful, to fall out with s your name, because it is taken from " holy writ .- I would have you to know, " you was called after great-uncle Matthew " ap Madoc ap Meredith, efquire, of cc Llanwysthin, in Montgomeryshire, juflice of the quorum, and crusty ruttleor property, descended in a strait line, by " the female fide, from Llewellyn, prince of Wales."

This genealogical anecdote seemed to make some impression upon the North-Briton, who bowed very low to the descendants of Llewellyn, and observed that he himself had the honour of a scriptural nomination. The lady expressing a defire

fire of knowing his address, he faid, he defigned himfelf - Lieutenant Obadiala Lifmahago; and, in order to affift her memory, he prefented her with a flip of paper, inscribed with these three words, which she repeated with great emphasis, declaring it was one of the most noble and fonorous names fhe had ever heard. He observed, that Obadiah was an adventitious appellation, derived from his great-grandfather, who had been one of the original covenanters; but Lismahago was the family furname, taken from a place in Scotland fo called. He likewife dropped fome hints about the antiquity of his pedigree, adding, with a fmile, of self-denial, Sed genus et proavos, et que non fecimus ipsi, vix ea nostra voco, which quotation he explained in deference to the ladies; and Mrs. Tabitha did not fail to compliment him on his modefty, in waving the merit of his ancestry, adding, that it was the less necessary to him as he had fuch a confiderable fund of his own. She now began to glew herfelf to his fayour with the groffest adulation .- She expatiated upon the antiquity and virtues of the Scottish nation, upon their valour, probity, learning, and politenefs .- She even descended to encomiums on his own per-

perfonal addrefs, his gallantry, good fenfe, and erudition.—She appealed to her brother, whether the captain was not the very image of our coufin, governor Griffith.—She difcovered a furprifing eagernefs to know the particulars of his life, and afked a thoufand questions concerning his atchievements in war; all which Mr. Liftmahago answered with a fort of jefuitical referve, affecting a reluctance to fatisfy her curiofity on a subject that con-

cerned his own exploits.

By dint of her interrogations, however, we learned, that he and enfign Murphy had made their escape from the French hospital at Montreal, and taken to the woods, in hope of reaching fome English fettlement; but mistaking their route, they fell in with a party of Miamis, who carried them away in captivity. The intention of these Indians was to give one of them as an adopted fon to a venerable fachem, who had loft his own in the course of the war, and to facrifice the other according to the cuftom of the country. Murphy, as being the younger and handsomer of the two, was defigned to fill the place of the deceafed, not only as the fon of the fachem, but as the spouse of a beautiful squaw, to whom his

predeceffor had been betrothed; but in paffing through the different whighhams or villages of the Miamis, poor Murphy was so mangled by the women and children, who have the privilege of torturing all prisoners in their passage, that, by the time they arrived at the place of the fachem's refidence, he was rendered altogether unfit for the purposes of marriage: it was determined, therefore, in the affembly of the warriors, that enfign Murphy should be brought to the stake, and that the lady should be given to lieutenant Lismahago, who had likewise received his share of torments, though they had not produced emasculation. - A joint of one finger had been cut, or rather fawed off with a rufty knife; one of his great toes was crushed into a mash betwixt two ftones; fome of his teeth were drawn, or dug out with a crooked nail; fplintered reeds had been thrust up his nostrils and other tender parts; and the calves of his legs had been blown up with mines of gunpowder dug in the flesh with the sharp point of the tomahawk.

The Indians themselves allowed that Murphy died with great heroism, singing, as his death song, the drimmenaoo, in concert with Mr. Lismahago, who was

pre-

present at the solemnity. After the warriors and matrons had made a hearty
meal upon the muscular sless which they
pared from the victim, and had applied a
great variety of tortures, which he bore
without flinching, an old lady, with a
sharp knife, scooped out one of his eyes,
and pur a burning coal in the socket.
The pain of this operation was so exquisite that he could not help bellowing,
upon which the audience raised a shout of
exultation, and one of the warriors stealing behind him, gave him the coup de

grace with a hatchet.

Lismahago's bride, the squaw Squinkinacoofta, diftinguished herself on this occasion. She shewed a great superiority of genius in the tortures which the contrived and executed with her own hands .- She vied with the floutest warrior in eating the flesh of the facrifice; and after all the other females were fuddled with dram-drinking, she was not fo intoxicated but that she was able to play the game of the platter with the conjuring fachem, and afterwards go through the ceremony of her own wedding, which was confummated that fame evening, The captain had lived very happily with this accomplished squaw for two vears.

years, during which she bore him a fon, who is now the representative of his mother's tribe; but, at length, to his unspeakable grief, she died of a fever, occasioned by eating too much raw bear, which they had killed in a hunting excursion.

By this time, Mr. Lifmahago was elected fachem, acknowleged first warrior of the Badger tribe, and dignified with the name or epithet of Occacanastaogarora, which fignifies nimble as a weafel; but all these advantages and honours he was obliged to refign, in confequence of being exchanged for the orator of the community, who had been taken prisoner by the Indians that were in alliance with the English. At the peace, he had fold out upon half-pay, and was returned to Britain, with a view to pals the rest of his life in his own country, where he hoped to find fome retreat where his flender finances would afford him a decent fubfiltence. Such are the out-lines of Mr. Lifmahago's hiftory, to which Tabitha did feriously incline her ear; -indeed, fhe feemed to be taken with the fame charms that captivated the heart of Defdemona, who loved the Moor for the dangers be bad paft.

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The description of poor Murphy's sufferings, which threw my fifter Liddy into a fwoon, extracted fome fighs from the breaft of Mrs. Tabby: when she underflood he had been rendered unfit for marriage, fhe began to fpit, and ejaculated, " Jefus what cruel barbarians!" and the made wry faces at the lady's nuptial repast; but she was eagerly curious to know the particulars of her marriagedress; whether she wore high-breasted flays or boddice, a robe of filk or velvet, and laces of Mechlin or minionette-fhe fupposed, as they were connected with the French, the used rouge, and had her hair dreffed in the Parifian fashion. The captain would have declined giving a categorical explanation of all these particulars, observing, in general, that the Indians were too tenacious of their own customs to adopt the modes of any nation whatfoever: he faid, moreover, that neither the fimplicity of their manners, nor the commerce of their country, would admit of those articles of luxury which are deemed magnificence in Europe; and that they were too virtuous and fenfible to encourage the introduction of any fashion which might help to render them corrupt and effeminate.

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These observations served only to inflame her defire of knowing the particulars about which she had enquired; and, with all his evafion, he could not help discovering the following circumstances that his princels had neither shoes, stockings, shift, nor any kind of linen-that her bridal dress confisted of a petticoat of red bays, and a fringed blanket, fastened about her shoulders with a copper skewer; but of ornaments she had great plenty.-Her hair was curioufly plaited, and interwoven with bobbins of human bone-one eyelid was painted green, and the other yellow; the cheeks were blue, the lips white, the teeth red, and there was a black lift drawn down the middle of the forehead, as far as the tip of the nofe-a couple of gaudy parrot's feathers were fluck through the division of the nostrils -there was a blue stone set in the chinher ear-rings confifted of two pieces of hickery, of the fize and shape of drumflicks-her arms and legs were adorned with bracelets of wampum-her breaft glittered with numerous ftrings of glafs beads-fhe wore a curious pouch, or pocket, of woven grass elegantly painted. with various colours-about her neck was hung the fresh scalp of a Mohawk war-

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rior, whom her deceafed lover had lately flain in battle—and, finally, fine was anointed from head to foot with bear's greafe, which fent forth a most agreeable odour.

One would imagine that these parapharnalia would not have been much admired by a modern fine lady; but Mrs. Tabitha was refolved to approve of all the captain's connexions .- She wished, indeed, the fourw had been better provided with linen; but the owned there was much tafte and fancy in her ornaments; the made no doubt, therefore, that madam Squinkinacooffa was a young lady of good fense and rare accomplishments, and a good christian at bottom. Then fhe afked whether his confort had been high-church, or low-church, prefbyterian or anabaptift, or had been favoured with any glimmering of the new light of the gospel? When he confessed that fhe and her whole nation were utter ftrangers to the christian faith, she gazed at him with figns of aftonishment, and Humphry Clinker, who chanced to be in the room, uttered a hollow groan.

After some pause, "In the name of God, captain Lismahago (cried she), what religion do they profess?" "As

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" to religion, madam (answered the " lieutenant), it is among those Indians a " matter of great fimplicity-they never " heard of any Alliance between Church and " State.-They, in general, worship two " contending principles; one the Foun-" tain of all Good, the other the fource " of evil .- The common people there, " as in other countries, run into the ab-" furdities of fuperstition; but sensible " men pay adoration to a Supreme Being, " who created and fuftains the universe." "O! what pity (exclaimed the pious " Tabby), that fome holy man has not

"been inspired to go and convert these

" poor heathens!"

The lieutenant told her, that while he refided among them, two French missionaries arrived, in order to convert them to the catholic religion; but when they talked of mysteries and revelations, which they could neither explain nor authenticate, and called in the evidence of miracles which they believed upon hearfay; when they taught, that the Supreme Creator of Heaven and Earth had allowed his only Son, his own equal in power and glory to enter the bowels of a woman, to be born as a human creature. to be infulted, flagellated, and even exe-

cuted

cuted as a malefactor; when they pretended to create God himfelf, to fwallow, digest, revive, and multiply him ad infinitum, by the help of a little flour and water, the Indians were shocked at the impiety of their prefumption .- They were examined by the affembly of the fachems, who defired them to prove the divinity of their mission by some miracle.-They answered that it was not in their power. "If you really were fent by Heaven " for our conversion (said one of the " fachems), you would certainly have " fome fupernatural endowments, at least " you would have the gift of tongues, in " order to explain your doctrine to the " different nations among which you are " employed; but you are fo ignorant of " our language, that you cannot express " yourselves even on the most trifling " fubjects."

In a word, the affembly were convinced of their being cheats, and even suspected them of being spies:—they ordered them a bag of Indian corn a-piece, and appointed a guide to conduct them to the frontiers; but the missionaries having more zeal than discretion, refused to quit the vineyard.—They persisted in saying mass, in preaching, baptizing, and squabbling

bling with the conjurers, or priests of the country, till they had thrown the whole community into confusion.—Then the affembly proceeded to try them as impious impostors, who represented the Almighty as a trifling, weak, capricious being, and pretended to make, unmake, and reproduce him at pleasure: they were, therefore, convicted of blasphemy and sedition, and condemned to the stake, where they died singing Salve regina, in a rapture of joy, for the crown of martyrdom which they had thus obtained.

In the course of this conversation, lieutenant Lifmahago dropt fome hints by which it appeared he himself was a freethinker. Our aunt feemed to be startled at certain farcalms he threw out against the creed of St. Athanahus,-He dwelt much upon the words reason, philosophy, and contradiction in terms-he bid defiance to the eternity of hell-fire; and even threw fuch fquibs at the immortality of the foul, as finged a little the whiskers of Mrs. Tabitha's faith; for, by this time, fhe began to look upon Lismahago as a prodigy of learning and fagacity .- In fhort, he could be no longer infenfible to the advances she made towards his affection; and although there was fomething

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repulfive in his nature, he overcame it fo far as to make fome return to her civilities. -Perhaps, he thought it would be no bad scheme, in a superannuated lieutenant on half-pay, to effect a conjunction with an old maid, who, in all probability, had fortune enough to keep him eafy and comfortable in the fag-end of his days .-An ogling correspondence forthwith commenced between this amiable pair of originals .- He began to fweeten the natural acidity of his discourse with the treacle of compliment and commendation. He from time to time offered her fnuff, of which he himfelf took great quantities, and even made her a prefent of a purse of filk grass, woven by the hands of the amiable Squinkinacoofta, who had used it as a fhot-pouch in her hunting-expeditions.

From Doncaster northwards, all the windows of all the inns are forawled with doggred rhimes, in abuse of the Scotch nation; and what surprised me very much, I did not perceive one line written in the way of recrimination—Curious to hear what Lifmahago would fay on this subject, I pointed out to him a very seurilous epigram against his countrymen, which was engraved on one of the windows

dows of the parlour where we fat .- He read it with the most starched composure ; and when I afked his opinion of the poetry, "It is vara terfe and vara poignant: " (faid he) but with the help of a wat " difh-clout, it might be rendered more " clear and parspicuous .- I marvel much " that fome modern wit has not publish-" ed a collection of these essays under " the title of the Glazier's Triumph over " Sawney the Scot ___ I'm perfuaded it would be a vara agreeable offering to "the patriots of London and Westmin-" fter." When I expressed some furprize that the natives of Scotland, who travel this way, had not broke all the windows upon the road, "With fubmif-" fion (replied the lieutenant), that were " but shallow policy-it would only ferve " to make the fatire more cutting and " fevere; and, I think, it is much better " to let it stand in the window, than have " it presented in the reckoning."

My uncle's jaws began to quiver with indignation .- He faid, the feribblers of fuch infamous stuff deserved to be feourged at the cart's tail for difgracing their country with fuch monuments of malice and flupidity .- "These vermin " (faid he) do not confider that they are

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" affording their fellow-fubjects, whom "they abuse, continual matter of felf or gratulation as well as the means of ex-" ecuting the most manly vengeance that can be taken for fuch low, illiberal at-"tacks. For my part, I admire the of philosophic forbearance of the Scots, " as much as I despise the insolence of " those wretched libellers, which is akin "to the arrogance of the village cock, who never crows but upon his own "dunghill." The captain, with an affectation of candour, observed, that men of illiberal minds were produced in every foil; that in supposing those were the fentiments of the English in general, he should pay too great a compliment to his own country, which was not of confequence enough to attract the envy of fuch a flourishing and powerful people.

Mrs. Tabby broke forth again in praise of his moderation, and declared that Scotland was the foil which produced every virtue under heaven .- When Lifmahago took his leave for the night, fhe afked her brother if the captain was not the prettiest gentleman he had ever feen; and whether there was not fomething wonderfully engaging in his aspect?-Mr. Bramble having eved her fome time in filence.

" Sifter

"Sifter (faid he), the lieutenant is, for "aught I know, an honeft man, and a "good officer—he has a confiderable "hare of understanding, and a title to "more encouragement than he seems to "have met with in life; but I cannot, "with a safe conscience, affirm, that he is the prettiest gentleman I ever saw; "neither can I discern any engaging charm in his countenance, which, I "yow to God, is, on the contrary, very

" hard-favoured and forbidding."

I have endeavoured to ingratiate myfelf with this North-Briton, who is really a curiofity; but he has been very fly of my conversation ever fince I laughed at his afferting that the English tongue was fpoke with more propriety at Edinburgh than at London. Looking at me with a double squeeze of souring in his aspect, "If the old definition be true (said he). "that rifibility is the diffinguishing cha-racteristic of a rational creature, the " English are the most distinguished for " rationality of any people I ever knew." I owned, that the English were easily ftruck with any thing that appeared ludicrous, and apt to laugh accordingly; but it did not follow, that, because they were more given to laughter, they had more ra-

rationality than their neighbours: I faid, fuch an inference would be an injury to the Scots, who were by no means defective in rationality, though generally supposed little subject to the impressions of humour.

The captain answered, that this suppofition must have been deduced either from their conversation or their composititions, of which the English could not possibly judge with precision, as they did not understand the dialect used by the Scots in common discourse, as well as in their works of humour. When I defired to know what those works of humour were, he mentioned a confiderable number of pieces, which he infifted were equal in point of humour to any thing extant in any language dead or living .- He, in particular, recommended a collection of detached poems, in two fmall volumes. intituled, The Ever-green, and the works of Allan Ramfay, which I intend to provide myself with at Edinburgh.-He obferved, that a North-Briton is feen to a difadvantage in an English company, because he speaks in a dialect that they can't relift, and in a phrascology which they don't understand .- He therefore finds himself under a restraint, which is a great enemy

enemy to wit and humour.—These are faculties which never appear in full lustre, but when the mind is perfectly at ease, and, as an exellent writer says, enjoys

ber elbow-room.

He proceeded to explain his affertion that the English language was spoken with greater propriety at Edinburgh than in London .- He faid what we generally called the Scottish dialect was, in fact, true genuine old English, with a mixture of some French terms and idioms, adopted in a long intercourfe betwixt the French and Scotch nations; that the modern English, from affectation and false refinement, had weakened, and even corrupted their language, by throwing out the guttural founds, altering the pronunciation and the quantity, and disusing many words and terms of great fignificance. In consequence of these innovations, the works of our best poets, such as Chaucer, Spencer, and even Shakespeare, were become, in many parts, unintelligible to the natives of South-Britain, whereas the Scots, who retain the antient language, understand them without the help of a gloffary. "For inftance (faid he), "how have your commentators been " puzzled by the following expression in 66 the

"the Tempess-He's gentle, and not fearful;
"as if it was a paralogism to say, that
"being gentle, he must of course be coverageous: but the truth is, one of the
"original meanings, if not the fole meaning, of that word was, noble, bighminded; and to this day, a Scorch woman, in the situation of the young lady
in the Tempess, would express herself
carly in the fame terms—Don't provoke him; for being gentle, that is,
bigh spirited, he won't tamely bear an
infult. Spenler, in the very first stanza
of his Fairy Queen, says,

" A gentle knight was pricking on the plain;"

" which knight, far from being tame and "fearful, was so stout that

" Nothing did he dread, but eyer was ydrad."

To prove that we had impaired the energy of our language by falfe refinement, he mentioned the following words, which, though widely different in fignification, are pronounced exactly in the fame manner—wright, write, right, rite; but among the Scots, these words are as different in pronunciation, as they are in meaning and orthography; and this is the case with many others which he mentioned

ed by way of illustration. He, moreover, took notice, that we had (for what reason he could never learn) altered the found of our vowels from that which is retained by all the nations in Europe: an alteration which rendered the language extremely difficult to foreigners, and made it almost impracticable to lay down general rules for orthography and pronunciation. Befides, the vowels were no longer fimple founds in the mouth of an Englishman, who pronounced both i and u as diphthongs. Finally, he affirmed, that we mumbled our fpeech with our lips and teeth, and ran the words together without paufe or distinction, in such a manner, that a foreigner, though he understood English tolerably well, was often obliged to have recourse to a Scotchman to explain what a native of England had faid in his own language.

The truth of this remark was confirmed by Mr. Bramble from his own experience; but he accounted for it on another principle.—He faid, the fame observation would hold in all languages; that a Swifs talking French was more easily understood than a Parisan, by a foreigner who had not made himself master of the language; because every language had, its

its peculiar recitative, and it would always require more pains, attention, and practice, to acquire both the words and the mufic, than to learn the words only; and yet no body would deny, that the one was imperfect without the other: he therefore apprehended, that the Scotchman and the Swifs were better understood by learners, because they spoke the words only, without the music, which they could not rehearfe. One would imagine this check might have damped the North-Briton; but it ferved only to agitate his humour for disputation,-He faid, if every nation had its own recitative or mufic, the Scots had theirs, and the Scotchman who had not yet acquired the cadence of the English, would naturally use his own in speaking their language; therefore, if he was better understood than the native, his recitative must be more intelligible than that of the English; of consequence, the dialect of the Scots had an advantage over that of their fellow fubjects, and this was another strong prefumption that the modern English had corrupted their language in the article of pronunciation.

The lieutenant was, by this time, become fo polemical, that every time he opened his mouth, out flew a paradox,

which

which he maintained with all the enthufialm of altercation; but all his paradoxes favoured strong of a partiality for his own country. He undertook to prove that poverty was a bleffing to a nation; that oatmeal was preferable to wheat flour; and that the worship of Cloacina, in temples, which admitted both fexes, and every rank of votaries promiscuously, was a filthy species of idolatry that outraged every idea of delicacy and decorum. I did not fo much wonder at his broaching these doctrines, as at the arguments, equally whimfical and ingenious, which

he adduced in support of them.

In fine, lieutenant Lisimahago is a curiofity which I have not yet fufficiently perused; and therefore I shall be forry when we lose his company, though, God knows, there is nothing very amiable in his manner or disposition .- As he goes directly to the fouth-west division of Scotland, and we proceed in the road to Berwick, we shall part to-morrow at a place called Felton-bridge; and, I dare fay, this feparation will be very grievous to our aunt, Mrs. Tabitha, unless she has received fome flattering affurance of his. meeting her again. If I fail in my purpose of entertaining you with these un-

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important occurrences, they will at leaft ferve as exercises of patience, for which you are indebted to

Yours always,

Morpeth, July 13.

J. MELFORD.



To Dr. Lewis.

DEAR DOCTOR,

I HAVE now reached the northern extremity of England, and fee, clofe to my chamber-window, the Tweed gliding through the arches of that bridge which connects this suburb to the town of Berwick.—Yorkshire you have seen, and therefore I shall say nothing of that opulent province. The city of Durham appears like a confosed heap of stones and brick, accumulated so as to cover a mountain, round which a river winds its brawling course. The streets are generally narrow, dark, and unpleasant, and

many of them almost impassable in consequence of their declivity. The cathedral is a huge gloomy pile; but the clergy are well lodged .- The bishop lives in a princely manner-the golden prebends keep plentiful tables-and, I am told, there is fome good fociable company in the place, but the country, when viewed from the top of Gateshead Fell, which extends to Newcastle, exhibits the highest scene of cultivation that ever I beheld. As for Newcastle it lies mostly in a bottom, on the banks of the Tyne, and makes an appearance still more disagreeable than that of Durham: but it is rendered populous and rich by industry and commerce; and the country lying on both fides the river, above the town, yields a delightful prospect of agriculture and plantation. Morpeth and Alnwick are neat, pretty towns, and this last is famous for the castle which has belonged for many ages to the noble house of Piercy, earls of Northumberland .- It is, doubtless, a large edifice, containing a great number of apartments, and stands in a commanding fituation; but the ftrength of it feems to have confifted not fo much in its fite, or the manner in which it is fortified, as in the valour of its defendants. Our

Our adventures fince we left Scarborough, are fearce worth reciting; and yet I must make you acquainted with my fifter Tabby's progress in husband-hunting, after her difappointments at Bath and London. She had actually begun to practife upon a certain adventurer, who was in fact a highwayman by profession; but he had been used to snares much more dangerous than any fhe could lay, and escaped accordingly.-Then she opened her batteries upon an old weather-beaten Scotch lieutenant, called Lifmahago, who joined us at Durham, and is, I think, one of the most fingular personages I ever encountered .- His manner is as harfh as his countenance; but his peculiar turn of thinking, and his pack of knowledge made up of the remnants of rarities, rendered his converfation defirable, in spite of his pedantry and ungracious address. -I have often met with a crab-apple in a hedge, which I have been tempted to cat for its flavour, even while I was difgufted by its aufterity. The spirit of contradiction is naturally fo strong in Lismahago, that I believe in my conscience he has rummaged, and read, and fludied with indefatigable attention, in order to qualify himfelf to refute established maxims.

ims, and thus raife trophics for the gratification of polemical pride.—Such is the afperity of his felf-conceit, that he will not even acquiefce in a transfert compliment made to his own individual in particular, or to his country in general.

When I observed that he must have read a vaft number of books to be able to discourse on such a variety of subjects, he declared he had read little or nothing. and asked how he should find books among the woods of America, where he had fpent the greatest part of his life. My nephew remarking that the Scots in general were famous for their learning, he denied the imputation, and defied him to prove it from their works .- " The Scots " (faid he) have a flight tincture of let-"ters, with which they make a parade "among people who are more illiterate "than themselves; but they may be said " to float on the furface of science, and "they have made very fmall advances in the useful arts." "At least (cried "Tabby) all the world allows that the "Scots behaved gloriously in fighting " and conquering the favages of Ame-" rica." "I can affure you, madam, you " have been misinformed, (replied the " lieutenant;) in that continent the Scots

« did nothing more than their duty, nor " was there one corps in his majefty's fer-" vice that diffinguished itself more than " another.—Those who affected to extol " the Scots for fuperior merit, were no " friends to that nation."

Though he himfelf made free with his countrymen, he would not fuffer any other perfor to glance a farcafm at them with impunity. One of the company chancing to mention lord B—'s inglo-rious peace, the licutenant immediately took up the cudgels in his lordfhip's favour, and argued very firenuouily to prove that it was the moft honourable and advantageous peace that England had ever made fince the foundation of the monarchy.—Nay, between friends, he offered fuch reasons on this subject, that I was really consounded, if not convinced.—He would not allow that the Scots

abounded above their proportion in the army and navy of Great-Britain, or that the English had any reason to say his countrymen had met with extraordinary encouragement in the service.—" When sa South and North-Briton (said he) are so competitors for a place or commission, which is in the disposal of an English minister or an English general, it would

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" be abfurd to suppose that the prefe-" rence will not be given to the native " of England, who has fo many advan-"tages over his rival.-First and fore-" most, he has in his favour that laudable " partiality, which, Mr. Addison says, " never fails to cleave to the heart of an " Englishman; fecondly, he has more " powerful connections, and a greater " fhare of parliamentary interest, by " which those contests are generally de-"cided; and lastly, he has a greater command of money to smooth the way " to his fuccefs. For my own part (faid " he) I know no Scotch officer, who has " risen in the army above the rank of a " fubaltern, without purchasing every de-" gree of preferment either with money " or recruits; but I know many gentle-"men of that country, who for want of money and interest, have grown grey "in the rank of lieutenants; whereas " very few inftances of this ill-fortune " are to be found among the natives of " South-Britain .- Not that I would in-"finuate that my countrymen have the least reason to complain.—Preferment " in the fervice, like fuccess in any other " branch of traffic, will naturally favour " those who have the greatest stock of " cafh

" cash and credit, merit and capacity be-

" ing supposed equal on all fides."

But the most hardy of all this original's positions were these: That commerce would, sooner or later, prove the ruin of every nation, where it flourishes to any extent-that the parliament was the rotten part of the British constitution-that the liberty of the press was a national eviland that the boafted institution of juries, as managed in England, was productive of shameful perjury, and flagrant injustice. He observed, that traffic was an enemy to all the liberal paffions of the foul, founded on the thirst of lucre, a fordid disposition to take advantage of the necefficies of our fellow-creatures. --- He affirmed the nature of commerce was fuch, that it could not be fixed or perpetuated, but, having flowed to a certain height. would immediately begin to ebb, and fo continue till the channels should be left almost dry; but there was no instance of the tide's rifing a second time to any confiderable influx in the fame nation, Mean while the fudden affluence occasioned by trade forced open all the fluices of luxury and overflowed the land with every fpecies of profligacy and corruption; a total pravity of manners would enfue, and this

must be attended with bankruptcy and ruin. He observed of the parliament, that the practice of buying boroughs, and canvaffing for votes, was an avowed fystem of venality, already established on the ruins of principle, integrity, faith, and good order, in confequence of which the elected and the elector, and in short, the whole body of the people, were equally and univerfally contaminated and corrupted. He affirmed that of a parliament thus constituted, the crown would always have influence enough to fecure a great majority in its dependence, from the great number of posts, places, and penfions it had to beflow; that fuch a parliament would (as it had already done) lengthen the term of its fitting and authority, whenever the prince should think it for his interest to continue the representatives; for, without doubt, they had the same right to protract their authority ad infinitum, as they had to extend it from three to feven years.-With a parliament, therefore, dependent upon the crown, devoted to the prince, and supported by a standing army, garbled and modelled for the purpose, any king of England may, and probably some am-bitious sovereign will, totally overthrow Vol. II.

all the bulwarks of the constitution; for it is not to be supposed that a prince of a high fpirit will tamely fubmit to be thwarted in all his measures, abused and infulted by a populace of unbridled feroeity, when he has it in his power to crush all opposition under his feet with the concurrence of the legislature. He faid, he fhould always confider the liberty of the press as a national evil, while it enabled the vileft reptile to foil the luftre of the most shining merit, and furnished the most infamous incendiary with the means of diffurbing the peace and destroying the good order of the community. He owned, however, that, under due restrictions, it would be a valuable privilege; but affirmed, that at present there was no law in England fufficient to restrain it within proper bounds.

With respect to juries, he expressed himself to this effect: — Juries are generally composed of illiterate plebeians, apt to be mistaken, easily missed, and open to sinister influence; for if either of the parties to be tried, can gain over one of the twelve jurors, he has secured the verdict in his favour; the juryman thus brought over will, in despight of all evidence and conviction, generally hold out

till his fellows are fatigued, and harraffed, and starved into concurrence; in which case the verdict is unjust, and the jurors are all perjured: but cases will often occur, when the jurors are really divided in opinion, and each fide is convinced in opposition to the other; but no verdict will be received, unless they are unanimous, and they are all bound not only in conscience, but by oath, to judge and declare according to their conviction .- What then will be the confequence?-They must either starve in company, or one side must facrifice their conscience to their convenience, and join in a verdict which they believe to be falfe. This abfurdity is avoided in Sweden, where a bare majority is sufficient; and in Scotland, where two thirds of the jury are required to concur in the verdict.

You must not imagine that all these deductions were made on his part, without contradiction on mine. - No-the truth is, I found myfelf piqued in point of honour, at his pretending to be fo much wifer than his neighbours .- I questioned all his affertions, started innumerable objections, argued and wrangled with uncommon perseverance, and grew very warm, and even violent, in the debate.-

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Sometimes he was puzzled, and once or twice, I think, fairly refuted; but from those falls he rose again, like Antæus, with redoubled vigour, till at length I was tired, exhausted, and really did not know how to proceed, when luckily be dropped a hint, by which he discovered he had been bred to the law; a confession which enabled me to retire from the dispute with a good grace, as it could not be supposed that a man like me, who had been bred to nothing, should be able to cope with a veteran in his own profession. I believe, however, that I shall for some time continue to chew the cud of reflection upon many observations which this original discharged.

Whether our fifter Tabby was really fluck with his conversation, or is resolved to throw at every thing she meets in the shape of a man, till she can fasten the matrimonial noose, certain it is, she has taken desperate strides towards the affection of Lismahago, who cannot be said to have met her half way, though he does not feem altogether insensible to her civilities.—She infinuated more than once how happy we should be to have his company through that part of Scotland which we proposed to visit, till at length he plainly told

told us, that his road was totally different from that which we intended to take; that, for his part, his company would be of very little service to us in our progress, as he was utterly unacquainted with the country, which he had left in his early youth, confequently, he could neither direct us in our inquiries, nor introduce us to any family of distinction. He said, he was stimulated by an irrefistible impulse to revifit the paternus lar, of patria domus, though he expected little fatisfaction, inasmuch as he understood that his nephew, the prefent possessor, was but ill qualified to support the honour of the family.-He affured us, however, as we defign to return by the west road, that he would watch our motions, and endeavour to pay his respects to us a Dumfries .- Accordingly he took his leave of us at a place half way betwixt Morpeth and Alnwick, and pranced away in great state, mounted on a tall, meagre, raw-boned, shambling grey gelding, without e'er a tooth in his head, the very counter-part of the rider; and, indeed, the appearance of the two was fo picturefque, that I would give twenty guineas to have them tolerably represented on canvas.

K 3.

Nor-

Northumberland is a fine county, extending to the Tweed, which is a pleafant paftoral stream; but you will be surprised when I tell you that the English fide of that river is neither fo well cultivated nor fo populous as the other .- The farms are thinly scattered, the lands uninclosed, and fcarce a gentleman's feat is to be feen in fome miles from the Tweed; whereas the Scots are advanced in crowds to the very brink of the river, fo that you may reckon above thirty good houses, in the compass of a few miles, belonging to proprietors whose ancestors had fortified caftles, in the same fituations, a circumstance that flews what dangerous neighbours the Scots must have formerly been to the northern counties of England.

Our domeflic economy continues on the old footing.—My fifter Tabby fill adheres to methodifin, and had the benefit of a fermon at Wefley's meeting in Newcaffle; but I believe the paffion of love has in fome meafure abated the fervour of devotion both in her and her woman, Mrs. Jenkins, about whose good graces there has been a violent contest betwirt my nephew's valet, Mr. Dutton, and my man, 'Humphry Clinker.—Jery has been

been obliged to interpole his authority to keep the peace; and to him I have left the discussion of that important affair, which had like to have kindled the flames of discord in the family of

Yours always,

Tweedmouth, July 15. MATT. BRAMBLE.

To Sir Warkin Phillips, Bart. at Oxon.

DEAR WAT,

1N my two last you had so much of Lismahago, that I suppose you are glad he is gone off the stage for the present.— I must now descend to domestic occurrences.—Love, it seems, is resolved to assert his dominion over all the semales of our family.—After having practised upon poor Liddy's heart, and played firange vagaries with our aunt Mrs. Tabitha, he began to run riot in the affectives.

tions of her woman Mrs. Winifred Jenkins, whom I have had occasion to mention more than once in the course of our memoirs. Nature intended Jenkins for fomething very different for the character of her mistres; yet custom and habit have effected a wonderful refemblance. betwixt them in many particulars. Win, to be fure, is much younger, and more agreeable in her person; the is likewise tender-hearted and benevolent, qualities for which her miftress is by no means remarkable, no more than the is for being of a timorous disposition, and much subject to fits of the mother, which are the infirmities of Win's constitution; but then she feems to have adopted Mrs. Tabby's manner with her cast cloaths .- She dreffes and endeavours to look like her mistress, although her own looks are much more engaging,-She enters into her scheme of economy, learns her phrases, repeats her remarks, imitates her style in scolding the inferior servants, and finally, subscribes implicitly to her system of devotion .- This, indeed, fhe found the more agreeable, as it was in a great meafure introduced and confirmed by the miniftry of Clinker, with whose personal merit

merit she feems to have been struck ever fince he exhibited the pattern of his naked

skin at Marlborough.

Nevertheless, though Humphry had this double hank upon her inclinations, and exerted all his power to maintain the conquest he had made, he found it impossible to guard it on the fide of vanity, where poor Win was as frail as any female in the kingdom. In fhort, my rafcal Dutton professed himself her admirer, and, by dint of his outlandish qualifications, threw his rival Clinker out of the faddle of her heart. Humphry may be compared to an English pudding, composed of good wholesome flour and suet, and Dutton to a fyllabub or iced froth, which, though agreeable to the tafte, has nothing folid or fubstantial. The traitor not only dazzled her with his fecond-hand finery, but he fawned, and flattered, and cringed -he taught her to take rappee, and prefented her with a fnuff-box of papier maché-he supplied her with a powder for her teeth-he mended her complexion, and dreffed her hair in the Paris fashion -he undertook to be her French mafter and her dancing-mafter, as well as frifeur, and thus imperceptibly wound himself into her good graces. Clinker perceived the K 5

the progress he had made, and repined in fecret .- He attempted to open her eves in the way of exhortation, and finding it produced no effect, had recourse to prayer, At Newcastle, while he attended Mrs. Tabby to the methodist meeting, his rival accompanied Mrs. Jenkins to the play. He was dreffed in a filk coat, made at Paris for his former mafter, with a tawdry waiftcoat of tarnished brocard: he wore his hair in a great bag with a huge folitaire, and a long fword dangled from his thigh. The lady was all of a flutter with faded lutestring, washed gauze, and ribbons three times refreshed; but she was most remarkable for the frizure of her head, which rose, like a pyramid, seven inches above the fealp, and her face was primed and patched from the chin up to the eyes; nay, the gallant himfelf had fpared neither red nor white in improving the nature of his own complexion. In this attire, they walked together through the High-street to the theatre, and as they paffed for players ready dreffed for acting, they reached it unmolested; but as it was still light when they returned, and by that time the people had got information of their real character and condition, they hissed and hooted all the way, and Mrs.

HUMPHRY CLINKER: 203;

Mrs. Jenkins was all befpattered with dirt, as well as infulted with the opprobious name of painted Jezabel, to that her fright and mortification threw her into anhyteric fit the moment she came home.

Clinker was fo incenfed at Dutton. whom he confidered as the cause of her difgrace, that he upbraided him feverely for having turned the poor young woman's brain. The other affected to treat him with contempt, and mistaking his forbearance for want of courage, threatened to horse-whip him into good manners. Humphry then came to me, humbly beging I would give him leave to chaftife my fervant for his infolence-" He has " challenged me to fight him at fword's " point (faid he); but I might as well " challenge him to make a horse-shoe, " or a plough-iron; for I know no more of the one than he does of the other .se Befides, it doth not become fervants to " use those weapons, or to claim the pri-" vilege of gentlemen to kill one another when they fall out; moreover, I would on not have his blood upon my conscience " for ten thousand times the profit or fat "tisfaction I should get by his death, "but if your honour won't be angry,
"I'll engage to gee en a good drubbing,
K. 6. "that

"that may hap will do 'en fervice, and "I'll take care it shall do 'en no harm." I said, I had no objection to what he proposed, provided he could manage matters so as not to be found the aggressor, in case Dutton should prosecute him for an

affault and battery.

Thus licensed, he retired; and that fame evening eafily provoked his rival to ffrike the first blow, which Clinker returned with fuch interest that he was obliged to call for quarter, declaring, at the fame time, that he would exact fevere and bloody fatisfaction the moment we should pass the border, when he could run him through the body without fear of the consequence. This scene passed in presence of lieutenant Lismahago, who encouraged Clinker to hazard a thrust of cold iron with his antagonist. "Cold " iron (cried Humphry) I shall never use " against the life of any human creature; " but I am fo far from being afraid of " his cold iron, that I shall use nothing " in my defence but a good cudgel, which " fhall always be at his fervice." In the mean time the fair cause of this contest, Mrs. Winifred Jenkins, feemed overwhelmed with affliction, and Mr. Clinker acted much on the referve, though h did

did not presume to find fault with her conduct.

The dispute between the two rivals was foon brought to a very unexpected iffue. Among our fellow-lodgers at Berwick, was a couple from London, bound to Edinburgh, on the voyage of matrimony. The female was the daughter and heirefs of a pawn-broker deceafed, who had given her guardians the flip, and put herfelf under the tuition of a tall Hibernian, who had conducted her thus far in quest of a clergyman to unite them in marriage, without the formalities required by the law of England. I know not how the lover had behaved on the road. fo as to decline in the favour of his innamorata; but in all probability, Dutton perceived a coldness on her fide, which encouraged him to whisper, it was a pity the should have cast her affections upon a taylor, which he affirmed the Irishman to be. This discovery completed her difguft, of which my man taking the advantage, began to recommend himself to her good graces, and the fmooth-tongued rafcal found no difficulty to infinuate himfelf into the place of her heart, from which the other had been discarded-Their refolution was immediately taken. morning

morning, before day, while poor Teague lay fnoring a bed, his indefatigable rival ordered a port-chaife, and fet out with the lady for Coldstream, a few miles up the Tweed, where there was a parfon who dealt in this branch of commerce, and there they were noofed, before the Irifhman ever dreamt of the matter. But when he got up at fix o'clock, and found the bird was flown, he made fuch a noise as alarmed the whole house. One of the first persons he encountered, was the postilion returned from Coldstream, where he had been witness to the marriage, and over and above a handsome gratuity, had received a bride's favour, which he now wore in his cap-When the forfaken lover understood they were actually married, and fet out for London; and that Dutfon had discovered to the lady, that he (the Hibernian) was a taylor, he had like to have run distracted. He tore the ribbon from the fellow's cap, and beat it about his ears. He fwore he would purfue him to the gates of hell, and ordered a post-chaife and four to be got ready as foon as possible; but, recollecting that his finances would not admit of this way of travelling, he was obliged to countermand. this order.

For

For my part I knew nothing at all of what had happened, till the postilion brought me the keys of my trunk, and portmanteau, which he had received from Dutton, who fent me his respects, hoping I would excuse him for his abrupt departure, as it was a step upon which his fortune depended-Before I had time to make my uncle acquainted with this event, the Irishman burst into my chamber. without any introduction, exclaiming-"By my foul, your farvant has robbed " me of five thousand pounds, and I'll "have fatisfaction, if I should be hanged to-morrow.—" When I asked him who he was, "My name (faid "he) is Master Macloughlin-but it " fhould be Leighlin O' Neale, for I am " come from Ter-Owen the Great; and " fo I am as a good a gentleman as any in " Ireland; and that rogue, your farvant, " faid I was a taylor, which was as big a " lie as if he had called me the pope-"I'm a man of fortune, and have spent " all I had; and so being in distress, Mr. " Coshgrave, the fashioner in Shuffolk-" freet, tuck me out, and made me his " own private shecretary: by the same " token, I was the last he bailed; for his " friends obliged him to tie himfelf up. 66 that

that he would bail no more above ten opounds; for why, becaafe as how, he " he could not refuse any body that asked. " and therefore in time would have rob-" bed himself of his whole fortune, and, " if he had lived long at that rate, must "have died bankrupt very foon—and fo I made my addresses to Miss Skinner, " a young lady of five thousand pounds " fortune, who agreed to take me for better nor worfe; and, to be fure, this-" day would have put me in poffession, if

it had not been for that rogue, your " farvant, who came like a tief, and ftole " away my property, and made her be-" lieve I was a taylor; and that she was

" going to marry the ninth part of a man: but the devil burn my foul, if ever I catch him on the mountains of Tullo-" ghobegly, if I don't fhew him that I'm

" nine times as good a man as he, or e'er

" a bug of his country."

When he had rung out his first alarm, I told him I was forry he had allowed himfelf to be so jockied; but it was no business of mine; and that the fellow who robbed him of his bride, had likewise robbed me of my fervant-" Didn't I tell you then " (cried he), that Rogue was his true "Christian name. -Oh if I had but one

"fair trust with him upon the fod, I'd give him leave to brag all the rest of his life.

My uncle hearing the noise, came in, and being informed of this adventure, began to comfort Mr. O' Neale for the lady's elopement; observing that he seemed to have had a lucky escape, that it was better she should elope before, than after marriage-The Hibernian was of a very different opinion. He faid, " if he had " been once married, she might have " eloped as foon as the pleafed; he would " have taken care that fhe should not " have carried her fortune along with her: "-Ah (faid he) fhe's a Judas Iscariot, and has betrayed me with a kifs; and, " like Judas, the carried the bag, and " has not left me money enough to bear " my expences back to London; and fo " as I'm come to this pass, and the rogue " that was the occasion of it has left you " without a farvant, you may put me in " his place; and by Jasus, it is the best " thing you can do .- " I begged to be excused, declaring I could put up with any inconvenience rather than treat as a footman the descendant of Tir-Owen the Great, I advised him to return to his friend, Mr. Cofgrave, and take his paffage

fage from Newcastle by sea, towards which I made him a small present, and he retired, feemingly resigned to his evil fortune. I have taken upon trial a Scotchman, called Archy MeAlpin, an old soldier, whose last master, a colonel, lately died at Berwick. The fellow is old and withered; but he has been recommended to me for his sidelity, by Mrs. Humphreys, a very good sort of a woman, who keeps the inn at Tweedmouth, and is much respected by all the travellers on this road.

Clinker, without doubt, thinks himfelf happy in the removal of a dangerous rival, and he is too good a Christian to repine at Dutton's fuccefs. Even Mrs. Jenkins will have reason to congratulate herfelf upon this event, when the cooly reflects upon the matter; for, howfoever the was forced from her poife for a feafon, by fnares laid for her vanity, Humphry is certainly the north-star to which the needle of her affection would have pointed at the long run. At prefent, the fame vanity is exceedingly mortified, upon finding herfelf abandoned by her new admirer, in favour of another innamorata. She received the news with a violent burk of laughter, which foon brought on a fit of crying; and this gave the finishing blow

blow to the patience of her mistres, which had held out beyond all expectation. She now opened all those sloodgates of reprehension, which had been shut so long. She not only reproached her with her levity and indiscretion, but attacked her on the score of religion, declaring roundly that she was in a state of apostacy and reprobation; and finally, threatened to fend her a packing at this extremity of the kingdom. All the family interceded for poor Winistred, not even excepting her slighted swain, Mr. Clinker, who, on his snees implored and obtained her pardon.

There was, however, another confideration that gave Mrs. Tabitha fome difturbance. At Newcastle, the servants had been informed by fome wag, that there was nothing to eat in Scotland, but oat-meal and sheep's-beads; and lieutenant Lifmahago being consulted, what he said ferved rather to confirm than to refute the report. Our aunt being apprifed of this circumstance, very gravely advised her brother to provide a fumpter horse with flore of hams, tongues, bread, bifcuit, and other articles for our sublistence, in the course of our perigrination; and Mr. Bramble as gravely replied that he would take the hint into confideration: but, find-

ing no fuch provision was made, the now revived the propofal, observing that there was a tolerable market at Berwick, where we might be supplied; and that my man's horse would ferve as a beast of burthen-The 'fquire, fhrugging up his shoulders, eyed her askance with a look of ineffable contempt; and, after fome pause. " Sifter (faid he), I can hardly per-"fuade myfelf you are ferious." She was fo little acquainted with the geography of the ifland, that she imagined we could not go to Scotland but by fea; and, after we had paffed through the town of Berwick, when he told her we were upon Scottish ground, she could hardly believe the affertion-If the truth must be told, the South Britons in general are woefully ignorant in this particular. What, between want of curiofity, and traditional farcafins, the effect of ancient animofity, the people at the other end of the island know as little of Scotland as of Japan.

If I had never been in Wales, I should have been more struck with the manifest difference in appearance betwixt the peafants and commonalty on different fides of the Tweed. The boors of Northumberland are lufty fellows, fresh complexioned, cleanly, and well clothed; but the

the labourers in Scotland are generally lank, lean, hard-featured, fallow, foiled, and fhabby, and their little pinched blue caps have a beggarly effect. The cattle are much in the fame flyle with their drivers, meagre, flunted, and ill equipt. When I talked to my uncle on this fubject, he faid, "Though all the Scottilh "hinds would not bear to be compared "with those of the rich counties of South Britain, they would stand very well in "competition with the peafants in France," Italy, and Savoy—not to mention the "mountaineers of Wales, and the red-"thanks of Ireland.

We entered Scotland by a frightful moor of fixteen miles, which promifes very little for the interior parts of the kingdom; but the prospect mended as we advanced. Passing through Dunbar, which is a neat little town, fituated on the sea-side, we lay at a country inn, where our entertainment far exceeded our expectation; but for this we cannot give the Scots credit, as the landlord is a native of England. Yesterday we dined at Haddington, which has been a place of some consideration, but is now gone to decay; and in the evening arrived at this metropolis, of which I can say very little. It

is very romantic, from its fituation on the declivity of a hill, having a fortified caftle at the top, and a royal palace at the bottom. The first thing that strikes the nose of a stranger, shall be nameless: but what first strikes the eye, is the unconscionable height of the houses, which generally rife to five, fix, feven, and eight flories, and, in fome places (as I am affured) to twelve. This manner of building, attended with numberless inconveniencies, must have been originally owing to want of room. Certain it is, the town feems to be full of people; but their looks, their language, and their customs, are fo different from ours, that I can hardly believe myself in Great-Britain.

The inn at which we put up (if it may be so called), was so filthy and difagreeable in all respects, that my uncle began to fret, and his gouty symptoms to recur—Recollecting, however, that he had a letter of recommendation to one-Mr. Mitchelson, a lawyer, he sent it by his servant, with a compliment, importing that he would wait upon him next day in person; but that gentleman visited us immediately, and insisted upon our going to his own house, until he could

provide lodgings for our accommodation. We gladly accepted of his invitation, and repaired to his house, where we were treated with equal elegance and hospitality, to the utter confusion of our aunt, whose prejudices, though beginning to give way, were not yet entirely removed. To day, by the affistance of our friend, we are fettled in convenient lodgings, up four pair of stairs, in the High-street, the fourth flory being, in this city, reckoned more genteel than the first, The air is, in all probability, the better; but it requires good lungs to breathe it at this diflance above the furface of the earth .-While I do remain above it, whether higher or lower, provided I breathe at all.

I shall ever be,

dear Phillips, yours,

July 18.

J. Melford.



To Dr. LEWIS.

DEAR LEWIS,

THAT part of Scotland contiguous to Berwick, nature feems to have intended as a barrier, between two hostile nations. It is a brown defert of confidere able extent, that produces nothing but heath and fern; and what rendered it the more dreary when we paffed, there was a thick fog that hindered us from feeing above twenty yards from the carriage-My fifter began to make wry faces, and use her smelling-bottle; Liddy looked blank, and Mrs. Jenkins dejected; but in a few hours these clouds were diffipated; the fea appeared upon our right, and on the left the mountains retired a little. leaving an agreeable plain betwixt them and the beach; but, what furprifed us all, this plain, to the extent of feveral miles, was covered with as fine wheat as ever I faw in the most fertile parts of South

South Britain.—This plentiful crop is raifed in the open field, without any inclosure, or other manure than the alga marina, or fea-weed, which abounds on this coaft; a circumfance which flews that the foil and climate are favourable; but that agriculture in this country is not yet brought to that perfection which it has attained in England. Inclosures would not only keep the grounds warm, and the feveral fields diffinct, but would also protect the crop from the high winds, which are fo frequent in this part of the ifland.

Dunbar is well fituated for trade, and has a curious bason, where ships of small burthen may be perfectly fecure; but there is little appearance of bufiness in the place-From thence, all the way to Edinburgh, there is a continual fucceffion of fine feats, belonging to noblemen and gentlemen; and as each is furrounded by its own parks and plantation, they produce a very pleafing effect in a country which lies otherwise open and exposed. At Dunbar there is a noble park, with a lodge, belonging to the Duke of Roxburgh, where Oliver Cromwell had his head-quarters, when Lefley, at the head of a Scotch army, took poffession Vol. II. L of

of the mountains in the neighbourhood, and hampered him in fuch a manner, that he would have been obliged to embark and get away by fea, had not the fanatacifin of the enemy forfeited the advantage which they had obtained by their general's conduct—Their ministers by exhortation, prayer, affurance, and prophecy, infligated them to go down and flay the Philiftines in Gilgal, and they quitted their ground accordingly, notwithstanding all that Lesley could do to restrain the maduels of their enthusiam

When Oliver faw them in motion, he exclaimed, "Praifed be the Lord, he "hath delivered them into the hands of "his fervant!" and ordered his troops to fing a pfalm of thankfgiving, while they advanced in order to the plain, where the Scots were routed with great flaughter.

In the neighbourhood of Haddington, there is a gentleman's house, in the building of which, and the improvements about it, he is faid to have expended forty thousand pounds: but I cannot say I was much pleased with either the architecture or the situation; though it has in front a pastoral stream, the banks of which are laid out in a very agreeable

man-

manner. I intended to pay my respects. to lord Elibank, whom I had the honour to know at London many years ago. He lives in this part of Lothian; but was gone to the North, on a vifit .- You have often heard me mention this nobleman, whom I have long revered for his humanity and univerfal intelligence, over and above the entertainment arising from the originality of his character. - At Muffelburgh, however, I had the good-fortune to drink tea with my old friend Mr. Cardonel; and at his house I met with Dr. C-, the parson of the parish, whose humour and conversation inflamed me with a defire of being better acquainted with his person -I am not at all surprised that these Scots make their way in every quarter of the globe.

This place is but four miles from Edinburgh, towards which we proceeded along the fea-shore, upon a firm bottom of smooth fand, which the tide had left uncovered in its retreat—Edinburgh, from this avenue, is not seen to much advantage—We had only an imperfect view of the castle and upper parts of the town, which varied incessantly according to the inflexions of the road, and exhibited the appearance of detached spires and

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turrets belonging to fome magnificent edifice in ruins. The palace of Holyrood-house stands on the left, as you enter the Canon-gate-This is a ffreet continued from hence to the gate called Nether-Bow, which is now taken away; fo that there is no interruption for a long mile from the bottom to the top of the hill on which the castle stands in a most imperial fituation-Confidering its fine pavement, its width, and the lofty houses on each fide, this would be undoubtedly one of the noblest streets in Europe, if an ugly mass of mean buildings, called the Lucken-Booths, had not thrust itself, by what accident I know not, into the middle of the way, like Middle-Row in Holborn. The city flands upon two hills, and the bottom between them; and, with all its defects, may very well pass for the capital of a moderate kingdom—It is full of people, and continually refounds with the noise of coaches, and other carriages, for luxury as well as commerce. As far as I can perceive, here is no want of provisions-The beef and mutton are as delicate here as in Wales; the fea af-fords plenty of good fish; the bread is remarkably fine; and the water is excellent, though I'm afraid not in fufficient

quan-

quantity to answer all the purposes of cleanliness and convenience; articles in which, it must be allowed, our fellow-subjects are a little defective-The water is brought in leaden pipes from a mountain in the neighbourhood, to a ciftern on the Caftle-hill, from whence it is distributed to public conduits in different parts of the city-From these it is carried in barrels, on the backs of male and female porters, up two, three, four, five, fix, feven, and eight pair of stairs, for the use of particular families-Every story is a complete house, occupied by a separate family; and the frair being common to them all, is generally left in a very filthy condition; a man must tread with great circumspection to get safe housed with unpolluted shoes-Nothing can form a stronger contrast, than the difference betwixt the outfide and infide of the door; for the good women of this metropolis are remarkably nice in the ornaments and propriety of their apartments, as if they were refolved to transfer the imputation from the individual to the public. You are no stranger to their method of difcharging all their impurities from their windows, at a certain hour of the night, as the custom is in Spain, Portugal, and L 3

fome parts of France and Italy—A practice to which I can by no means be reconciled; for notwithflanding all the care that is taken by their feavengers to remove this nuisance every morning by break of day, enough ftill remains to offend the eyes, as well as other organs of those whom use has not hardened against

all delicacy of fenfation.

The inhabitants feem infenfible to thefe impressions, and are apt to imagine the disgust that we avow is little better than affectation; but they ought to have fome compassion for strangers, who have not been used to this kind of sufferance; and confider, whether it may not be worth while to take fome pains to vindicate themselves from the reproach that, on this account they bear among their neighbours. As to the furprifing height of their houses, it is abfurd in many respects; but in one particular light I cannot view it without horror; that is, the dreadful fituation of all the families above, in case the common stair case should be rendered impassable by a fire in the lower stories-In order to prevent the shocking consequences that must attend such an accident, it would be a right measure to open doors of communication from one house to another, on every

every flory, by which the people might fly from such a terrible visitation. parts of the world, we fee the force of habit prevailing over all the dictates of convenience and fagacity—All the people of bufiness at Edinburgh, and even the genteel company, may be feen standing in crowds every day, from one to two in the afternoon, in the open street, at a place where formerly flood a marketcrofs, which (by the bye) was a curious piece of Gothic architecture, still to be feen in lord Somerville's garden in this neighbourhood-I fay, the people stand in the open street from the force of custom, rather than move a few yards to an Exchange that stands empty on one side, or to the Parliament-close on the other, which is a noble fquare, adorned with a fine equestrian statue of king Charles 11. -The company thus affembled, are entertained with a variety of tunes, played upon a fet of bells, fixed in a fleeple hardby-As these bells are well-toned, and the mufician, who has a falary from the city, for playing upon them with keys, is no bad performer, the entertainment is really agreeable, and very striking to the ears of a stranger.

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The public inns of Edinburgh, are still worse than those of London: but by means of a worthy gentleman, to whom I was recommended, we have got decent lodgings in the house of a widow gentlewoman, of the name of Lockhart; and here I shall stay until I have seen every thing that is remarkable in and about this capital. I now begin to feel the good effects of exercise-I eat like a farmer. fleep from midnight till eight in the morning without interruption, and enjoy a constant tide of spirits, equally distant from inanition and excess; but whatever ebbs or flows my conflicution may undergo, my heart will still declare that lam.

Dear Lewis,

Your affectionate friend and fervant,

Edr. July 18.

MATT. BRAMBLE,

To

To Mrs. MARY JONES, at Brambletonmeant by calling lish

DEAR MARY,

THE 'fquire has been fo kind as to rap my bit of nonfense under the kiver of his own sheet -O, Mary Jones! Mary Jones! I have had trials and trembulation. God help me! I have been a vixin and a griffin these many days-Sattin has had power to temp me in the shape of van Ditton, the young 'fquire's wally de fhamble; but by God's greafe he did not purvail-I thoft as how, there was no arm in going to a play at Newcastle, with my hair dreffed in the Parish fashion; and as for the trifle of paint, he fald as how my complexion wanted rouch, and fo I let him put it on with a little Spanish owl; but a mischievous mob of colliers, and fuch promiscous ribble rabble, that could bear no fmut but their own, attacked us in the street, and called me boar and painted Iffabel, and splashed my L 5 close,

close, and spoiled me a complete set of blond lace triple ruffles, not a pin the worse for the ware—They cost me seven good sillings to lady Griskin's woman at London.

When I axed Mr. Clinker what they meant by calling me Iffabel, he put the byebill into my hand, and I read of van Islabel a painted harlot, that vas thrown out of a vindore, and the dogs came and licked her blood-But I am no harlot; and, with God's bleffing, no dog shall have my poor blood to lick: marry, Heaven forbid, amen! As for Ditton, after all his courting, and his compliment, he stole away an Irishman's bride, and took a French leave of me and his mafter; but I value not his going a farting; but I have had hanger on his account-Miftress scoulded like mad; thof I have the comfit that all the family took my part, and even Mr. Clinker pleaded for me on his bended knee; thof, God he knows, he had reasons enuff to complain; but he's a good fole, abounding with Christian meekness, and one day will meet with his reward.

And now, dear Mary, we have got to Haddinborrough, among the Scots, who are civil enuff for our money, thof I

don't

don't speak their lingo-But they should not go for to impose upon foreigners; for the bills in their houses say, they have different easements to let; and behold there is nurro geaks in the whole kingdom, nor any thing for poor farvants, but a barrel with a pair of tongs thrown a-cros; and all the chairs in the family are emptied into this here barrel once aday; and at ten o'clock at night the whole cargo is flung out of a back windore that looks into some street or lane, and the maid calls gardy loo to the paffengers, which fignifies Lord have mercy upon you! and this is done every night in every house in Haddingborrough; so you may guess, Mary Jones, what a sweet savour comes from fuch a number of profuming pans; but they fay it is wholfome, and, truly, I believe it is; for being in the vapours, and thinking of Islabel and Mr. Clinker, I was going into a fit of aftericks, when this fiff, faving your prefence, took me by the nose so powerfully that I fneezed three times, and found myfelf wonderfully refreshed; and this to be fure is the raifin why there are no fits in Haddinborrough.

I was likewise made believe, that there was nothing to be had but oat-meal and

feeps-heads; but if I had'n't been a fool. I mought have known there could be no heads without kerkaffes-This very bleffed day I dined upon a delicate leg of Velfh mutton and cully-flower; and as for the oat-meal, I leave that to the farvants of the country, which are pore drudges, many of them without shoes or flockings-Mr. Clinker tells me here is a great call of the gospel; but I wish, I wish some of our family be not fallen off from the rite way-O, if I was given to tail-baring, I have my own fecrets to difcover-There has been a deal of huggling and flurtation betwixt mistress and an ould Scots officer, called Kifmycago. He looks for all the orld like the scarecrow that our gardener fet up to frite away the sparrows; and what will come of it, the Lord nows; but come what will, it shall never be said that I menchioned a fyllabub of the matter-Remember me kindly to Saul and the kitten-I hope they got the horn buck, and will put it to a good yuse, which is the constant prayer of.

Dear Molly,

your loving friend,

Addingborough, July 18. WIN. JENKINS.

To Sir WATKIN PHILLIPS, Bart. of Jefus college, Oxon.

DEAR PHILLIPS.

IF I flay much longer at Edinburgh, I shall be changed into a down-right Caledonian-My uncle observes, that I have already acquired something of the country accent. The people here are fo focial and attentive in their civilities to strangers, that I am infenfibly fucked into the channel of their manners and customs although they are in fact much more different from ours than you can imagine-That difference, however, which ftruck me very much at my first arrival, I now hardly perceive, and my ear is perfectly reconciled to the Scotch accent, which I find even agreeable in the mouth of a pretty woman-It is a fort of Doric dialect, which gives an idea of amiable fimplicity-You cannot imagine how we have been carreffed and feasted in the good town of Edinburgh, of which we are be-

become free denizens and guild brothers, by the special favour of the ma-

gistracy.

I had a whimfical commission from Bath, to a citizen of this metropolis-Quin understanding our intention to vifit Edinburgh, pulled out a guinea, and defired the favour I would drink it at a tavern, with a particular friend and bottle-companion of his, one Mr. R- C-, a lawyer of this city-I charged myself with the commission, and, taking the guinea, "You fee (faid I) I have pocket-"ed your bounty." "Yes (replied " Quin, laughing); and a head-ake inof to the bargain, if you drink fair." I made use of this introduction to Mr. C-, who received me with open arms, and gave me the rendezvous, according to the cartel. He had provided a company of joly fellows, among whom I found myfelf extremely happy; and did Mr. C- and Quin all the justice in my power; but, alas, I was no more than a tyro among a troop of veterans, who had compassion upon my youth, and conveyed me home in the morning, by what means I know not-Quin was mistaken, however, as to the head-ake; the claret was too good to treat me fo roughly.

While

While Mr. Bramble holds conferences with the graver literati of the place, and our females are entertained at vifits by the Scotch ladies, who are the best and kindest creatures upon earth, I pass my time among the bucks of Edinburgh; who, with a great share of spirit and vivacity, have a certain shrewdness and felf-command that is not often found among their neighbours, in the high-day of youth and exultation-Not a hint escapes a Scotchman that can be interpreted into offence by any individual in the company, and national reflections are never heard -In this particular, I must own, we are both unjust and ungrateful to the Scots; for, as far as am I able to judge, they have a real esteem for the natives of South-Britain; and never mention our country, but with expressions of regard-Nevertheless they are far from being fervile imitators of our modes and fashionable vices. All their customs and regulations of public and private œconomy, of bufiness and diversion, are in their own style. This remarkably predominates in their looks, their drefs, and manner, their music, and even their cookery. Our 'squire declares, that he knows not another people upon earth, fo frongly marked

marked with a national character-Now we are upon the article of cookery. I must own, some of their dishes are sayoury, and even delicate; but I am not yet Scotchman enough to relish their finged fheep's-head and haggice, which were provided at our request, one day at Mr. Mitchelfon's, where we dined-The first put me in mind of the history of Congo. in which I had read of Negroe's heads fold publicly in the markets; the last, being a mess of minced lights, livers, fuet, oatmeal, onions, and pepper, inclosed in a theep's stomach, had a very fudden effect upon mine, and the delicate Mrs. Tabby changed colour; when the cause of our difgust was instantaneously removed at the nod of our entertainer. The Scots, in general, are attached to this composition, with a fort of national fondness, as well as to their oat-meal bread; which is presented at every table, in thin triangular cakes, baked upon a plate of iron, called a girdle; and thefe, many of the natives, even in the higher ranks of life, prefer to wheaten-bread, which they have here in perfection-You know we used to vex poor Murray of Baliol-college, by asking, if there was really no fruit but turnips in Scotland ?- Sure enough, I R have

have feen turnips make their appearance, not as a defert, but by way of hers a awares, or whets, as radifles are ferved up betwirt more substantial dishes in France and Italy; but it must be observed, that the turnips of this country are as much superior in fweetness, delicacy, and flavour, to those of England, as a musk-melon is to the stock of a common cabbage. They are fmall and conical, of a yellowish colour, with a very thin skin; and over and above their agreeable tafte. are valuable for their antifcorbutic quality-As to the fruit now in feafon, fuch as cherries, goofeberries, and currants, there is no want of them at Edinburgh; and in the gardens of fome gentlemen, who live in this neighbourhood, there is now a very favourable appearance of apricots, peaches, nectarines, and even grapes; nay, I have feen a very fine fhew of pine-apples within a few miles of this metropolis. Indeed we have no reason to be surprised at these particulars, when we confider how little difference there is, in fact, betwixt this climate and that of London.

All the remarkable places in the city and its avenues, for ten miles around, we have visited much to our fatisfaction. In

the Calle are fome royal apartments, where the fovereign oceasionally refided; and here are carefully preferved the regalia of the kingdom, confisting of a crown, faid to be of great value, a feeptre, and a fword of fate, adorned with jewels—Of these symbols of sovereignty, the people are exceedingly jealous—A report being spread, during the fitting of the union parliament, that they were removed to London, such a tunnult arose, that the lord commissioner would have been torn in pieces, if he had not produced them for the satisfaction of the populace.

The palace of Holyrood house is an elegant piece of architecture, but sunk in an obscure, and, as I take it, unwhole-some bottom, where one would imagine it had been placed on purpose to be concealed. The apartments are lofty, but unfurnished; and as for the pictures of the Scottish kings, from Feigus I. to king William, they are paultry daubings, mostly by the same hand, painted either from the imagination, or porters hired to fit for the purpose. All the diversions of London we enjoy at Edinburgh, in a simal compass. Here is a well conducted concert, in which several gentlemen

perform on different inftruments—The Scots are all muficians—Every man you meet plays on the flute, the violin, or violoncello; and there is one nobleman, whose compositions are universally admired—Our company of actors is very tolerable; and a subscription is now on foot for building a new theatre; but their assemblies please me above all other pub-

lic exhibitions.

We have been at the hunter's ball, where I was really aftonished to see such a number of fine women-The English, who have never croffed the Tweed, imagine erroneously, that the Scotch ladies, are not remarkable for personal attractions; but, I can declare with a fafe confcience, I never faw fo many handsome females together, as were affembled on this occasion. At the Leith races, the best company comes hither from the remoter provinces; fo that, I suppose, we had all the beauty of the kingdom concentrated as it were into one focus; which was indeed fo vehement, that my heart could hardly refift its power-Between friends, it has fustained some damage from the bright eyes of the charming mis R-n, whom I had the honour to dance with at the ball-The coun-

the counters of Melvile atracted all eyes, and the admiration of all prefent—She was accompanied by the agreeable miss Grieve, who made many conquefts; nor did my fifter Liddy pass unnoticed in the affembly—She is become a toast at Edinburgh, by the name of the fair Cambrian, and has already been the occasion of much wine-shed; but the poor girl met with an accident at the ball, which

has given us great disturbance.

A young gentleman, the express image of that rascal Wilson, went up to ask her to dance a minuet; and his fudden appearance shocked her so much, that she fainted away-I call Wilson a rascal, because, if he had been really a gentleman, with honourable intentions, he would have, ere now, appeared in his own character-I must own, my blood boils with indignation when I think of that fellow's presumption; and Heaven confound me if I don't -But I won't be fo womanish as to rail-Time will, perhaps, furnish occafion-Thank God, the cause of Liddy's diforder remains a fecret. The lady directress of the ball, thinking she was overcome by the heat of the place, had her conveyed to another room, where the foon recovered fo well, as to return and

and join in the country dances, in which the Scotch laffes acquit themselves with fuch spirit and agility, as put their partners to the height of their mettle-I believe our aunt, Mrs. Tabitha, had entained hopes of being able to do fome execution among the cavaliers at this affembly-She had been feveral days in confultation with milliners and mantuamakers, preparing for the occasion, at which she made her appearance in a full fuit of damask, so thick and heavy, that the fight of it alone, at this feafon of the year, was fufficient to draw drops of sweat from any man of ordinary imagination-She danced one minuet with our friend, Mr. Mitchelfon, who favoured her so far, in the spirit of hospitality and politeness; and the was called out a fecond time by the young laird of Ballymawhawple, who, coming in by accident, could not readily find any other partner; but as the first was a married man, and the fecond payed no particular homage to her charms, which were also over-looked by the rest of the company, she became diffatisfied and cenforious-At fupper, she observed that the Scotch gentlemen made a very good figure, when they were a little improved by travelling; and therefore it was

was pity they did not all take the benefit of going abroad-She faid the women were aukward, masculine creatures; that, in dancing, they lifted their legs like fo many colts: that they had no idea of graceful motion, and put on their cloaths in a frightful manner: but if the truth must be told, Tabby herself was the most ridiculous figure, and the worst dreffed of the whole affembly-The neglect of the male fex rendered her malcontent and peevish; she now found fault with every thing at Edinburgh, and teized her brother to leave the place, when she was fuddenly reconciled to it on a religious confideration-There is a fect of fanatics, who have feparated themselves from the established kirk, under the name of Seceders-They acknowledge no earthly head of the church, reject lay-patronage, and maintain the methodist doctrines of the new birth, the new light, the efficacy of grace, the infufficiency of works. and the operations of the spirit. Mrs. Tabitha, attended by Humphry Clinker, was introduced to one of their conventicles, where they both received much edification; and fhe has had the good fortune to come acquainted with a pious Christian, called Mr. Mosfat, who is very

powerful in prayer, and often affifts her

in private exercises of devotion.

I never faw fuch a concourse of genteel company at any races in England, as appeared on the course of Leith-Hard by, in the fields called the Links, the citizens of Edinburgh divert themselves at a game called golf, in which they use a curious kind of bats, tipt with horn, and finall elastic balls of leather, stuffed with feathers, rather less than tennis balls, but of a much harder confishence -This they strike with such force and dexterity from one hole to another, that they will fly to an incredible distance. Of this diversion the Scots are so fond, that when the weather will permit, you may fee a multitude of all ranks, from the fenator of justice to the lowest tradesmen, mingled together in their shirts, and following the balls with the utmost eagernefs-Among others I was fhewn one particular fet of golfers, the youngest of whom was turned of fourfcore-They were all gentlemen of independent fortunes, who had amused themselves with this passime for the best part of a century, without having ever felt the least alarm from fickness or disgust; and they never went to bed, without having each the

the best part of a gallon of claret in his belly. Such uninterrupted exercise, cooperating with the keen air from the sea, must, without all doubt, keep the appetite always on edge, and steel the constitution against all the common at-

tacks of diftemper.

The Leith races gave occasion to another entertainment of a very fingular nature-There is at Edinburgh a fociety or corporation of errand-boys, called cawdies, who ply in the streets at night with paper lanthorns, and are very ferviceable in carrying meffages-Thefe fellows, though shabby in their appearance, and rudely familiar in their address, are wonderfully acute, and fo noted for fidelity, that there is no inflance of a cawdy's having betrayed his trust-Such is their intelligence, that they know, not only every individual of the place, but also every stranger, by that time he has been four and twenty hours in Edinburgh; and no transaction, even the most private, can escape their notice - They are particularly famous for their dexterity in executing one of the functions of Mercury; though, for my own part, I never employed them in this department of bufiness-Had I occafion for any fervice of this nature, my OWD

own man Archy M'Alpine, is as well qualified as e'er a cawdie in Edinburgh; and I am much mistaken, if he has not been heretofore of their fraternity. Be that as it may, they refolved to give a dinner and a ball at Leith, to which they formally invited all the young noblemen and gentlemen that were at the races: and this invitation was reinforced by an affurance that all the celebrated ladies of pleasure would grace the entertainment with their company .- I received a card on this occasion, and went thither with half a dozen of my acquaintance. - In a large hall the cloth was laid on a long range of tables joined together, and here the company feated themselves, to the number of about fourfcore, lords, and lairds, and other gentlemen, courtezans and cawdies mingled together, as the flaves and their mafters were in the time of the Saturnalia in ancient Rome. - The toastmaster, who fat at the upper end, was one Cawdie Fraser, a veteran pimp, diftinguished for his humour and fagacity, well known and much respected in his profession by all the guests, male and female, that were here affembled.-He had bespoke the dinner and the wine: he had Vol. II. M taken

taken care that all his brethren should appear in decent apparel and clean linen; and he himself wore a periwig with three tails, in honour of the festival .- I affure you the banquet was both elegant and plentiful, and feafoned with a thousand fallies, that promoted a general spirit of mirth and good humour .- After the defert, Mr. Fraser proposed the following toafts, which I don't pretend to explain. "The best in Christendom,"-" Gibb's " contract." - " The beggar's bennifon." -"King and kirk."-" Great-Britain "and Ireland." Then filling a bumper, and turning to me, "Meffer "Malford (faid he), may a' unkindness cease betwixt John Bull and his fister " Moggy."-The next person he fingled out, was a nobleman who had been long abroad - " Ma lord (cried Frafer), se here's a bumper to all those noblemen " who have virtue enough to fpend their " rents in their ain countray."-He afterwards addressed himself to a member of parliament in these words :- " Mester " -I'm fure ye'll ha nae objection to my "drinking, Difgrace and dule to ilka Scot, that fells his confcience and his " vote."-He discharged a third sarcasm at

at a person very gaily dressed, who had rifen from fmall beginnings, and made a confiderable fortune at play. - Filling his glass, and calling him by name, " Lang " life (faid he) to the wylie loon that " gangs a-field with a toom poke at his " lunzie, and comes hame with a fack-" full of filler." All these toasts being received with loud burfts of applause, Mr. Fraser called for pint glasses, and filled his own to the brim : then flanding up, and all his brethren following his example, "Ma lords and gentlemen (cried " he), here is a cup of thanks for the " great and undeferved honour you have "done your poor errand-boys this day." -So faying, he and they drank off their glaffes in a trice, and, quitting their feats, took their station each behind one of the other guests; exclaiming, " Noo we're " your honours cawdies again."

The nobleman who had bore the first brunt of Mr. Fraser's satire, objected to his abdication. He said, as the company was assembled by invitation from the cawdies, he expected they were to be entertained at their expense. "By no "means, my lord (cried Fraser), I wad "na be guilty of sic presumption for the

"wide warld—I never affronted a gen"tleman fince I was born; and fure at
"this age, I wonnot offer an indignity to
"fic an honourable convention." "Well
"(faid his lordhip), as you have expend"ed fome wit, you have a right to fave
"your money. You have given me good
"counfel, and I take it in good part. As"you have voluntarily quitted your feat,
"I will take your place with the leave of
"the good company, and think myelf"
"happy to be hailed Father of, the Feaf."
He was forthwith elected into the chair,
and complimented in a bumper in his
new character.

The claret continued to circulate without interruption, till the glaffes feemed to dance upon the table, and this, perhaps, was a hint to the ladies to call for mufic—At eight in the evening the ball began in another apartment: at midnight we went to supper, but it was broad day before. I found the way to my lodgings; and, no doubt, his lordship had a swinging bill to discharge.

In fhort, I have lived fo riotoully for fome weeks, that my uncle begins to be alarmed on the fcore of my conflitution, and very ferioully observes, that all his.

own

own infirmities are owing to such excesses indulged in his youth—Mrs. Tabitha says. it would be more for the advantage of my foul as well as body, if instead of frequenting these scenes of debauchery, I would accompany Mr. Moffat and her to hear a fermon of the reverend Mr. M'Corkindale,-Clinker often exhorts me, with a groan, to take care of my precious health; and even Archy M'Alpine, when he happens to be overtaken (which is oftener the case than I could wish), reads me a long lecture upon temperance and fobriety; and is fo very wifeand sententious, that, if I could provide him with a professor's chair, I would willingly give up the benefit of his admonitions and fervice together; for I was tutor-fick at alma mater.

I am not, however, so much engrossed by the gaines of Edinburgh, but that I find time to make parties in the samily way.—We have not only seen all the villas and villages within ten miles of the capital, but we have also crossed the Firth, which is an arm of the sea seven miles broad, that divides Lothian from the shire, or, as the Scots call it, the kingdom of Fise. There is a number of M 3 large

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large open sea-boats that ply on this pasfage from Leith to Kinghorn, which is a borough on the other fide. In one of these our whole family embarked three days ago, excepting my fifter, who, being exceedingly fearful of the water, was left to the care of Mrs. Mitchelfon. We had an easy and quick passage into Fife, where we vifited a number of poor towns on the fea-fide, including St. Andrews, which is the skeleton of a venerable city; but we were much better pleafed with fome noble and elegant feats and castles, of which there is a great number in that part of Scotland. Yesterday we took boat again on our return to Leith, with fair wind and agreeable weather; but we had not advanced half-way when the fky was fuddenly overcast, and the wind changing, blew directly in our teeth; fo that we were obliged to turn, or tack the rest of the way. In a word, the gale increased to a ftorm of wind and rain, attended with fuch a fog, that we could not fee the town of Leith, to which we were bound, nor even the castle of Edinburgh, notwithstanding its high situation, to be doubted but that we were all alarmed on this occasion. And at the same time,

time, most of the passengers were seized with a nausea that produced violent retchings. My aunt defired her brother to order the boatmen to put back to Kinghorn, and this expedient he actually proposed; but they affured him there was no danger. Mrs. Tabitha finding them obstinate, began to foold, and infisted upon my uncle's exerting his authority as a justice of the peace. Sick and peevish as he was, he could not help laughing at this wife proposal, telling her, that his commiffion did not extend fo far, and, if it did, he should let the people take their own way; for he thought it would be great prefumption in him to direct them in the exercise of their own profession. Mrs. Winifred Jenkins made a general clearance with the affistance of Mr. Humphry Clinker, who joined her both in prayer and ejaculation .- As he took it for granted that we should not be long in this world, he offered fome spiritual consolation to Mrs. Tabitha, who rejected it with great disgust, bidding him keep his fermons for those who had leifure to hear fuch nonfenfe .- My uncle fat recollected in himself, without speaking; my man Archy, had recourse to a brandy-bottle, with which he made fo free, that I imagined

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gined he had fworn to die of drinking any thing rather than fea-water: but the brandy had no more effect upon him in the way of intoxication, than if it had been fea-water in good earnest .- As for myfelf. I was too much engroffed by the fickness at my flomach, to think of any thing elfe .- Meanwhile the fea fwelled mountains high, the boat pitched with fuch violence, as if it had been going to pieces; the cordage rattled, the wind roared; the lightning flashed, the thunder bellowed, and the rain descended in a deluge-Every time the veffel was put about, we ship'd a fea that drenched us all to the fkin .- When, by dint of turning, we thought to have cleared the pier head, we were driven to leeward, and then the boatmen themselves began to fear that the tide would fail before we should fetch up our lee way : the next trip, however brought us into fmooth water, and we were fafely landed on the quay, about one o'clock in the afternoon. -" To be fere (cried Tabby, when she " found herself on terra firma), we must all have perifhed, if we had not been "the particular care of Providence."-"Yes (replied my uncle), but I am much " of the honest highlander's mind-af-

"ter he had made fuch a paffage as this:
"his friend told him he was much in"debted to Providence;—"Certainly
"(faid Donald), but, by my faul, mon,
"I'fe ne'er trouble Providence again, fo

"I's ne'er trouble Providence again, to
low long as the brig of Stirling stands."
You must know the brig, or bridge of Stirling, stands above twenty miles up the river Forth, of which this is the outlet—
I don't find that our 'squire has suffered in his health from this adventure; but poor Liddy is in a peaking way—I'm afraid this unfortunate girl is uneasy inher mind; and this apprehension distracts me, for she is really an amiable creature.

We shall set out to-morrow or next day for Stirling and Glasgow; and we propose to penetrate a little way into the Highlands, before we turn our course to the southward—In the mean time, commend me to all our friends round Carsax,

and believe me to be, ever yours,

Edinburgh, Aug. 8.

J. MELFORD.

END OF THE SECOND VOLUME.

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